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IPATION

the entire system nany diseases that their aspect, and ous to health and of a costive habit melancholy feele, low spirits, time memory, gloomy nervousness, fevdrowsiness, irritaindisposition, and quent symptoms unfits the sufferer or agreeable asso-

Habit of Body rect the evils enumand nothing sucin achieving and his condition as



t only is the system leansed of all impuriequence of the harmois created, there perorganism a feeling of atal faculties perform ith renewed vivacity, exhilaration of mind, ht, and perfect heart's

IIT LAXATIVE will ble value to the weak f both sexes. In all mental, and physical t about by stoppages, cially valuable. The purating properties of reate changes that are not gratifying; murky, ow complexions, with scolorations about the that are allied to bilon, and ill-health), are mally corrected and bright and clear comh the ruddy tints of

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The Chicago Paily Tribune.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1880-TEN PAGES.

VOLUME XL.

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Fur-lined Circulars and Dolmans, made from the best Gros Grain Silk, Satin de Lyon, Sicilienne, and Satin de Soielile, elegantly trimmed with pointed Beaver. Elegant and new styles, not shown heretofore in this market. I am also offering 5,000 yards of Fur Trimming, in all widths, cut from Black and Silver Coney. Black Lynx, natural and dyed Beaver, pains or silver-tipped Black and Silver Fox, snow-sake and real Chinohills, Black Marten, Tiger, and Sea Otter Skins. A discount allowed to Dress and Cloak Makers. Mars and Boas of every description, Ladies' and Genta' Seal Caps and Gloves, latest styles. Goods sent to any part of the country.

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DISSOLUTION. The Parinership heretofore existing under the firm take of Furcell & Conner is dissolved this day by Jos. PURCELL.
THOS. V. CONNER.

The undersigned will continue in the Coffee Broker the Business at 28 Michigan-av. Chicago, Oct. 1, 1880. T. V. CONNER. DISSOLUTION.

Public notice is hereby given that the firm of Thomson, Gue & Co., composed of Henry Thomson, George it. fole, and E. A. Sprogle, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

HENRY THOMSON, GEORGE H. COLE,

Dated Chicago, Nov. & 1880. E. A. SPROGLE. COPARTNERSHIP.

COPARTNERSHIP.

To of Thomson, Harris & Co., composed of thomson. William H. Harris, and E. A. will succeed the late firm of Thomson, Cole will assets of the late firm of Thomson, Cole & HENRY THOMSON.

WILLIAM H. HARRIS, icago, Nov. 5, 1880. E. A. SPROGLE.

CELLULOID GOODS. CELLULOID (Water-proof Lines) Cuffs, Collars, & Bosoms. Price Lists and Goods sent by mail. Caller address BARNES' Hat Store, 86 Madison-st. (Tribune Building).

GOODS!

We are daily receiving FRESH NOV-ELTIES in this department, and are at all times prepared to show the largest and most choice assortment in the mar-ket. In our

TRIMMING DEPARTMENT We have the very best ARTISTS to be found in America or Europe.

Black French Tips, 50, 60, 75c, to \$5. Colored and Shaded Tips in entirely new shad-ings, line goods, \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50 to \$10. Long Black French Plumes, \$2, \$2.50 to \$12. Long Colored and Shaded Plumes in elegant new designs, \$5 to \$12.

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elegant variety.

Silk Plush DERHY HATS, \$2.

Good styles in Untrimmed FUR FELT HATS
and BONNETS, \$1.

FULL NAP REAVER HATS and BONNETS in all desirable colors.

ORNAMENTS and FANCY FEATHERS in great earliety.

great earlety.
We trim all styles HATS or BONNETS to order, and carry from 200 to 300 on hand ready trimmed to select from.
CHILDREN'S Trimmed and School HATS of SPECIALTY. Remember, our styles are guaranteed

the CORRECT THING, and our prices in

KID GLOVES.

We are agents for the FOSTER KID GLOVES, best in the world; no buttons to pull off or button-holes to tear out. Every pair fitted to the hand. 3 hooks, \$1.75; 5 hooks, \$2; 7 hooks, \$2.25; 10

hooks, \$2.75. All are invited to examine our stock.

HOTCHKIN, PALMER & CO 137 and 139 STATE-ST.

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LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRAC

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Passengers booked for London and Paris at lowest rates. Battee of passage from New York Lossouthampton, London, Havre, and Bremen, first cabin, \$100; second-class cabin, \$20; steenase, \$31. Return tickets at reduced rates. OELERICH'S & C.2. Bowling Green, N. Y. The steerage rate by the North German Lloyd from Bremen to Chicago is bill, and the only agents authorized to sell those tickets are

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DEVONIA, Nov. 12, 2 p m | ETHIOPIA, Nov. 27, noon
These stramers do not carry cattle, sheep, or pizs
New York to London direct.
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Cabins, £5 to \$30. Excursion Tickets at reduced rates.
Steerage, £8.
WINDERSON BROTHERS, 26 Washington-st.

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DANCING ACADEMIES. 55 Ada-st., 272 Chicago-av., Send for Circular.

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CENTRAL MUSIC-HALL, Room 33. French and German by the "Natural Mothod." Classes meet day and evening every day. At Park Institute, 183 Ash-land-av., on Mondays. Wed. and Frid., 2 to 3 p. m. Prof. H.COHN and Mone. LEONTINE ARNOT-COHN, Directors, Central Music-Hall. MADEMOISELLE TARDIVEL, 25 West Forty-sixth-st., New York, reopens Sept. 27. Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Chil-dren. Therough teaching; daily lectures; languages spoken within six months. Drawing and musical ad-vantages unsurpussed. Public examination for grad-

BOSTON SCHOOL OF ORATORY.

Full course TWO YEARS, three hours daily: shorter course, ONE YEAR. Term begins Oct. 7. Applications at 1 Somerset-st., Boston, any day after Oct. 1, from B to E a. m. For circulars apply to E a. m. For circulars apply to E. K. RAYMOND, Principal. M. M. DA SILVA & MRS. BRADFORD'S (FOR-merly Mrs. Ogden Hoffman's) English, French, and German Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children, it West Thirty-eighth-st., New York, will recopen Sept. 27. Application may be made by letter personally as above. WALTER C. LYMAN, ELOCUTIONIST, ROOM 3 Central Music-Hall. A. J. Cutler, Manager. Chainstructions Monday ev'es at 8. Private lessons daily

PEGPOSALS.

PROPOSALS.

Proposals for Mail Locks.

Proposals for Mail Locks.

Proposals for Mail Locks.

Proposals Wasfincton, D. C., det. 23, 183.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this bepartment until B o'clock noon on the 25th day of
January, 188i, for furnishing a new kind of mail locks
and keys, for the sole and exclusive use of the United
States through registered mails.

As the public exposure and scarching examination
necessary to intelligent bidding on any prescribed
model of a lock and key would tend to luniar, if not
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keys for the purposes of the mails, the PostmasterGeneral prescribes no model or sample for bidders,
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received the proposition of the conditions and requirements necifications of the conditions and requirements ting to proposals, samples, contract, etc., as well forms of proposals, will be furnished on application stater to the Second Assistant Postmaster-tien-No proposal will be considered unless it shall have been submitted in accordance with such specification and forms.

The contracts which may be made will be in conformity to the specifications; and the accepted proposal. But the right is, however, reserved to reject any and all of the proposals.

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retify that the Pianofortes of Mess Sons. Comprising Concert and Part and Upright, exhibited by them at 1 position at Philadelphia in 1876, proceedings and the providence of the process o E. FAYRE PERRET, GEO. F. BRISTOW, J. SCHIEDNAVER, JAS. C. WATSON, F. A. P. BARNARD,

Ratings certified to by the Judges.

The public is cautioned against tables of figures adver used by several unscrupulous plane manufacturers. For which no authority whatever can be produced, and which have been contradiated and declared false and fraudulent by the Judges themselves. Their certificate shows, among other things, that a certain New York Manufacturer, who has for more than a year bodily claimed 35 out of a possible 36 on his Planes, fell several points below that figure, his total average reaching 305 only. His Square Planes ranked third, and his Partor Grands were notually classed fourth only. This same maker has not only deliberately "distilled his own ligures and made them hisher, but he has alse faisited the Steinway ratings, giving them only 31 instead of 354 out of a possible 36.

LYON & HEALY STATE AND MONROE-STS.

These Instruments combine the highest achievements in the art of Piano making, and are comprehensively the very best now before the public.

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An experienced Business Man, formerly an Importer in New York City, having a large acquaintance here and abroad, desires forming a connection with some large Jobbing House as Resident and Foreign Buyer. His qualifications and references are of the highest order. Address "CAPABLE,"

Care R. G. Dun & Co., Chicago. TEAMING.

Furniture Moved by the Hour.

Reward.

The gentleman who during the announcement of the election returns in front of the Tribune Building night between Tue-day and Wednesday, was so on the chart between Tue-day and Wednesday, was so on the chart of the election that he, in a stock the control of the chart will please address me with a view of returning same on being suitably recompensed for his trouble.

52 and 64 West Lake-st., cor. Clinton.



Consummation of the Surrenders at Vicksburg and Appomattex.

No Essential Change in the Result Previously Published.

New Jersey and California Conceded to the Democrats.

New York, the Vital Point, Carried by 25,000 Republican Majority.

The Next Congress Sure to Be Republican in Both Houses.

A Probability of a Called Session to Protect Southern Union

The Whole Democratic Host Now En-

THE CITY VOTE.

The total city vote gives Grace 2,904 majority for Mayor. Docharty, for Registrar, has 8,200 majority.

GRACE.

GRACE.

HIS UNFOPULARITY.

Special Dispetch to The Chicago Trobune.

New York, Nov. 3.—The result of the vote on Mayor in New York is something that has surprised Republicans as weil as Democrats. While Gen. Hancock comes out of this city with a majority of 41,376, which are the actual figures as returned to-night, the Democratic candidate for Mayor gots in by the close scratch of 2,904, running 38,472 behind his ticket on majorities. The total vote in this city for Hancock is 123,102; Garffield, 81,728; for Grace, 101,833; Dowd, 98,949.

CITY CONGRESSMEN.

IN BROOKLYN.

CONGRATULATORY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

New York, Nov. 4.—The great Republic success was the theme of conversation in Broolyn yesterday. Republicans on meeting indulg

lyn yesterdny. Republicans on meeting indulæed in congratulations, while Democrats endeavored in vain to find some consolation. The result of Tuesday's work in Kings County gives Hancock a plurality of 9,384, less than half of what his supporters claimed in advance, and about two-thirds of what the most sanguine Republicans were willing to concede.

THE BROOKLYN DISTRICTS.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Brooklyn elects three (all) Democratic Congressmen.—Bliss, Smith, and Robinson. Smith defeated Chittenden by over 2,000.

BUFFALO.

DEMOCRATIC FALLING-OFF.

NEW YORE, Nov. 3.—The following is the couplete city vote for Presidential Electors in the

His Example Likely to Embellish History as a Solemn Warning.

Gen. McClellan, Who Knows How It Is Himself, Calls on Gen. Hancock.

A Vast Array of Political News, General and Particular, at Home and Afar Off.

> PEANS. VICTORY. For The Chicago Tribune.

Ring the belis loudly—
The conflict is done!
Ring the belis proudly,
The battle is won!

ting the bells long, for the struggle was glorious, barfield was strong, and the Right was victorious!
Ring the bells merrity,
Joyfully, cheerily—
Pire your cannon, and kindle your fires—
Alberty trinipphs, and Treason expires!
Thoming and banging.

Pealing in praise and thanksgiving to God! Let the glad bells be heard! Rebounding, Let their loud echoes roll

Till each patriot's soul In the Nation is stirred! Let them waken the land-let them sweep o' For Garfield has won, and the Country is Free!

II. Toli the bells sadly—
Toli the bells slow!
Hope is delusive, and life but a show.
Toli the bells wearily, Dismally, drearily!
Faded and flown is the vision of years—

Faded and flown is the vision of years—
Scattered and strown are the bold Brigadiers!
Davis and Beauregard, Hampton and Hill,
Hancock "Superb," "Economical Bill,"
Tilden and Trumbull, Ben Butler and Landers,
Hewitt and Barnum, with all their vile slanders
Where are they now?

Limings and old Useless and old.

Useless and old,
Stuck in the slough,
Out in the cold,
Covered with infamy, falsebood, and slime!
God never favors or prospers a crime!
Toll the bells bravely, Toll the bells gravely

Over their fall!
Carry away the Democrat clay!
Bury the dead! Write, o'er its head, Too many "nules" to be living to-day!

EUGENE J. HALL.
MILLARD AVENUE STATION, Chicago. GONE UP!

Put away the new fa. l-jacket
That our Hancock longed to wear;
He won't want us to unpack it—
He has climbed the golden stair! Throw away that dog-eared speller Which he used with perfect ease;

Ne'er another White-House feiler Shall spell "negro" with two "g's." Put away his fishing-tackle— He will need it nevermore; He can hear the firewood crackle Lighting up the shining shore!

There will the Superb screnely Wander in the moonlight's glow, Where the woodbine twineth greenly, By Salt Creek's perpetual flow.

NEW YORK.

BUFFALO.

NIGHT BEFORE LAST.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 3—The police had a busy night last night, and especially early this morning. The attendance of strangers in the city was very large, being mostly from country towns, having come in to hear the returns. There were numerous fights, and one or two serious affrays. William Keenan and Anthony Brizzalaro had been working all day at polls for opposition tickots, and at night happened to enter a saloon to get a drink. While there they became engaged in a political discussion. Continuing to drink, the debate increased in warmth and ultimately ended in a fight. Keenan was a powerful man and the Italian was of small stature and was badly beaten. All at once the latter drew a knife and stabbed his adversary in the stomach. The wounded man fell to the floor, bleeding profusely, while his would-be murderer coelly walked out of the room. Keenan was removed to the hospital, where he lies in a critical condition. Brizzalaro was arrested and locked up to nwait the result of the other's wounds. THE ACTUAL RESULT. PRESS ESTIMATES. THE "WORLD."

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The World says the latest

25,000 MAJORITY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The latest election re-New York, Nov. 3.—The latest election returns do not sensibly modify the accurate presentation of the result telegraphed you last night. Gardeld's majority in New York State is, in round numbers, 25,000. There have been two surprises, so far as the election of the Congressional delegation is concerned, and these are in the Erie district, and in the Third (Brooklyn) District. In the latter, the Rev. J. Hyatt Smith was nominated as independent Republican candi-New York, Nov. 3.—The World says the latest returns from the State place the majority for Garfield Electors at from 15,000 to 20,000. It may possibly reach the latter figure. The Hancock Electors were defeated by unsuspected results in the Chies of New York and Brooklyn, to which alose Gen. Hancock owes his defeat. The Democrats have gained five Congressional districts in the State and lost one,—the Ulster district,—making a net gain of four in the Congressional delegation. In the present Congress that delegations tands nine Democrats to twenty-four Republicans. In the next it will be thirteen Democrats to twenty Republicans.

LATEST ESTIMATES.

Special Dispatch to The Chicage Tribune.

New York, Nov. 2.—The Tribune says that the Democrats will probably have a small majority in the new United States Senate. The Legislatures of California, Florida, Nevada, and Tennessee are still in doubt. The chances favor the election of Democratic Senators in the first three States, and a Republican in the last. The same paper places California and North Carolina in the list of doubtful States, and gives Hancock 160 votes and Garfield Zio, with a probability that Origion will raise it to 213.

Thomas Cornell is elected to Congress in the Piffeenth District, a Republican gain.

P. H. Dugro is elected over W. W. Aster in this city, and J. L. Scoville is elected in Buffalo, a Democratic gain.

The Rev. J. Hyatt Smith's majority over S. E. Chittenden exceeds 2,000. Counting Mr. Smith nominated as independent Republican candi-date, and afterwards indersed by the Demo-crats in opposition to C. B. Chittenden, who crats in opposition to C. B. Chittenden, who has represented the district in Congress several terms. It had long been a thorn'in the side of the Republicans that Chittenden has never been quite as friedly to the party as was required. Now Crittenden is out there is a feeling of secret satisfaction. Smith is considered to be a good Republican, and will no doubt represent his district acceptably. It is noticeable that the small districts in the State show the largest proportionate majorities, while Eric

BY COUNTIES.

New York, Nov. 3.—The Times furnishes the ollowing: The State of New York has been arried by the Republicans by 25,000 majority.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 3.—Official returnive Garfield 3,063 majority in Monroe County

THE STATES.

NEW JERSEY.

How IT WAS DONE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

New Your, Nov. 4.—The result in New Jersey was a subject of general conversation among Republicans yesterday. George A. Halsey, member of the National Committee from that State, said that, while the result was in doubt, it was a great victory for the Republicans, as the State was largely Democratic heretofore. He said that money was more freely used by the Democrats Tuesday than ever before known in that State. Their desire to save the Legislature and the United States Senator led Randolph and others to make unusual efforts, but without avail. So far as the Legislature was concerned, Messrs. Dorsey, Wiley, and others thought the result So far as the Legislature was concerned, Messrs. Dorsey, Wiley, and others thought the result in New Jersey was due to a want of organization on the part of the Republicans. "With proper organization the State would have given us 20,000 majority," said Mr. Filloy. A member of the Republican State Committee of New Jersey said that one of the chief causes for the defeat of the Republicans in that State was the action of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The composition of the New Jersey Legislature stands: Republicans, 15; Democrats, 5; Independent, 1; the Assembly—Republican majority of 19 on joint ballot. The Legislature elects a United States Senator to succeed Mr. Randolph.

CALIFORNIA,

VERY CLOSE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 3.—Returns of the State continue coming in rapidity, but are of such a nature as to render it extremely difficult to forecast the result decidedly. One hundred and forty-five precincts in the city give the Hancock Electors 1,978 majority, and 1.176 majority for Rosecrans for Congress. The remaining half-dozen precincts are not likely to materially alter the result. In the face of this it seems almost a foregone conclusion that the State will go Democratic by a small majority, though at the Republican headquafters they still figure out a Republican majority of between 300 and 400. It may possibly require the official count to decide. The difficulty of making reliable estimates arises from the fact that Republican

decide. The difficulty of making reliable estimates arises from the fact that Republican rains are found to a considerable extent in the Democratic strongholds, and vice versa.

In the Third Congressional District Berry, Democrat, is probably reflected.

In the Fourth District the race between Pacheco and Leach is so close that the outcome cannot at present be stated.

Pare is reflected in the Second District.

If it powe that California chooses Democratic Electors and two or three Democratic Congressmen, it may be fairly attributed to the influence of the Morey istere. At least that is the general belief expressed. Republicans claim that they will at any rate got one Elector, as Judge Terry, on the Democratic ticket, is believed to be very badly scratched.

IN DOUBT. A SAN PRANCISCO, Nov. 3.—Returns from the Special Dupate to the Chicago Tribune.

New York, Nov. 4—4 a. m.—The Republicans elected by handsome majorities two out of the seven Congressmen chosen in this city. The two are Gen. McCook, in the Eighth District, and Levi P. Morton, in the Eleventh. Returns have come in very slowly, and some election districts are still missing, but there is no room for doubt that the Democrats have elected Benj. Wood in the Fifth, S. S. Cox in the Sixth, Fernando Wood in the Ninth, and Abram S. Hewitt in the Tenth. In the Seventh District there is no longer any probability that Wm. Waldorf Astor has defeated Philip H. Dugro, the Democratic candidate, though the result is so close as to leave a bare possibility that errors may be discovered which will lessen Dugro's vote sufficiently to change the result. With only one election district missing, Mr. Dugro is 114 votes ahead of Mr. Astor. Fourth Congressional District include all the counties complete or closely estimated from nearly complete figures, with the exception of Inyo, Merced, and Los Angeles Counties, which are not included. These give Leach, Democrat, 317 majority over Pacheco. Inyo gave Hayes 32 majority in 1876. Merced is expected to give 230 Democratic majority. Los Angeles gives Pacheco 373 majority, with six preclucits to hear from This leaves Leach 182 majority, Owing to the uncertainty regarding the returns from Merced and Mono on account of the presence of the Greenback candidate and incomplete returns, some other counties of the districts are in doubt, with the chances against Pacheco.

NEVADA.

PROBABLY DENOCRATIC.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 3.—A Virginia City dispatch says the counting in the city is very slow. Only about one-third counted. The Democrats are ahead in every ward except the Fourth. The city was formerly strong Republican. Gold Hill even, which thus far has been the Republican stronghold in Story County, is in all probability Democratic. Fair has the Legislature strong. It may take the official count to decide the Electronal ticket and Congressman.

A later dispatch says the Republicans now concede everything.

LEGISLATURE DEMOCRATIC.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Pribune.

VIRGINIA CITY, Nev., Nov. 3.—It is safe to say that the Democrats have carried the Sente. They will have a majority on joint ballot of the Legislature. The Ropublicans will have the Senate. Everything else is Democratic, with the exception of a few unimportant county officials in different counties.

CLOSE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Pribune.

CLOSE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

VIRGINIA CITY, Nov. 3.—Owing to the remoteness of precinets, returns are difficult to obtain The State is close on Electors and Congress The Legislature is probably Democratic on joint ballot. The Senate is Republican.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
VIRGINIA CITY, Nev., Nov. 3.—The Republicans give up the State on the State ticket.
There is a possibility of Garfield Electors, but it is not probable.

OREGON.

COLORADO.

COLORADO.

REPUBLICAN SURE.

DENVER, Colo., Nov. 3.—Returns from seventyeight towns and precincts, comprising over half
of the State and including this city and Leadville, nearly complete, give Garfield 3,101
majority: Pitkin, Republican, for Governor,
4,000; Belford, Republican, for Congress is 600 or
700 ahead of Garfield. The Legislature is threequarters Republican. The above majorities may
be slightly decreased by later returns. This city
gives Pitkin over 900 and Garfield 500 majority.

CONNECTICUT.

CONNECTICUT.

MIDNIGHT.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna
Hartyond, Conn., Nov. 3.—Up to midnight returns have been received from all excepting the small town of Hamden. Garfield has a plurality over Hancock of 2,618, and 1,429 over. all. The Greenback vote was \$44, and Prohibition 345,—the former coming largely from the Democratic and the latter from the Republican ranks. Bigelow, Republican, for Governor, has 2,388 over English, Democrat, and 1,128 over all. A plurality elects in this State, and Bigelow is therefore chosen by the people, and the election will not have to go to the Legislature, as in the last Gubernatorial election, in 1878. The stotal vote was 131,000, which is 10,000 more than in the last Presidential election. The Legislature is 28 Republicans on joint ballot, and in the Senate the Republicans campaign dues are arranging for a grand ratification parade Friday night. The appointment of United States Deputy Marshals in Hartford and New Haven is denounced by the Democratice, and as calculated to intimidate voters. Republicans support the action of United States Marshal

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

The Legislature will stand: Sixteen Republicans to 5 Democrats in the Senate, and 165 Republicans to 83 Democrats, 1 Independent, and 1 Greenbacker in the House. The Republican majority on joint ballot is 33. Last year it was 30.

TENNESSEE.

REPUBLICAN GAIN OF CONGRESSIEN Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 3.—Returns aring in slowly, and the matter of the Govinip is still in doubt, with the chances large ship is still in dot, bt, with the chances in favor of Hawkins, Republican, over Wrigular Domocrat, Wilson, Independent-De running far behind. It seems to be a fact that the Republicans have elected to A. H. Pettibone to Congress in the First over the Hon. Robert L. Taylor; the H. Houk in the Second; the Hon. W. R. Martin and the Tenth, over the Hon. Casey Young: Hon. Richard Warner, over John M. This is a gain or three Congressmen by publicans. Davidson, Knox, Shelby, an itton Counties, representing the four petities in the State,—Nashville, Knoxvill phis, and Chattanooga,—have each electentic Republican Legislative ticket. Ceations are there will be forty Republicante and House of Representat they will have the balance of power.

nig GAINS.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 3.—The R.
laim, the Governorship, forty-seven
nembers of the Legislature, and a green

INDIANA.

INDIANA.

LAKE COUNTY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Chown Point, ind., Nov. 3.—Returns are in from every precinct in the county, showing a Republican majority of 915. Porter's majority in October was 857. Net Republican gain in the county over the October election, 58. The Republicans are jubilant and wild with enthusiasm.

BIEDES SET FIRE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Pribuna.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 3.—The numerous Cincinnati visitors who inspected the election yesterday from behind the station-house bars were brought before Mayor Caven to-day. After consultation it was determined to release them on their promise to leave the city on the 10 clock train. This they gially gave, being anxious to get away from Indianapolis. They were escorted to the depot by a platonon of police, who waved them good-by according to promise.

THE STATE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Indianapolis. Ind., Nov. 3.—The returns, which continue to come in slowly, indicate that Garfield's plurality will exceed Forter's from 500 to 1,000. In the counties composing the Third District the Democratic gain 810, as follows, Jackson, 178; Floyd, 202; Clark, 134; Washington, 117; Jennings, 88; Harrisoh, 87.

So far as heard from, the following Democratic counties show Republican gains: Adams. 62; Curroll, 68; Dourborn, 53; Greene, 60; Poser, 69;

lows Jackson, 178; Floyd, 252; Clark, 103; resington, 117; Jennings, 88; Harrisoh, 87.

So far as heard from, the following Democratic counties snow Republican gains: Adams, 62; Carroll, 68; Dearborn, 53; Greene. 60; Pesey, 60; Putnam, 80; Scott, 20; St. Joe, 252; Vigo, 164; and Whitloy, 7.—which is more than an offset. The large gain in St. Joe is attributed directly to the fariff issue.

Full returns have been received from only thirty counties at this writing, which show a net Republican gain of 166 in Alien County; the Democrats gain 487.

MARION.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 3.—The unofficial, vote of Marion County shows a plurality for Garfield of 2,470, a gain of 35 over Porter's plurality. Returns by county votes are in from thirty counties, which show a ratio of gain that will make Garfield's plurality in the neighborhood of 5,000. It cannot vary much from that figure.

VIGO COUNTY.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Nov. 3.—The official vote of Vigo County gives Garfield, 4,982; Hancock, 4,575; Wenver, 778. Garfield's plurality, 407. At the October election Porter resolved 4,023; Landers, 4,661; Gregg, 782. Republican gain, 145.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

DELAWARE COUNTY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
MUNCIE, Ind., Nov. 3.—This county gained 8 over-the October election, giving Gardeld 1.85 majority,—the largest gain in proportion to the population made by any county in the State.

KNOX COUNTY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
VINCENNES, Ind., Nov. 3.—Complete returns from Knox County show a net Hepublican gain over October of 60.

ST. JOSEPH COUNTY.

ST. JOSEPH COUNTY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.
SOUTH BEND, Ind., Nov. 3.—This county gives a Republican majority of 468, a gain over October of 232. The Greenback vote is just 229.

MASSACHUSETTS.

MASSACHUSETTS.

INCREASED MAJORITIES.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

BOSTON, Nov. 3.—The Republican majority swelled by late returns. Only nine towns a main to be heard from, and Garfield already ha plurality of 57,762 over Hancock, and Garfield already has plurality of 57,762 over Hancock, and Garfield already has plurality of 41,886. The Congressional district show that the Republican domination was hoverywhere throughout the State. In the P. District Crapo has 7,000 plurality: again of ab. 2,000 over two years ago. Harris, in the Seconas 7,000 over beane, Democrat. Ranny, in Third, got 2,138 more than Dearborn, Democrat again of 1,500 compared with Walbris and Fleids' plurality in 1878. Beman, in the Fifth, has a plura of 4,000: a slight gain. In Sixth, E. Stone, Chairman of the Republistate Committee, has a clear majority of 2 against 138 for George B. Loring, the Pucandidate, two years ago. In the Seventh trict Russell has a plurality of 4,478. Cham has 4,478 to spare in the Egytht, Rice 8,00 the Ninth Norcross 4,006 in the Seventh

NEW JERSEY.

CALIFORNIA.

The total vote in this city for Hancock is 123,102; Garfield, 81,728; for Grace, 101,853; Dowd, 98,949. It will be seen by this that Grace thus falls II.249 behind the actual Democratic vote. The vote on Mayor on the Republican ticket exceeded Garfield's total by 17,223, thus showing most conclusively, in the light of the known political complexion of the city, that the Democrats cut their nominee for the purpose of making even with Keily, whose dictation they did not propose to stand. Keily made a mistake in nominating a man whose candidacy projected the sectarian religious element into politica. The Telegram says: "John Kelly is practically wiped out, which will be." It adds, "a great consolation to the poor Democrats of the country, whom he has repeatedly betrayed, and to all respectable citizens of New York, whom his mounting arrogance menaced."

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Nov. 3.—A Portland dispatch says the State is very close, and it will perhaps require the official vote to decide. The Republicans are still confident of a small majority. The returns are incomplete, and nearly all the counties are estimated. The only two counties from which definit statements are received, Lane and Multnomah, show slight Democratic gains.

WISCONSIN.

d Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Republican, is elected to Congress
1,500 majority. The Legislatand—Senate, 25 Republicans to 8
Assembly, about 80 Republicans to
8. The Republicans

HAZELTON'S ELECTION.

Congress in the Fourth District, is reflected by 2,214 majority.

In the Fifth District, Ed Bragg, Democrat, is reflected by 1,616 majority.

In the Sixth District, Guenther, Republican, is elected over Bouck, Democrat, by 4,027 majority, a Rapublican gain of the district.

In the Second District, Caswell, Republican, is reflected by 1,500 majority, estimated.

In the Eighth District, Pound, Republican, is reflected by a majority estimated at 4,000.

In the First District, Williams' (Republican) majority is estimated at 6,000.

To the Third District, Hazelton, Republican, is reflected by an estimated majority of 1,500.

In the Seventh District, Humphrey, Republican, is reflected by an estimated majority of 8,000.

JUBILANT. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

OCONOMOWOE, Wis., Nov. 3.—Complete returns from all townships in this (Waukesha) county give the liepublicans 400 majority, a gain of 500, or 15 per cent. The k-publicans are holding high carnival to-night, walle no Democrat is visible.

MISSOURI.

MISSOURI.

SLOW BETURNS.

Special Dispatch to Tae Chicago Tribuna.

Sr. Louia, Mo., Nov. 3—3 p. m.—It is still uncortain whether Missouri has gained two or only one Republican Coagressman. Van Horn is, from the latest news received, elected in the Eighth District, and Ford, Greenbacker, also chams his election in another district, though returns are meagre. Returns from all the country districts come in, as usual in Missouri, slowly, and it will be days before the full result is determined. It is only known that the Democratio majority is cut down between 10,000 and Kaba. In the First (St. Louis) District, Clardy, Democrat, is elected by a small majority. In the Third District, Sessinghaus, Republican, has 131 majority in the city, and ctaims his election by 37 votes in all. Frost his opponent, also claims his election. Returns from the country precinets are not yet in, and fears that they are held back for a purpose by the Democrats to secure Frost's election are expressed. The Evening Chronicle had out am independent ticket supporting Sessinghaus. These tickets were thrown out by the demagogs in some precincts, but are declared logal to-day, and are likely to secure Sessinghaus' election, should the country give a small majority against him. The city election was a Republican triumph, the Sheriff and Judge of the Court of Appeals, the latter holding office for twelve years, having been each elected by about 1,00 majority.

KAROKA, Mo., Nov. 3.—Clark County, official, Garbeld, 1,403; Hancuck, 1,500; Republican gain, 100. Hatch, Democrat, for Congress, 1,600; hourdon, Greenback and Fusion, 1,302.

The CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 3.—The Twelfth Congressional District of Missouri will elect Chandy by 1,500 to 2,00 majority.

The First Congressional District of Missouri will elect Chandy by 1,500 to 2,00 majority.

The Third District is very close. Returns not all in, but will likely elect Frost, Democrat, by 50 to 100 majority.

St. Louis. Nov. 3.—Only scattering returns rom this State yet received. The majority on an Democratic National and State ticket is exected to be \$4,000, although it may be under or bove that figure.

or are Republicans. All the rest of the county ficket is Democratte,

Fransas City.

Special Dispatch to The Chicage Tribune.

Kansas City. Me. Nov. R.—In consequence of the terribly mined state of affairs here so official figures have been announced yet. It is conceded by the Democrats that R. T. Van Horn is elected to Congross over Alien and Crisp, Democrats, by about 500 majosity. The district is 800 Democratic, but, owing to a fight among them, Van Horn goes in. An immense joilification meeting was held here to-night, at which speeches were made by prominent gentlemen, and a salute of "329" guns was fired by the Republicans.

VIRGINIA. DISAPPOINTMENT.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 3.—The Republicans mit some disappointment in the result in the

the last three Readjusters, riving a majority of the Board to that party. The judgment of this Board would be final as to the results of this election, so far as the State authorities are concerned. The order restraining the Judges from receiving the receipts from the Readjuster Collectors caused the friends of that side to express a great deal of indignation, and to make many threats as to the course they would pursue in certain contingencies. The defeat of the Readjuster candidate in Richmond is undoubtedly due to the refusal of the Democratic Inspectors to accept these receipts.

READJUSTER ELECTED.

STAUNTON, Va., Nov. 3.—Paul, Readjuster, is elected to Congress over Allen, Regular Democrat, in the Seventh District, by J.00 majority.

HALF THE STATE.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 3.—Returns embracing over half of Virginia swell the victory of the regular Democratic Electoral ticket, which, when all returns are in, will have a handsome majority over both Readjusters and Republicans. The Congressional delegation stands: First District, Garrison, Democrat; Second District, Dezendorf, Republican; Third District, Jorgenson, Republican; Sixth District, Tucker, Democrat; Eighth District, Barber, Democrat; Eighth District, Harber, Democrat; Eighth District, claims to be elected over Allen, Democrat, and Fudderson, Readjuster, that the result can't be predicted with any degree of cortainty.

VOTE OF NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 3.—Hancock's majority in the city is 10,22. The vote for Mayor is very in the city is 10,522. The vote for Mayor is very close, with the chances favoring Joseph A. Shakspeare, Independent Democrat. With the exception of Mayor Fitzpatrick, the wing calling themselves Regular Democrats elect the cutire municipal ticket. Miltenberger, for Recorder of the Lower District, will contest. He claims he received a majority of the votes.

received a majority of the votes.

Incomplete Returns.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

New Orleans, La., Nov. 3.—Up to 3 o'clock the vote of not a single parish outside of New Orleans has been returned. The First and Second Congressional Districts redicet Gibson and Ellis by reduced majorities. In the Third District Darrall, Republican, may be elected. Two parishes, St. Mary and Iberrille, give Hill 1,800 majority, while the Democratic parishes give a reduced vote, and in some none at all for the Democratic candidate. The vote in Latayette Parish was light, about 1,000 votes being polled. What the result is cannot be stated at present. It will require the official count to decide. The Democratic majority will scarcely be Rib. Billieu runs greatly behind the National ticket by reason of the distribution of tickets by Acklen's friends with the name of the candidate for Congress in blank. Many whites who were unable to read voted this ticket without knowing it.

In the Fourth District N. C. Bianchard, a young man from Shreveport, is elected with scarcely any opposition.

In the Fifth District the Democratic vote is

any opposition.

In the Fifth District the Democratic vote is light, and if the river parishes poli a full vote

light, and if the river parishes poil a full vote Lanier, Republican, is elected.

In the Sixth District, Robertson, of Baton Rouge, is reelected.

In the city only 24,000 votes were east, against 46,000 last year. The Hancock Electors received 17,000 and the Republicians about 8,000.

Ellis' majority for Congress in the city is 5,422. It is thought Hahn will come down from the coast and meet him with 5,000. Republicans say that if the State Committee had taken any interest in this district Hahn could easily have been elected.

The entire regular Democratic ticket in the city is elected, except the Mayor, where Shakspeare beats Davis by a small vote.

The latest information is that Darrall has certainly carried the Third District by a large majority.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 3.—Congressman Ac\$len.

family carried the many congressman Action or New Onleans, Nov. 3.—Congressman Action arrived this evening from the Third Congressional District. He concedes the election of Darrell, Republican, by from 3,000 to 4,000. A Republican gain of a Congressman.

THOM KELLOGO.

Republican grin of a Congressman.

FROM KELLOGG.

Special Dipatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 3.—The following disputch was received by Chairman Hubbell this evening from Senator Keilogr, at New Orleans:

"In Northern Louisiana, including Red filver and Quachita County, the Republican vote was almost cutirely suppressed. In parishes where the Republicans have four to one registered vote, the Democrats declared large majorities for their ticket. In the Teché country, where the Republicans were generally allowed to vote, we carried everthing. In Iberia and some other parishes, where the races are about equal, we get over 600 majority. In the Second District we carry every county parish. The Democrats claim that the city wards will overcome this vote. They are still canvassing the vote in city wards."

DARRALL.

wards."

DARRALL.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 3.—The Congressional Republican Committee has received the foliowing dispatch:

New ORLEANS, Nov. 3.—Darrall carries St. Mary, Iberia, Iberville, Terrebonne, Ascension, and West Baton Rouge Parishes, and is almost certainly elected. It looks as though we had also carried the Second District.

W. P. Kellogg.

SOUTH CAROLINA. COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. d.—The report of the

election in this city is as follows: Democratic majority in the city, 381; Democratic majority in Richiand County, 456. The Daily Register has the following specials: Abbeville—A very large vote, both white and colored, polled. Returns not received, but sufficient to assure a very bandsome majority for Hancock and the entire State and County ticket.

ncient to assure a very bandsome majority for Hancock and the entire State and County ticket. Hancock's majority will reach 3,000. Trenton, Edgefield County, will give 4,000 Democratic majority.

Beanestsville—All the precincts of Mariboro County heard from. The official count shows a majority of 713 for the regular Democratic ticket over the Radical and Independent tickets combined.

Orangeburg—Returns not all in, but the indications are that the county has gone Democratic by a small majority, electing the entire county licket.

Alken—Enough boxes have been heard from to assure a Democratic majority of over 2,000.

The Democratic State Executive Committee have advices from twenty-three counties, showing majorities aggregating about 2,000 for the Democratic State and National ticket. The result in the State will give Hancock the Electoral vote and redicet the Congressional delegation.

FRAUS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

**WASUINGTON, D. C., Nov. 3.—The news from South Carolina is tilly summarized in the statement that the election of 1830 has been a greater fraud even than that of 1835. Notwithstanding the grave editorial announcement of the leading newspaper of the State, the Charleston News and Courser, that the colored men in the South would not vote the Democratic ticket, and notwithstanding the fact that the census of South Carolina, just taken by Democratic officials, shows that the population of the State is 604,225 colored and only **Billed* white, still the Democratic ticket, and notwithstanding the fact that the census of South Carolina have consent them to every district. Nobody believes that the seport is true. There is no possible doubt that Mackey, Republican, has beaten O'Councy, Democratic, in the Charleston to represent them in every district. Nobody believes that the seport for from 2,000 to 3,000. Mackey has telegraphed to that effect to friends here to day, but no one expects that Mackey will receive a certificate of election.

HE CABRIED THAT SAME DISTRICT

by a simil

declared vacent, and new elections held, with Congress willing to see to it that the Nation laws are obeyed. The Elections Committee the next House will be a very important one, it will be the leading instrumentality in helpin to teach the lullot-box-stuffing Bourbons of the Solid South that the majority of the people of the country are determined that the purity an sanctity of the ballot-box shall be preserved.

IOWA.

DEPDEGRAFF.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

McGregor, Ia., Nov. 3.—The Third Congressional District of Iowa, which has been regarded as doubtful, will give Updegraff, Republican, over 2,000 majority over Stewart, Democrat. The following are Updegraff's majorities by counties, in the north part of the district: Clayton, 600; Winneshiek, 1,000; Fayette, 1,500; Allamakee, 200; Buchanan, 900. Updegraff figures out his majority in the district at not less than

THE FIGHT IN THE SEVENTH DISTRICT.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 3.—The contest in the Seventh District has been persistently fought by the Greenback party. Their candidate for President threw his whole weight into the scales, and made three visits and numerous speeches to save the present Greenback member. De La Matyr, of Indiana, came twice into and over the district. The principal Republican speakers were employed elsewhere, and Mr. Kasson was obliged to conduct his canvass with great persistency, and had little time to speak elsewhere. The result is a victory over Gen. Wenver, De La Matyr, and the Greenbacker himself, by over 3,500 majority.

A CLEAN SWEEP. THE PIGHT IN THE SEVENTH DISTRICT.

Weaver, De La Matyr, and the Greenbacker himself, by over \$3.00 majority.

A CLEAN SWEEP.

DES MOINNS, IS., Nov. 3.—Returns received from lowa by the State Republican Committee and the State Register (ne vspaper) up to 10 o'clock to-night raise the mijority of Garfield over Hancook, and indicate that it will be \$5.00. The Republicans carry all the Congressional districts of the State, regaining the Sixth by 69 majority for Cutts, and the Seventh by \$5.50 for Kasson. In the First District, McCold, Republican, is rediccted by \$.000 majority. In the Second District, Farwell, Republican, by \$3.00. In the First District, no \$3.00. In the First, Thompson, Republican, is rediccted by \$1.000. In the Fifth, Thompson, Republican, is rediccted by \$1.000. In the Fifth, Thompson, Republican, is rediccted by \$0.00 or \$0.00 majority. The Sixth and Seventh Districts as given above. In the Eighth, Hepburn, Republican, has \$4.00 majority, and Carpenter, Republican, has \$4.00 majority, and Carpenter, Republican, rediccted in the Ninth by \$6.00 or \$7.00.

The great contests in the State were made in the Sixth and Seventh Districts. In the former the Opposition had 1,880 majority last year. In the Seventh the contest was led for the Greenbackers by Gen. Weaver in person, who made three tours of the district, aided by De La Matyr and Buchanan of Indiana. Mr. Kasson made the canvass of the district for the Republicans, and also aided in the Sixth. Three days before the election fusion was effected in the district between the Democrats and Greenbackers, but Kasson carries it by \$8.00, or several hundred ahead of the State and National ticket, and is receiving congratustions to-day from all over the State and Nation for his success.

UPDEGRAFF'S MAJORITY.

receiving congratulations to-day from all over the State and Nation for his success.

UPDEGRAFT'S MAJORITY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Nov. 3.—Full reports have been received from the district, and Updegraff's majority for Congress will touch 3,004. The Republicans also elect half of the township ticket, and have cut down the Democratic majority heavily.

POTTAWATOMIE COUNTY.

COUNCIL BLUTTS, Ia., Nov. 3.—The Republican victory in this (Pottawatomie County) is larger than the dispatches of last night indicated. The majority on the Republican National and State ticket is 930, a gain of about 700, the majority at the last State election being but about 272. In the city the Republican majority on National and State tickets is 140, a gain of 200 over last year. Hepburn, Republican, for Congress in this district, has a clear majority of 575 in this county, and will have from 3,000 to 5,000 majority in the district. The Republicans also elect every candidate in the county by large majorities.

CLINTON COUNTY.

OLINTON, Ia., Nov. 3.—The Republican majority, National, State, and Congressional in this county is about 600,—a gain of 350 over 1876.

AUDURON COUNTY.

Audubon County, Gar-

AUDUBON, Ia., Nov. 3.—Audubon County, Gar-field's majority, 400,—net Republican gain of 50 over 1876. State and Congressional tickets the

CHICKASAW COUNTY.

NEW HAMPTON, Ja., Nov. 3.—Chickasaw County, Garfield's plurality, 600. Darims, Republican, for Congress, has a plurality of 500.

an, for Congress, has a plurality of 500.

BLACKHAWK COUNTY.

WATERLOO, Ia., Nov. 3.—Complete returns from Blackhawk County, except two townships, give Garfield 2.70; Hancock, 1,424; Weaver, 46; net Republican gain, 150. The other two townships will increase Garfield's majority to 1,600. Deerfield, Republican, for Congress, will have about the Same.

CEDAR COUNTY.

CEDAR COUNTY.

TIPTON, Ia., Nov. 3.—Cedar County gives a Republican majority of 1,000 on the Electoral, State, and Congressional tickets, a gain of 400. County officers all elected by 1,000 majority. MONONA COUNTY.

ONAWA, Ia., Nov. 3.—Monona County gives
Garfield 221 over all, a Republican gain of 81.
Carpenter, Republican, for Congress, 250 over all.

Carpenter, Republican, for Congress, 250 over all.

ADAIR COUNTY.

GREENFIBLD, Ia., Nov. 3.—Adair County gives
Garfield 1,600; Hancock, 512; Weaver, 524. For
Congress, Kasson, 1,528; Gillette, 1,065.

MILLS COUNTY.

GLENWOOD, Ia., Nov. 3.—In Mills County Garfield's majority is 500. Hepburn, Republicanfor Congress, has the same. This is a net Republican rain of 200. Like proportionate gains
in other portions of the district will give Hepburn a majority of 3,000.

MONTGONERY COUNTY.

MORTGOMERY COUNTY.

RED OAK, Ia, Nov. 3.—Montgomery County, Garfield, 1,563; Hancock, 564; Weaver, 430; Republican gain of 534 votes. The vote on the State ticket will be about the same as for Congress. W. H. Hepburn, Republican, has 1,954 votes; Percival, 50 votes. The entire county ticket is elected.

WARREN COUNTY. Indianola, Ia., Nov. 3.—Warren County gives Jarfield 300 majority, a Republican gain of 127. Kasson, Republican, for Congress, 200 majority, Republican gain of 130. JOHNSON COUNTY.

IOWA CITY, In., Nov. 3.—Complete returns from this (Johnson) county give Hancock 2,006; Garfield, 1,986. Democratic vote on State and Congressional tickets a little larger than on Hancock.

RINGGOLD COUNTY. MOUNT AVRE, Ia., Nov. 2.—Ringgold County complete, 500 majority over all; a Hepublican gain of 250 over the vote of 1878. WEBSTER COUNTY.

WEISTER COUNTY.

FORT DODGE, Ia., Nov. 3.—Webster County, majority on Presidential ticket 180; net Republican gain over last year, 354.

CASS COUNTY.

ATLANTIC, Ia., Nov. 3.—Cass County complete, excepting one township, gives the Republican Presidential and Congressional ticket, 977 majority. ority. POCAHONTAS COUNTY.

FORDA, Ia., Nov. 3.—Pocahoncas County, Garfield's majority 237.

MIXED.

DUBUQUE, Ia., Nov. 3.—Mr. Updegraff, Republican candidate for Congress in the Third District, is elected by 2,300 plurality over Stewart, Democrat. The Democrats elect their county ticket by a reduced majority. The Republican Circuit Judge is elected by 4,000 imajority. The Republicans carry half the town ticket of Dubuque City. The county returns are not half in yet. The vote in the city is light, being not quite 4,000.

DAVENPORT.

buque City. The county returns are not haif in yet. The vote in the city is light, being not quite 4,00.

DAVENPORT.

Special Dispetch to The Chicago Tribuna.

DAVENPORT. In., NOV. 3.—Reports from this, the Second Congressional District, have continued to improve during the day and evening over hear night. The Republican and origing for the Electoral, State, and Congressional tickets reaches fully 4,500. Scott County gives 1,504, Jones 1,164, Cedar 1,000. Chirton 657, and Muscatine 650,—uil Republican majorities. Jackson gives the Democratic ticket 400 impority. Estimated returns from the Sixth Con ressional District of Illiaois, embracing the Counties of Rock Island, Bureau, Lee, 4fenry, and Putnam, give the Republican State ticket not less than 5,500 majority. The vote in Rock Island City was not counted until to-day. The city gives a Republican phurality of 100. The majority in Rock Island County is 550, or a pinrality of 1,400.

KEOKUK, In., NOV. 3.—The election in this city and throughout the county passed off quietly. A heavy vole was poiled. Returns are now in from all the townships in Lee County except Pleasant Ridge, and show Republican grains. The following is the vote: For President, Garneld, 3,000; Hancock, 3,360; Weaver, 473.—a Republican grain of 162, compared with the vote for President in 1876. The vote on the State ticket will be about the same. Pleasant Ridge last year gave the following vote far Governor: Gear, Republican, 80; Trimbid, Democrat, 94; Campbell, Greenback, 4. Fot Congress, McCoid, Republican, receives 3,001; Culbertson, Democrat, 3,288; Stubbs, Green-

PENNSYLVANIA.

head of his ticket. R. J. C. Walker, of Williamsport, is elected to Congress in the Sixteenth
District by 2,007 majority. He defeated David
Kirk, the Fusionist candidate. Kirk carried
Sullivan and Lycoming Counties. The Repubicans secured Tioga, Potter, and Cameron,
securing 2,800 majority in Tioga. The Repubican National ticket elected in the Sixteenth
District by 3,500 majority. Watson, of Warren,
as elected to Congress in the Twenty-seventh
District.

Beiected to Congress in the Twenty-sevenia District.

Special Dispaich is The Chicago Tribune.

Pittessuage, Nov. 3.—Returns from this (Allegheny) county are not all in, but enough is known to justify the statement that Garfield's majority will be between 17,000 and 18,000. This is nearly 4,000 better than the most sanguine Republican expected. Both candidates for Congress are elected, Col. Bayne in the Twenty-third District by the full party vote, and Maj. Rrett in the Twenty-second by a majority of about 5,000. Grow will succeed Wallace as United States Senator.

SNYDER COUNTY.

SNYDER COUNTY.
MIDDLEBURG, Pa., Nov. 3.—The officity of Snyder County for Garfield is 540.

ows:

First District—Henry H. Bingham, Republecond—Charles O'Nelli, Republican.

Third—Samuel J. Randall, Democrat.

Fourth—William D. Kelley, Republican.

Fifth—Aifred C. Harmer, Republican.

Fifth—Aifred C. Harmer, Republican.

Seventh—William Ward, Republican.

Seventh—William Godshalk, Republican.

Righth—Daniel Ermentrout, Democrat.

Ninth—A. Herr Smith, Republican.

Tenth—William Mutchler, Democrat.

Reventh—William Mutchler, Democrat. inth—A. Hett Mutchier, Bennous-enth—William Mutchier, Bennorat. Eleventh—Robert Klotz, Democrat. Twelfth—Joseph A. Scranton, Repu Thirteenth—John W. Ryon, Democr Thirteenth—John W. Ryon, Democratical Englishment Samuel F. Barr, Republics

Twenty-fifth—Harry White, Republican. Twenty-sixth—S. H. Miller, Republican. Twenty-seventh—Lewis F. Watson, Re

THE TWENTY-PIPTH DISTRICT. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3.—Later returns the Twenty-fifth Congressional District ames Mosgrove, Democratic, 500 majority.

THE DELEGATION.

THE DELEGATION.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribusa.

PHILADELIFHIA, Pa., Nov. 3.—The returns received to-day show that Harry White, Republican, has been defeated for Congress by Mosgrove, Greenback and Democrat, and that Ryan, Democrat, has been defeated by Brumm, Greenback-Republican, so that the delegation from Pennsylvania stands: Republicans, 9: Democrats, 8. All of the Philadelphia Congressionen, including Speaker Randail, the only Democrat, are reducted by increased majorities, and Judge Kelley's runs as high as 9,000. Garfield's majority in the State will be a little over 25,000. The Democrats gain a Senator in Philadelphia, but the Republican majority in the Legislature on joint ballot is increased.

Speaker Randail has been in receipt of dispatches from nearly all of the close Congressional districts in the country, and makes out that the Democrats will control the next Congress by a majority of two in the Senate and six in the House, without counting contests likely to be decided in their favor by the Clerk in making up the roil.

THE LEGISLATURE.

PHILADELIPHIA, Nov. 3.—The Times makes the Particle Particle Property of the contest of the particle particle particles.

THE LEGISLATURE.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3.—The Times makes the Legislature stand as follows: Senate—Republicans, 29; Democrats, 19; Greenback, 1; vacancy, 1. House—Republicans, 119; Democrats, 79; Greenback, 2. The Republican majority over all on joint ballot, 48.

MICHIGAN.

LENAWER COUNTY. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna ADRIAN, Mich., Nov. 3.—Lenawee Count plete gives Garfield 208 majority, a gain of 238 Governor, gets 1,029, and Willits, for Congress, 887 majority, both showing a slight falling off from 1878 owing to local causes.

The Republican county ticket complete gets majorities ranging from 500 to 1,608.

KENT COUNTY.
Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.
GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Nov. 3.—Kenty County

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MANISTRE, Mich., Nov. 3.—Garfield curries this county by 311 majority. Republican Governor by 227. Hubbel, for Congress, gets a majority of against Pratt, Greenback and Democrat. The Republican candidates for State Senator and Representative both carry the county by 755 and 25 respectively, a change of about 640 votes in in favor of the Republican party.

ASNON COUNTY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
LUDINGTON, Mich., Nov. 3.—Thirteen precincts in Mason County gave 394 Republican majority.

Congressman same us President; Governor 20 behind.

WASHTENAW COUNTY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune. MANISTEE.

washtenaw county.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Ann Arbon, Mich., Nov. 3.—Full returns for Washtenaw County give Hanicock 447, against 52 for Tilden; Holloway 570, against 617 in 1876; Waldby, Democrat, for Congress, 516, against 708 in 1876. Waldby, Democrat, for Congress, 516, against 505 in 1876.

The Republicans secure three or four county officers. Clerk, Register, perhaps Sonator, and one out of two Representatives. Keng. in the First, and German, in the Second District, are elected, and Kinne, Republican, in the First.

BAY CITY, Mich., Nov. 3.—R. G. Horr is reclected to Congress from the Eighth District by 2,000 plurality.

KENTUCKY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 3.—Late returns indicate that Phister, Democrat, will probably pull through by less than 1,000 majority in the Tenth Kentucky District. The Ninth District is in great doubt, with the chances in favor of White, Republican. In the Louisville district, Willis, bolting Democrat, is elected by a small majority, Borns. Republican, running him quite close, Republican gains are reported all over Kentucky.

SCATTERING.

MUNFORDVILLE, Ky., Nov. 3.—Nine precincts in this county give Hancock 1.428; Garfield, 681; Weaver, 94. For Congress, Knott, 1.322; Thurman, Republican, 429; Green, 127.—A Republican gain of 64 and Democratic loss of 24.

Lincoln County (official)—Hancock, 1.545; Garfield, 1.470. Thompson, Democrat, for Congress, 1.545; Frye, Republican, 4.563.

Bourbon County—Garfield, 1.471; Hancock, 1.470.

Hickman County—Hancock, 1.100; Garfield,

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NINTH DISTRICT.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 4.—In the doubtful N District White, Republican, carries Rock C County by 91 majority, and Leurel County of Majority. The former gave a Democranjority of 247 and the latter a Republical print of 25 in 1878. No other counties is district heard from.

ARKANSAS.

LITTLE ROCK REPUBLICAN.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

LITTLE BOCK, Ark., Nov. 3.—As usual, the sturns come in slowly. The result in the differ ent Congressional districts cannot as yet be de-termined. The Republicans have carried this (Pulaski) county both for Garfield and Boies, the candidate, by a decided major FLORIDA.

LAKE CITY, Nov. 3.—Florida votes for Har cook and elects the Democratic candidate for Governor and both Democratic Congressment The Legislature is Democratic. VERMONT.

30,000 MAJORITY.

MONTPELIER, Vt., Nov. 3.—The Green Moun ain State swells the Republican nearly 30,000 majority for Garfield. MAINE.

5,000 MAJORITY.

AUGUSTA, Me., Nov. 3.—Later returns indicathat the majority for Garfield will reach, if does not exceed, 5,000.

NEW HAMPSHIRE. GARPIELD'S PLUBALITY 4,000. CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 3.—Garfield's plur is about 4,000. Hall, Republican, is ele he First District by over 600 plurality; Briggs Republican, in the Second, by over 1,600; Farr, Republican, in the Third, by over 800.

DELAWARE. DEMOCRATIC. WILMINGTON, Nov. 3.—Returns from all the election districts in the State, except two in Kent County, the majorities of which are estimated upon the vote at the election last Septemmated upon the vote at the election has represented, show a Democratic majority of 1,045. Two-thirds of the Legislature is Democratic, insuring the return of Bayard to the Senate.

The Republicans elect their whole ticket in Newcastle County by a majority of about 100.

ALABAMA.

MOBILE, Ala., Nov. 3.—The Congres are all Democrats, and the State goes for Han cock by some 35,000 or 40,000 majority, possibly

NEBRASKA.

COUNTY MAJORITIES.
OMARA, Neb., Nov. 3.—This county, Douglas OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 3.—Ins county, Dongina, gives Garfield 1,050 majority; Lancaster County, 2,000; Webster, 700; Richardson, 300; Washington, 200; Burt, 900; Morrick, 400; Oteo, 250; Red Willow, 142; Stanton, 25; Madison, 150; Platte, 100; Dodge, 400; Cass, 500; Cuming, 61; Nemaha, 400. Garfield has 2,000 in the State, and the entire Republican State ticket is elected by about the same majority.

NORTH CAROLINA.

RE-ELECTED.

GREENSBORO, N. C., Nov. 3.—Scales is reelected to Congress.

DEMOCRATIC LOSSES.

CHARLOTTS, N. C., Nov. 3.—The Democratic
majority in Mecklenburg County will not exceed 100, a loss of 700 on the vote of 1878.

It is reported that the Republicans gain a
member of the Legislature in Lincoln County.
Robeson County elects the entire Democratic
ticket—a Democratic loss of 16.

Union County—800 Democratic majority; Democratic loss of 29.

Cabarrus County—Democratic loss, 300.

Rowan—900 Democratic; no change from 1878.
Gaston County elects an Independent member
of the Legislature. Democratic loss, 300.

MEAGER INSTURNS.

RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 3.—Returns come in
slowly, and are scattering. Prom those received
the indications are that the State has gone Democratic by a reduced majority. The Second District elects a Republican Congressman. The
Third, Fifth, Sixth, Seventh, and Eighth Districts
elect Dumocrats. Returns are not sufficient
from the First and Fourth Districts to indicate

WEST VIRGINIA.

WEST VIRGINIA.

REPUBLICAN GAINS.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 3.—The vote in West
Virginia will not be materially changed from
that in October. The Republicans make slight
gains in most of the counties heard from. The
plurality for Hancock over Garfield will not
exceed 11,000 or 12,000, while his actual majority
in the State will not be over 5,000 or 6,000, if indeed it will be that. There is no doubt about
the election of Hoge, Democrat, for Congress
in the Second District, and Kenna, Democrat, in
the Third District, but the vote in the First District is so close that it will take the official vote
to decide. The Chairman of the Republican
State Committee claims the election of Hutchinson, Republican, by not less than 100 majority,
and a great many well-informed Democrats
are conceding his (Hutchinson's) election. It is
evident that there cannot be over 100 majority
either way, and the chances for one are about
as good as the other.

OHIO.

FRANKLIN COUNTY.

FRANKLIN COUNTY. COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 3.—The full vote of this (Franklin) county is as follows: Hancock, 9,869;

Garfield, 9,433; Weaver, 97; Dow, 136, THIBTY-FIVE THOUSAND. The Republican State Committee here have returns from thirty-eight counties, which show a Republican gain over the vote of 1870 of 13,719, The Republicans claim the State by 35,000.

CUYAHOGA COUNTY.

CUYAHOGA COUNTY.

Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribune.
CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 3.—Cuyahoga County complete gives 6.871 plurality, a gain of 934 over the vote for Supreme Judge in October. The City of Cleveland gives a plurality of 4,778 for Garfield, a gain of 2,887 votes over October.

ABOUT 35,000.

Garfield, a gain of 2,887 votes over October.

ABOUT 35,000.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 3.—The Republican State Committee turnish the following summary of election figures: Thirty-seven counties, complete returns, show a Republican gain over 1879 of 43,890; four counties show a Democratic gain of 470; net Republican gain in forty-one counties, 13,430. This, added to Gov. Foster's plurality, will make Garfield's plurality in the State 35,549. The counties heard from include the largest in Ohio, but the gains in the remaining forty-seven counties will make Garfield's plurality about 35,000.

JACKSON, Miss., Nov. 3.—Reports from fifty Jackson, Miss., Nov. 3.—Reports from fifty counties, towns, and precincts give Hancock 18.23s; Garfield, 6.882. Returns from the First, Second, Fourth, and Fifth Congressional Districts indicate the election of Democrats in each by decided majorities. Returns from the Sixth Congressional District are meagre and not sufficient to base an estimate, but Chalmers leads as far as heard from. The vote was light throughout the State.

A FATAL FIGHT.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 3.—The Democrat's special from Lexington, Miss., reports the killing of J. W. Asheraft by T. J. Lockhart, and the painful wounding of C. M. Hall. Lditor of the Holmes County Times, in an election-row yesterday.

MINNESOTA.

MINNESOTA.

DECISIVE.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., Nov. 3.—Returns as far as received indicate that Minnesota has given Garfield a majority of at least 25,000. Washburn, whose seat in the present Congress was contested by Donnelly, is everwhelmingly elected, leading his competitor, Gen. Sibley, by from 8,000 to 10,000. Washburn carries this city and county by something over 4,000 majority. It is presumed his seat in the next Congress will not be contested. Dunnell in the First and Strait in the Second District are both elected, each by 4,000 majority.

CONGRESSIONAL MAJORITIES.

elected, each by 4.000 majority.

CONGRESSIONAL MAJORITIES.

St. Paul., Minn., Nov. 3.—The estimates on Congressional majorities to-night are as follows: First District, Dunnell's plurality, 5,000; Second District, Strait's majority, 3,000; Third District, Washburn's majority, 5,000; The Legislature is Republican by an increased majority.

TEXAS. QUITS SOLID.

GALVESTON, Nov. 3.—The Democratic State and National tickets are carried by 70,000 majority. Shepherd, Democrat, for Congress, carries Galveston County by 2,000 majority, insuring his election, giving Texas a solid Democratic representation in Congress.

ALMOST UNANIMOUS.

TOPEKA, Kas., Nov. 3.—Returns so far received

ILLINOIS.

THE STATE. GENERAL RESULT.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

SPRINGPIELD, Ill., Nov. 3.—Cullom's majority is estimated here, from scattering returns received from all parts of the State, at over 20,000 It is believed that his vote will be not more the 2,000 or 3,000 less than that of Garfield,

FOURTH. GENEVA, Ili., Nov. 3.—The election return from Geneva are: Garfield and Arthur, 200 Hancock and English, 82; Cullom. 204; Sherwin 204; Evans, 204; Dutton, 208; Chisholm, 310; Her

204; Evans, 204; Dutton, 285; Chisholm, 340; Herrington, 294½; Carlisle, 235; Schiller, 116; Ryan, 285; Maioney, 83.

Sectal Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

RLOIN, Ill., Nov. 3.—The election returns from Kane County show the success of the entire ticket. C. P. Dutton, for Circuit Clerk, Nate Carlisle for Sheriff, T. E. Regan for State's-Attorney, and N. W. Williams for Coroner. Henry Evans is elected Senator, and Berry Chisholm, J. G. Wright, and James Herrington, Representatives. In this county the Republican gain over 1876 is nearly 800.

Durner, Nov. 3.—Dundee cast 429 vetes for Garlield, 153 for Hancock, and 2 for Weaver. Cullom received 424, Trumbull 157, and Streeter 2. The State ticket received the same majority. J. C. Sherwin, Republican candidate for Congress, burs a majority of 276; Evans, State Senator, of 283. For State Representative, Chisholm Republican received. 1 287 vetes: Width

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune,
ROCKPORD, Ill, Nov. 3.—Official returns show
the following to be the vote for President and
Governor: On President, Gardeld, 4,619; Hunthe following to be the vote for President Governor: On President, Gartield, 4,619; cock, 1,510; Weaver, 260. On Governor, Cu 4,513; Trumbull, 1,500; Streeter, 379. Summa Wright, Republicans, and McDonald, Demarc elected to the Legislature, and the capublican taket is elected throughout. Republicans are so jubliant that a large and thusiastic joilification meeting is being he the headquarters. There is a grand fillurtion in front of the bail, and a fine displication was wifnessed. Prominent Demo

2,470; Dunn, 652%; McDonal, 941.

DE KALB.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

SANDWICH, Ill., Nov. 3.—Republican majority,
Second Precinct, Somonauk Township, 80,—a
gain of 18; total Republican majority in township, 423.—a gain of 38. Victor Township gives
Gardield 22 majority,—a gain of 28. Indications
are De Kalb County gives 2,800 Republican majority.—a gain of over 300. Cox, Independent,
for Clerk, and Earl, for Sheriff, have received a
scant vote. Wood and Loucks, Republican, and
probably Clark. Democrat, are elected to the
Legislature in this, the Thirteenth District.

FULTON, Ill., Nov. 3.-The cou from Whitesides County are 3,914 for Gardeld; 2,214 for Hancock; 403 for Weaver. The State ticket and Congress are about the same as Pres-

own in Whitesides County show the majority for Jarfield to be 1,706; for Cullom, 1,739 majority: or Hawk, Republican, for Congress, 2,217. The rote in the county for President is: Garfield 3,020; Hancock, 2,214; Weaver, 401.

JO DAVIESS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

GALENA, Ill., Nov. 3.—Nineteen towns out of twenty-one in this county give Republican majorities as follows: Garfield, 630; Cullom, 600; Hawk, for Congress, 600; Sunderland, for State Senator. 439; Avery, for Circuit Clerk, 700; Pool, for Sheriff, 500; Wagdin, for State's Attorney, 300; Possmore, for Coroner, 400. Moore, for Assembly, has a large majority over Carr, Democrat, though figures cannot be given.

SIXTH.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
DIXON, Ill., Nov. 3.—Lee County gives Garfield
1,120 majority over Hancock, a gain of 115 over
the vote of 1878. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna, HENNEPIN, Ill., Nov. 3.—Putnam County, com-

Hennepin, ill., Nov. 3.—Putnam County, complete: Garfield's majority, 201; Cullom's majority, 208; Cassell's majority (Senator), 156. Note for Rapresentatives—Thornton, Republican, 1,028; Stowell, Republican, 1,1004; Baley, Democrat, 2544; Martin, Democrat, 2584.

BUREAU.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.
SPRINGFIELD, Nov. 3.—In Burcau County Garfield has about 1,430 majority.
Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.
PRINCETON, ill., Nov. 3.—The Republican majority in Burcau County on the State and National ticket is 1,490. Congressman Henderson's majority is 1,500. Charles Baldwin and Sylvanus Ottman, Republicans, and John Welch, Democrat, had little opposition by Simon Elliott, Greenbacker. The Greenback vote of the county was 7,078.

HENRY.

Was 7,078.

HENRY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

SPRINGFIELD, Nov. 3.—Henry County, complete: Gardeld, 4,466; Hancock, 2,050; Weaver, 730; Cullom, 4,407; Trumbull, 1,914; Streeter, 947; Henderson, 4,460; Trusdell, 1,942; McKinney, 732.

SEVENTH.

KENDALL. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

PLANO, III., Nov. 3.—The full vote of Kendall County is in, and these figures are official: Garfield received 1,954 votes; Hancock, 912; Weaver, \$33; Garfield's majority, 1,042. In 1876, R. B. R: Garfield's majority, 1,042. In 1876, R. B. Hayes received 1,809; Tiliden, 524; Cooper, 309. For Governor, Cullom, 1,934; Trumbuli, 582; Streeter, 236. For Congressman, Seventh District, Cullen, Republican, 1,946; Evans. Democrat, 676; Barber, Greenback; 172. For Representatives. Thirteenth Senatorial District, Loueks and Wood. Republican, 2,651; Clark, Democrat, 1,982; Ciover, Greenback, 771. The State ticket is substantially the same, respectively. The Republicans gain 85, the Democrats 388, and the Greenbackers lose 76.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

JOLIET, Ill., Nov. 3.—The entire city vote is 2,425. Hancock's plurality is thirty-eight. All but three towns of Will County give Garfield a majority of 1,721, which will be increased to 1,800. The county Republican ticket was elected by majorities ranging from 820 to 1,500. Collins and Stratton, Republicans, and Shumway, Democrat, were chosen Representatives to the General Assembly. Weaver's vote in the city was 303.

LA SALLE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

Ortawa Ill., Nov. 3.—Returns from the

Was 303.

LA SALLE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.
OTTAWA, Ill., Nov. 3.—Returns from the county for all but three townships show a Republican majority of about 600 upon the National ticket, a gain of 300 over four years ago, the rural towns giving about the same majorities as then. The Republicans cleet two members of the Logislature—Issae Ames and F. M. Robinson—against a Greenbacker and a Democrat. The Republicans cleet Arnoid, Recorder, Clark, Sheriff, and Weis, Coroner. The Democrats secure Taylor, Circuit Clerk, and Brewer, Prosecuting Attorney.

GRUNDY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.
MORRIS, Ill., Nov. 3.—Official vote of Grundy County: Garfield, 2,163; Hancock, 1,151; Weaver, 173. For Governor, Cullom, 2,025; Trumbull, 1,169; Streeter, 216. For Congress, Cullen, Republican, 2,075; Evans, Democrat, 1,143; Barber, Greenbacker, 307. For Representatives, Loueks, Republican, 3,073; Wood, Republican, 3,073; Clark, Democrat, 2,113%; Clover, Greenbacker, 1,559.

EIGHTH.

PORD.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

PAXTON, Ill., Nov. 3.—The official returns of Ford County have been received and tabulated, and show the heaviest vote ever polled in Ford County—3,114. The victory is all on the Republican side, every Republican candidate receiv-County—3,114. The victory is all on the Republican side, every Republican candidate receiving a heavy majority, and it was well earned after a long and severe contest. The vote on President stands: Garfield, 1,87; Hancock, 780; Weaver, 455; Garfield's majority, 422. On Governor—Cullom, 1,72; Trumbull, 72s; Streeter, 300; candidateng, 8; Cullom's majority, 470. O. D. Lockett for Member of the State Board of Equalization receives the highest vote of any candidate—1983; S. H. McClure, Democrat, 941; S. McClure, 124; Sackett's majority, 888. Lewis E. Payson, candidate for Congress, outrups Robert R. Wallace by 648. Goodspeed and Collier, for Representatives, carry this county by large majorities over Frew and Green, Greenback and Democratic candidates. Indications are that Frew is beaten on

NINTH.

this city and county give the Republican the amajority of 2,500. John H. Lewis, Republican ties is elected to Congress by about 750 majority. The Senator, two members of the Legislatur and the entire county, Republican tiuke, elected by majorities ranging from 1,500 to 300. This city gives Garfield 200 majority.

ELEVENTH.

ROCKPORT, Ill., Nov. 3.—Eight hus TWELFTH.

ons, 6,10; Adair, 23; Dem Derly, 6,318; Thompson, 240; ,482; Starkel, 6,187; Ingram, 188;

Special Dispatch to The Obicago Tribust.
SPRINGPIELD, Ill., Nov. 3.—Springer is undoubtedly reclected to Congress by a somewhat decreased majority. He places his majority at about 2,000. His majorities are roughly estimated at 3,000 in Scott, 600 in Christian, and 600 in Menard. Sangamon gives him 623,
CHRISTIAN.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Nov. 3.—Christian. Co-Hancock, 600 majority; Trumbull, 620; B lican gain, 180. lican gain, 130.

*SCOTT.

WINCHESTER, Ill., Nov. 2.—Scott County, official vote: Hancock, 1,28; Garfield, 1,08; Weaver, 129. For Governor—Trumball, 1,28; Cullom, 1,081; Streeter, 151. For Congress—Springer, Democrat, 1,284; Morrison, Republican, 1,041; Müller, Greenback, 128.

THIRTEENTH.

M'LEAN AND OTHERS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Nov. 3.—Smith's majority over Stevenson, Democrat, is about 500. Official figures are not all in, but all doubt as to the result is dispelled. The Democrats this morning jubilated over alleged information from outlying counties giving heavy returns for Stevenson, but are now filled with despair. Stevenson is defeated in his own county, McLean, by about 1,350. De Witt gives Smith I majority. All the others give Stevenson majorities by the following figures: Logan, 110; Tazowell, estimated, 400; Misson, 425.

Smith's majority in the district is probably 355, and it will not vary over twenty from that number. Smith run 200 ahead of his ticket in Tazewell, his own county, and Stevenson led his in this, his county, by something over that figure Culiom is ahead of his ticket in McLean County.

DE WITT. THIRTEENTH.

DE WITT.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.
CLINTON, Ill., Nov. 3.—Full returns from Ds
Witt County give Garfield 181 majority over
Hancook,—a net gain of 175 votes. The utmost
enthusiasm prevhils in this city and county
over the result of the election.

MASON.

MASON.

MASON.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

HAVANA, Ill., Nov. 3.—Mason County showlarge Republican gains over 1878. Stevenson, for Congress, has 421 majority, a reduction of 364.

FOURTEENTH. MACON.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribunz.

DECATUR, Nov. 3.—The following is the vote in Macon County: Garfield, 3,445; Hancock, 3,685; Weaver, 177; a Republican gain over Tilden's vote of 42; Cullom, 3,429; Trumbuil, 3,033; Streeter, 229; Cullom's majority, 306. The balance of the State teket is in like proportion. For Congress, Cannon, Republican, received 3,430; Scott, Greenback-Democrat, 3,280; Cannon's majority 124,—a gain of 93, Member of the State Board of Equalization, Emery, Republican, 3,476; Harpstorite, Democrat, 3,422; Votr of Representatives. Rogers, Republican, 4,921; Durfee, Democrat, 4,991; Axton, Democrat, 4,162; Thorp, Greenbacker, 785. All the Republican candidates for county offices except Coroner elected by from 76 to 659 majority.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Springfield, Nov. 3.—In Platt County Garfield's majority is 275. Cullom runs ahead of Garfield. The Republicans elect everything in that district and county.

CHAMPAIGN.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

CHAMPAIGN.

CHAMPAIGN, Ill., Nov. 3.—Champaign County all but one town gives Garfield 4.636; Hancock.

3,550; Cullom and Trumbull the same. Cannon for Congress, has a majority in the county of GSS; in the district, 2,140. The entire Republican county ticket is elected.

Special Dispatch to Fas Chicago Tribuna.

DANVILLE, Ili. Nov. 3.—Returns come in very slowly in this county from the country precincts, and nothing that is official can be given. At this hour the indications are that the Republicans will carry the county by an increase of 3M of 400 over 1876, going out with a majority of 1,200 to 1,400.

will carry the county by an increase of 300 at 400 over 1876, going out with a majority of 1,200 to 1,400.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Hoopzsrown, Ill., Nov. 3.—The election passed off quietly. A full vote polled, Garfield's majority over Hancock, 216; Culiom's over Trumbull, 216; Cannon, Republican candidate for Congress. Fourteenth District, over Scott, Fusion, 144. The Republican gain in the township, 123. This county (Vermilion) will give a Republican majority of 1,000. The Republicans will hold a grand jolithcation meeting to-morrow night.

TOROGLA, Hi., Nov. 3.—The Republicans of this county are jubinnt to-day. The whole ticket has been elected by an increased majority. We gain the Circuit Clerk and the Sheriff. The National and State ticket was carried by 150 majority. In this (Douglas) county, Cannea, for

FIFTER

SIXTER

EIGHTE Special Dispatch to The ANNA, Ill., Nov. 3.—Five publican gain of 94 above Thomas is running ahea think Hartzell's uniority less than 1,000. ALEXAN

CAIRO, Ill., Nov. 3.—Ale. small Republican majority tional tickets. The Repu-defeated by an Independ-tion, for Congress in the reflected by about 1,500 m Special Dispatch to Ti PERR Special Dispatch to Ti PINCKNETVILLE, Ill., No Ilcan, majority over Har slound district, 1,400. The (the Forty-eighth Senato doubt elected over Mel small majority.

NINETE RICHLE
Special Directe to T
OLNEY, Ill., Nov. 3.—1
here yesterdny very qu
lows: Hancock's major
Tilden carried the county
majority of 147. Trumbu
ernor, 118. Townshend's
for Congress, 128. Shirley
forer Tanner. Republican
For Representatives. Le
Democrats, have major
and Keene: Republican
fourth) Senatorial distr
lican State Senator and
General Assembly. Th
this county by small major
Circuit Clerk, and Sheriff

Special Dispatch to T Springfield, Ill., No ives Trumbull 1,150; Cu ain of 83. SHAWNEETOWN, III., No Township of Shawneetow field, 255; Trumbull, 355; ney, 256; Townshend, 254 gress, Renard, 346; Patte OPIN Alexa Bost stary

NEW YO

Special Disputch to 1
New York, Nov. 3.—1 who were visible this me few, were resigned, and none seemed inclined to thoroughly demoralized men than were to be see the Democratic party men than were to be see the Democratic party 1 difficult to find. They cut fate, but refused decistrong language, to talk in this State. New Je One man, perhaps n any of his consorts, formation that Net for the Democrats, but a Republicans have elected.

clared carly in the canvass what we here take leave to repeat,—that he is a person of commanding intellect, a voluminous experience in public affairs, incapable allike of personal venality or malignity, and capable of being, and of wishing to be, a just Chief Magistrate. That this will be his purpose and policy, we sincerely hope. Hitherto Gen. Garfield has had but a narrow sphere to move in; and if he has contined himself too closely within its limitations, the error is due rather to his placing too great an estimate upon his representative character and duty than to the obliquities of opinion congenial to himself. He steps from his place as a Congressman for the most hide-bound district in the Union to the Chief Magistracy thereof; and, bad as his political record has been, we are not willing to believe him unable to rise above it until we have seen himsink to its level. He is ambitious withal, and having a mind and heart which do not want for virtues to guide him, and, unlike his immediate predecessor, coming in at the front and not at the back door, it will be a crime which he can see, and whose consequences he can measure, if he does not rely upon the country at large for his support, and seek the very earliest opportunity to declare his independence of the corrupt and despotic bosses who will seek to rule his Administration with an iron hand."

MEMPHIS.

given to the canvass by the selection of Barnum

as Chairman was a blunder, and so was the cam-paign a succession of astonishing blunders. It was a carnival of narrow-minded politicians, where they played fantastic tricks. The consequences that follow Tucsday's election will be the dissolution of the two solid sections that are now arrayed against each other. How and by what means the result will be secomplished will be manifested after the meeting of Congress."

THE "APPEAL."

what means the result will be secomplished will be manifested after the meeting of Congress."

The Appeal says: "The Republicans have carried every Northern State, except New Jersey, and that is Democratic by a greatly reduced majority. The bemocratic by a greatly reduced majority. The section a night out of sight by the flood of Republican votes. The Solid South stands almost alone for Democratic principles. The sections are more sternly defined to-day than they were in 1840. Those defeats, so disappointing to those who had hoped for an honestly administered Government during the heat four years, is the result of the appeal to the sectional passion and prejudice of the people of the North made by Grant, Conkling, Evarts Beecher, John Sherman, Ingersoli, and others, and lessers lights Conkling rave the keynote to the canvass, and they sounded it on every stump. But the work of slandering the Southern people was not loft to the politicians. The press teemed with falsehoois manufactured out of whole cloth, and the pulpit swarmed with zealots who reviled and detracted from a people of whom they know but little more than their audiences, mainly

MEMPHIS, Tonn., Nov. 8.—The Avalanche

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI.

THE "GAMETTE."

Special Dissole to The Chicago Tribuna.

CINCINNATI. O. Nov. 3.—The Gazette concedes the election of the Democratic candidates in all the doubtful districts. The Congressional delegation will probably be solid as before. The majority for Hancock in the city, however, will be cut down considerably, perhaps as lowers 3,500. The Republicans police a very large vote. In Ohio the Republican majority will not vary 1,000 from 35,000.

A report to the Engather to night stating that New York was claimed for Hancock by 10,000 set Democrats wild with delight. A ratification meeting was organized at Hopkins and speeches made. The activity of the gamblers, however, soon showed the origin and motive of the report. It spread, however, with surprising rapidity, and set the whole town agog.

BALTIMORE.

Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribune.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 3.—The Baltim Gazette, the uncompromising Bourbon organ of Maryland, still continues to mislead its readers by declaring that the result is not positively determined for the Republicans, and that the State of Indiana is in doubt. It cannot emphasize, wever, too much the fact that New Jersey and the Solid South are united for Hancock.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, NOV. 4.—The Times, in its editorial on the election, says: "There are good reasons for believing that Gen. Garfield's administration will be like the present que.—moderate in policy. Though we must read that civil-service reform and free trade have been equally thrust into the background during the campaign, and are evidently not for the moment eagerly desired by any considerable proportion of the

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Nov. 3.—The Acalanche tomorrow editorially says: "Hancock's defeat
proves that the Democrats failed to convince
the Northern voters that the restoration of the
Democratic party to power would be a desirable
change. The Democrats made but a feeble attempt to convince the voters that a change
of Administration was necessary. Instead
of discussing measures or men,
public policy that would promote a general warfare, the Democratic managers assailed the personal character of Gen. Garfield and expeuded
all their force from first to last trying to convince Republican voters that Garfield was a
thief and perjurer. The low tone and character
given to the canvass by the selection of Barnum into the background during the campaign, and are evidently not for the moment eagerly desired by any considerable proportion of the American people, the abatement of the animosities on both sides which were kindled even so recently as the contest of 1876 by the Southern question permits us to hope that very soon the sectional livisions of the Republic will be obliterated, and be supparated by a division of parties unconnected with the slave system and the Clvil War. The foreign policy of the Republican party, in spite of the friction caused, by the War and the Alabama claims, has been on the whole friendly to this country and to peace all over the world. In the days before secession, when the slaveholding South and the Democratic party had to depend largely upon the Irish vote in the Northern cities, then recruited from immigrants full of recent hatred to England, it was the fashion to denounce the British Government and nation, not only in the press but in Congress, in speeches of responsible statesmen and even in official documents. Our relations with the American Government during the past twenty years present no parallel to the deplorable controversies associated with the Prosidencies of Polk, Pierce, and Buchainan. The tone of political discussion in the United States, so far as England is concerned, has steadily improved, and though this is due in part to the absorption of Irish immigrants in American society, it is eertain the Republicans have less temptation than the Democrats to revive the relations of international jealousy and insult.

LONDON STANDARD.

MATERIAL CHANGE IN POLICY TO BE EX-PECTED.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The Standard, in a leading editorial this morning on the Presidential election, in the United States says: "The Administration of Gen. Garfield is not likely to differ materially in policy from that of Mr. Hayes. It is, indeed, probable enough that the old Senato-rial ring which was master of the situation durrial ring which was master of the situation during Gen. Grant's second Presidency, and which strove hard to carry the third-term movement to a successful issue, will become more powerful than it has been of late, and will once more monopolize and employ for its own purposes the patronage of the Government and its Executive influences. It is tolerably evident that American reformers have given up the hope for the present of purifying the party organization and breaking down the detestable system which gives the spoils to the victors. It has been shown in the recent contest that it is impossible to excite any strong anti-Southern feeling in the North, and as the publican party were only interested in keeping up the anti-Southern cry because they relied upon it as an itexhaustible fund and easy popularity, it may be predicted that this wornout question will be dropped. Thus one of the gravest dangers of Gen. Grant's policy has been removed. Republican politicians must see that it is to their advantage as a party to maintain the policy of non-merventon." t is to their advantage as a party to mai the policy of non-intervention."

LONDON DAILY NEWS.

London, Nor. 3.—The Dally News says: "The chances seem to be that during the next four years, contrary to the expectations of some politicians, the South will become more reconciled to the Union, and the North will not be divided against itself. The result is one of more importance than foreign observers fully recognize. In its merely personal and superficially political aspects the contest might not seem to the English public to have any profound interest. The candidates were both of them undoubtedly well qualified to claim the position which has of late commonly been assigned rather to the men who had not made many enemies than to the men who had distinguished themselves by great political services. Neither party, it seems to us, has proved itself equal to its opportunities. Since the close of the Civil War the Democrats have not retrieved nor the Republicans maintained their historical character. Even if the political principles of the two parties were now the same, yet their antecedents are different. The best claim of the Republican party is that it represents and always must represent un history the principles which seemed to be down in the dust when the Democrats of New York were stirring up resistance to the levy of Union troops, and which triumphed in spite of the Democrats at Gettysburg, Savannah, and Richmond." LONDON, Nov. 3 .- The Daily News says: "The

LONDON ADVERTISER.

A PRIEND OF HANCOCK. London, Nov. 3 .- The Advertiser says: "We cannot but regret the result. In the first place there is no comparison between the merits of the two men. Garfield is a third-rate Republican party politician, belonging not perhaps to the school of the Blaines, Conklings, and Camerons, but quite as little to that of the reformers like Adams or administrators like Sherman. He is the nominee of the wire-pulling interest. Hancock is, with few exceptions, the most distinguished, and without a single exception, we believe, the most loyal, honest, and high-minded soldier still in the active service of the Union. He is a man of distinction—so great that even his obnoxious Democratic polities could not prevent his retention in active service when twenty-nine-thritteths of the soldiers, officers, and Generals of the Federal army were relegated to civil life, and since the younger Adams no man of character equally high, no man so completely answering to what Englishmen mean by a gentleman, has filled the Presidential chair. Garfield belongs to the type of which Lincoln was the best and Andrew Jackson by no means the worst example.

PROMISE OF PEACE AND GOOD WILL. LONDON, Nov. 3.—The Post in a leader r LONDON, Nov. 3.—The Post in a leader remarks: "With the result, so far as European Powers are interested in American politics, we on this side of the Atlantic have reason to be satisfied. Whether a Republican or a Democratrules at Washington is a matter which now exclusively interests the citizens of the Republicanor is it probable even if the twenty years of uninterrupted reign of the Republican party had now been proken that the relations subsisting between the United States and ourselves would have undergone any perceptible change. We have had our differences of late years with the American Government, but these differences have been happily terminated. We therefore have every reason to conclude that during the next four years of Republican supremacy the relations between the United states and Great Britain will not only be undisturbed but be thoroughly cordial."

PALL MALL GAZETTE

PALL MALL GAZETTE
GIVES CREDIT TO HAYES.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The Pull Mall Gazette this
evening says; "It would be a mistake to regard Gen. Garfield's election as a triumph of the
politicians who brought discredit on Gen.
Grant. The strong feeling in the United States
in favor of the honest and patriotic policy of
the present Cabinet would teach far less shrewd
men than Gen. Garfield to follow the lines laid
down by Mr. Hayes. For England the situation
is satisfactory, as it resulted in a victory for the
party which is most inclined to encourage satisfactory relations between England and
America."

BLOOD PURIFIER.

Liver Complaint, Costivoness, Bilious Att Indigestion, Jaundice, Loss of Appeti-Headache, Dizziness, Nausea,

ELECTRIC APPLIANCES.

A Lack of It Disease and Death. Disease Cured! The Vital Forces Restored

For Young Men, Middle-Aged Men, and Men there is a Natural Way out of

Special illustrated pamphlet sent in scaled envelope on receipt of 6 cents postage. Consultation free. Office hours, 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

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CATABRH " RE

Wei De Meyer's

CURE—Unquestionably the most important medical discovery since vaccination. A remedy which assimilates with the mucous membrane, and forms not only a local but a constitution of the cons tutional cure at any stage. One package generally suffices. Delivered by Druggists or by D. B. Dewer & Co., 46 Dey-st., N. Y., \$1.50 complete. Treatise and remarkable statements by the cured mailed free. The afflicted can refer to:

Dr. W. H. TRUESDELL, Elgin, Ill. Mrs. H. HARPER, 786 Stone-st., Denver, Col. F. E. MASON, Mansfield, O. F. E. MASON, Mansheld, O.
Miss Marcy E. Ranker, 494 Clark-st., Chicago.
Mrs. M. E. Sheney, 2022 Savanah-st., St. Louis.
Mile. Almee, Opera Prima Donna.
PAUL BOYTON (the swimmer), Flushing, L. I.
SAN'I, BENEDICT, 697 Broadway, New York.
Rev. C. H. Taylor, 140 Noble-st., Brooklyn, N.Y.
Rev. A. H. Sunyapp, Frederick, Md

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SCALES
OF ALL KINDS.
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De magalite have only the Granina Be careful to buy only the Ger

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Rubber Gossamer Coats,
Ladies Circulars, off.,
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151 and 151 Lake-st.

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Brokers, 189 S. Clark-st. (in Gents'
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THIS WEEK - ONLY - THIS WE
The celebrated artists, Mr. and Mrs. GEO. S.

JESSIE BROWN. Friday, Saturday, and Matines—ARRAH NA POG Sunday, Nov. 7—BARLOW, WILSON, PRIMER & WEST'S MINSTRELS, the Foremost Troups the World

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In Mariden's comedy-drained
O'TTO: A GERMAN.
Introducing their famous Musical Specialities and
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Dinna Ye Hear the Slog ACNES ROBERTSON

The Operettina of DJACK AND DGILL.
MAN-TAMERS' CLUB. Triple Success! Tri
cores! Secure your seats early and avoid the Matinee Saturday at 2 p. m. Monday Night-THE BANKER'S DAUGHTER.

IN A PULLMAN PALACE CAR. cemen's Benevolent Association Benefit, inces Wednesday and Saturday at 2. day—Kiraify's Around the World in 50 Days. CENTRAL MUSIC-HALL.

Saturday Noon, Nov. 6, 1880, at 13 o'clock sl First Recital Upon the New Concert Organ. By MR. H. CLARENCE EDDY,
Assisted by MR. CARL TROLL, Violinist.
appearance in Chicago.)
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And her trained steed "Lightning," in MAZEPPA; Or, The Wild Horse of Turk Every Night this week and all the Matiness. FAIRBANK HALL.

Six Months Course of Lectures on FINE ART,

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MEDICAL.



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CERTIFICATE.

PARIS, July IS, ISTS-19 Ruy de la Paix.—A Mr. E. L., 55 years old, had been a wivower twenty-dve years; nervous temperament; htd-suffered for thirty years with spermatorrame, and for ten years with nervous debility and entire importence. For eighteen years he tried every known remedy without any benefit. He came to me and I advised him to try Ricord's with a Restorative. After four months he was disconracted but I insisted upon his continuing his use, and in also months he was restored to full health and vigor, go married, and has two fine children.

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Medicine de la Hosytal Charity.

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CAUTION.

It has been brought to my notice that a fornagent of mine in St. houis is preparing a spuritimitation of Ricord's Vital Restorative, and is use my trade-mark. The public are caustoned again dealing with any one claiming to be general agent. I have no general agents.

dealing with any one chiming to be general agent, as I have no general agents.

REWARE OF INITATIONS.

No R. V. R. is genuine unless my autograph signature is on every box. Richardson & Co. and Myer Bros. & Co. of St. Louis; T. L. Lyons, of New Orleans; John Keechan, of Cincinnsti; Van Schaack. Stevenson & Co. of Chicago; Smith, Doolittle & Smith, of Boston; and Charles N. Critienton, of New York, are the only recognized wholesale agents for the sale of Ricord's Vital Restorative to the trade, and all genuine boxes are procured of them by retail druggists for the convenience of the public. Ricord's Vital Restorative to the trade, and all genuine boxes are procured by addressing me direct.

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Notice is hereby given that R. L. De Lissor, of 2 Beckman-st. Now York.

Rostorative with the R. L. De Lissor, of 2 Beckman-st. Now York. The Ricord's Vital Restorative and Restorative and the special control of the Ricord's Vital Restorative, a seen my agent for her licerd's Vital Restorative, a seen my agent for leading and the succession of the Ricord's Vital Restorative, a seen my agent for leading and the succession of the Ricord's Vital Restorative, a seen my agent for leading the seen revoked.

CAUTION.

CAUTION.

It has been brought to my notice that De Lisser advertising under the name of Morrison, Planmor Co., of Chicago, a spurious imitation of thicord's Vita Restorative. The public are cautioned that no Rhoord Vital Restorative is genuine unless my autograp signature is on every box, and Messrs. Van Schnael Stevenson & Co., M Lake-st., are the only authorize wholesale agents in Chicago. S. B. SIGESMOND, M. D. New York, Oct. 1, 1880.

TRUSSES. RUPTURE \$100 Reward.

We will pay to a charitable institution 100 in case of an insuinal Herois that can be setained by the hand that we cannot retain with the PARKER RETENTIVE COMMON-SENSETHUSS, patented Jul 1,1856. BARTLIST, BUTMAN & PARKER LEGAL OF THE SENSETH SENS

DR. PARKER, the patentee, has had 20 years et perience, the last 8 years with Marine Hospitals. Any, Navy, and Pensioners, the Government havis adopted our appliance as the best in use.

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THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY. Curorrhen, Painful Menstruation, Ulcorrilon Obscuses, all discusses known as Formale Wused in England for years as a Periodicul at inting Pili. Sold by all Drugatats everywhere 1.00 per box, or six boxes for E.M. Sont by of postage, securely the GREAT MEDICINE Mechanics' Block Detroit, 2 Wholesale Agents for the United In Pampilets sent free. 22 Sold in Chicago by all Pruggists. VAN SCHAACK, STRVENSON & CO. 161 and 34 Lake-st. corner De

FIFTEENTH.

najority for Congress in Crawford

etal Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

38, Ill. 7 Nov. 3.—Moulton's majority in jointy is not less than 425.

LE, Ill., Nov. 3.—Lawrence il, Gartield and Cullom 10 ma-Congressman, 20.

Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune. ELD, Ill., Nov. 3.—Trumbuli's plural County is 340, a gain of 260 for Cul-

SIXTEENTH.

ARTALLA, Ill., Nov. 3.—The election passed cery quietly, no disturbance at all occurring, minent men of both parties watched the a very closely, and challenged all of whom were not sure were legal votes. About 300 as were challenged. This city and township Garfeld a majority of 175, a gain of 57 sover 1876, when Hayes carried it by 118 orily. Returns from the county and Sixth District are as yet meagre, but they all Hepublican gains in all the precincts thus heard from, and the Republicans now for the election of the whole fix ticket. Hosmer, Republican for Continuity, while Sparks, Democrat, for reson has lost considerable, and is probably at different considerable, and is probably at the considerable and at midnight a large and ed crowd thronged the street in Iront of publican headquarters when the reports a to come in, and at midnight a large and ed crowd thronged the street in Iront of publican wigwam. Two hundred volleys usketry were fired off, and the excitement intense as each come in. At 2 a. m. an amptu meeting was called at the Republicand the remarks of both the reserved of the street made to the report of the street was the street of the continuence of the street in an an an an an an entry was called at the Republican was called at the Republican made to be a large made to the reserved the street made to the street made to the recommendate the street made to the reports and the recommendate the street made to the reports and the recommendate the street made to the reports and the recommendate the street made to the reports and the recommendate the street made to the reports and the recommendate the street made to the reports and the recommendate the street made to the reports and the recommendate the street made to the reports and the recommendate the street made to the reports and the street made to the reports and the recommendate the street made to the reports and the recommendate the street made to the reports and the recommendate the recommendate the recommendate the recommendate the recommenda them, they consoled themselves with Democratic cethus/assm. To-day the excitement still continues, and at 7 p. m. the Republicans are parading the streets with the following mystic legend chalked on their backs: "329 Wins." This morning the Democratic wigwam was found to be draped in mourning, and the Democrats are very blue. The Republicans of the four counties in this vicinity will assemble Saturday for a greand ratification meeting.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.
PRINGFELD, III., Nov. 3.—Washington County
es Cullom 400 majority. The Hon. T. B. Nee
s has been elected Scuator, and both Repub
in Representatives are also elected. This is
ain of one Senator and one Representative

SEVENTEENTH.

MORIOE.

Spacial Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WATERLOO, Ill., Nov. 3.—The Democratic Electors' majority in Monroe, 531; Trumbull's majority, 531; Morrison's majority, 884.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WATERLOO, Ill., Nov. 3.—Monroe County, official cunvass, gives W. R. Morrison, Democrat, 1,821; John H. Hay, 906.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Monrison, 888; MoBride, 253.

MORIONEL.

MACOUPIN.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
CARLINVILLE, Ill., Nov. 3.—The election returns received from all the townships in the county give the following: Hancock's majority, 490; Trumbuli, 331; Morrison, Democrat, Clerk, 490; J. F. Sunderland, Sheriff, 225; Beli, Democrat, County Attorney, 450; C. A. Walker, Senator, 461. This county shows Republican gains. Morrison, Democrat, for Congress, is probably elected by a small majority. His majority in Monroe is 888. The Republicans are rejoicing over the grand victory.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
CARLINVILLE, Ill., Nov. 3.—Macoupin gives for Congress, Morrison, 4,374; Hay, 3,924.

ST. CLAIR. MACOUPIN.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Belleville, Ill., Nov. 3.—Twenty-six polls out of thirty give Hay 418 majority. Nothing reliable heard from the other counties in this district. Democrats claim Morrison's reflection by 1,000. Republicans concede it by 400.

MADISON.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.
ALYON, III., Nov. 3.—The Republican majority in this (Madison) country is from 32 to 600.
Nothing definit from the Congressional district, lithough the indications are that Morrison is rejected.

special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune EDWARDSVILLE, Ill., Nov. 3.—Madison County wes Garfield 342 majority. Hay, for Congress,

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

ANNA, Ill., Nov. 3.—Five precincts show a Republican gain of 94 above the Democratic gain.

Thomas is running abead of his ticket, and think Hartzeil's majority in this county will be less than 1,000. EIGHTEENTH.

ALEXANDER.

CAIRO, Ill., Nov. 3.—Alexander County gives a small Republican majority on the State and National tickets. The Republican county ticket is defeated by an independent. Thomas, Republican, for Congress in the Righteenth District, is reflected by about 1,500 majority.

PERRY. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

PINCKNEYVILLE, Ill., NOV. 3.—Thomas, Republican, majority over Hartzell in this Congressional district, 1,400. Thorn, Republican, in this (the Forty-eighth Senatorial) district, is without doubt elected over McBride, Democrat, by a small majority.

NINETEENTH. NINETEENTH.

RICHLAND.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune,
OLMEY, Ill., Nov. 3.—The election passed off
here yesterday very quietly, resulting as follows: Hancock's majority in the county, 106.
Tilden carried the county four years ago by a
majority of 147. Trumbull's majority over Parry
for Congress, 188. Shirley's (bemoerat) majority
over Tanner. Republican, for State Senator, 92.
For Representatives, Landrigan and Keene,
Democrats, have majorities of 155 over Crews
and Keene, Republicans. This (the Thirtyfourth Senatorial district will elect a Republican State Senator and two members of the
General Assembly. The Democrats cleet in
this county by small majorities State's-Atterney,
Circuit Clerk, and Sheriff.

WABASH.

Spring Fig. 11. Nov. 3.—Wabash County Ives Trumbull 1,150; Cultom 337,—a Republican min of 83.

GALLATIN. SHAWNEETOWN, Ill., Nov. 3.—Gallatin County, Township of Shawneetown: Hancock, 350; Gara-Beld, 265; Trumbull, 355; Cullom, 200; McCart-ney, 206; Townshend, 364; Pavey, 278. For Con-gress, Renard, 346; Patten, 238. OPINION.

NEW YORK CITY.

THE BOURBONS.

Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribuns.

W YORK, Nov. 3.—The Democrats, or those New York, Nov. 3.—The Democrats, or those who were visible this morning, and there were few, were resigned, and strange as it appears more seemed inclined to charpe fraud. A more thoroughly denoralized and implanable set of men than were to be seen at the headquarters of the Democratic party this morning would be diment to find. They cursed and bemoaned their fate, but refused decidedly, and with much strong isnguage, to talk about the result, either this State. New Jersey, or Pennsylvania. One man, perhaps more courageous than any of his consorts, vouchsaffed the information that New Jersey is safe for the Democratic State Committee, which once held forth in the St. James Hotel, has left for parts unknown. This morning the rooms were varieted, and an army of scrub-women were enacted in clearing from the floor, doors, windows, and casings the Democratic Bith. Up to 1 o'clock not a single member of the Committee had appeared at the rooms. At the National Democratic headquarters, when asked if they had any returns this morning, the response was, Not a return, except a return home."

Not a return, except a return nome.

DOXOLOGY.

It was half-past 4 o'clock this morning when the restivities at the Republican National Head-quarters over the Immonse tidal-wave that has a arercome the Democrats were brought to a close by a musical service. Bob Ingersoli was sitting beside Senator Dorsey in the telegraph room on the third floor observing the returns,

The Mail says: "In every department of en-terprise, there will now be a bound forward, and the activity of trade will now be fully resumed."

At 10 o'clock this morning the National and State Republicans, who were wild in their demonstrations of joy over yesterday's clean sweep. Many had not been in bed or seen their homes since Monday night, and the indications were that they were in for another twenty hours, until satisfied of the result in every direction. Gov. Jewell arrived at the committee-rooms shortly before 11 o'clock, his face radiant with joy. "When I went to bed this morning," he said, "It was certain that we had made a clean sweep. The dispatches which we now have at hand confirm everything with but one exception, and that is New Jersey. The result over there is yet in doubt, but the chances are strongly in favor of Potts and a Republican Legislature, which will insure a Republican in place of Randolph. We have carried this State beyond the Question of a doubt." JEWELL.

DURING THE FORENOON

beyond the question of a doubt."

DURING THE FORENGON

be was overwhelmed with callers and congratulatory letters. Many anxious inquiries were made concerning the result in Florida, but the only reliable information received from that State was a dispatch from Tallahasse to ex-Senator Hicks. It was to the effect that the Electoral vote was safe for Garfield and Arthur The returns concerning the Legislature were not sufficiently definit to show which party has been successful, but it looked as if the Democrats had secured both Houses and Bluxom, their candidate for Governor.

EX-GOV. M'CORNICK

was quite exultant over the great victory, and thus summarized the causes that led to it: First, the clear record of the present Administration; second, the general business prosperity of the country; third, the attitude of the Democrats in Congress; fourth, the spiendid achievements of the Republican party through twenty eventful years. Gov. McCornick, in referring to Gen. Garfield, said; "He is not only an able and experienced statesman, but he is an exceptionally strong one, and will make a strong and fearless Administration. Those who think him weak and irresolute will be mistaken. Moreover, "continued the ex-Governor, "Gen. Garfield will remember that he owes his election, not to any wing of, the Republican party, but to the party as a whole, and I predict that no man nor set of men will overshadow or control him."

THE VENERABLE THURLOW WEED is one of the happiest men in the city over the result of yesterday's battle. In the course of a

is one of the happiest men in the city over the result of yesterday's battle. In the course of a conversation with Trie Tribune representative to-day he said: "It's a great, a very great victory. For the past few days I felt that the majority would be very large. Victory was in the air. But this is a victory so pronounced that few Republicans could have foresoen it. It is the greatest uprising of the people in a Presidential struggle for forty years. Various issues were combined to produce this stupendous, momentous result. But one of the most potent influences in shaping this election was the Solid South. It was utterly distasteful to the Northern mind. The North feared the deeper meaning of this Solid-South cry, and especially when men like Gen. Wade Hampton taught in public addresses that the issues at stake were those for which the Rebellion was waged. The North looked at it as a threat to destroy much of that for which it warred in the cause of the Union. We shall, henceforth, hear little about the Solid South. The Southern States will henceforth really see two parties, and have the watchfulness and criticism coming from those, without which no community can be in a healthy condition. I think that the election of Gen. Garfield, with wisdom on the part of the Republican party, will secure a long-continued holding of power by that party. We have secured prosperity and a good Government."

A SORT OF PATENT IGNORAMUS.

Finally, the Democrats ought to get rid of the people who imagine they can carry an election by the invention of Chinese letters,—and, by the way, they might as well hunt up some real Democrats with brains, to manage their affairs hereafter."

WALL STREET. WALL STREET.

EFFECT OF THE NEWS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

New York, Nov. 3.—The interest in the election returns continues. The people here are reading with avidity- all the details which come from all sections of the country, especially from those States where the result has been considered doubtful. Of course the overwhelming victory of the Republican ticket has taken away the prime cause of the anxiety that was felt yesterday afternoon, and the result has caused a better feeling generally,—a feeling of greater security than had been experienced for some time past. We hear expressions of this kind on every hand, and there is no disguising kind on every hand, and there is no disguising the fact that the public generally now feel satisfied that an era of prosperity is as-sured that up to the present time hung some-what in doubt.

what in doubt.

WALL STREET, for instance, is one of the most conspicuous points of sympathy with public feeling. It throbs responsively to the Nation's pulsations. The financial interests have been most stoutly allied with the outcome of the election. It wears its brightest smile this morning. No allied with the outcome of the election. It wears its brightest smile this morning. No greater joy has been felt since the surrender of the Rebei hosts at Appomattox early in April, 1865. That was the victory after many battles,—this the victory of the ballot after many anxieties. The Solid South was arrayed in both instances against the integrity of the Union and the Nationality of the Government. United States bonds have advanced from ½ to ½ per cent since the closing quotations of Monday, making a total advance of about 3 per centum since the October elections in Obio and Indiana. Stocks in general have advanced from ½ to 3½ from Monday's figures, showing a total advance of from 5 to 25 per cent since the October elections. As these figures indicate, the result of yesterday's elections have been largely "discounted." To give an idea of the opinions of prominent Wall street men on the future of the stock market, I will give you the result of conversations with a few of them this afternoon.

ONE OF THE SELIGMANS
expressed the belief that the market would be well sustained for some time, notwithstanding the present high prices. He thought confidence had returned, and the general prosperity would keep up the good feeling. European advices were very favorable, showing a marked advance in many securities.

PRESIDENT FAHNESTOCK,

of the First National Bank, merely said: "Look at the market. I do not believe that there is a Democrat or kepublican who does not predict greater prosperity under Garfield."

MR. B. B. SHERMAN

considered Garfield's election favorable to prosperity. "If Hancock had been elected," said he,
"we would have had a biue streak."

The office of Rufus Hatch presented a mournful scene, it being drapped in crape and mourning. One sign has on it the following inscription: "Our Next President, Winfield S. Hancock, Died Nov. 2, 1883. Here Perished a Good and Noble Man, Killed by Too Many Votes on the Other Side."

WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON.
THE "POST."

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 3.—The dimensions of the Republican victory have not yet been fully learned, but all candid Democrats concede the certain election of Garfield by an undoubted and incontestible majority in the Electoral College. The Washington Post, a Bourbon organ, which yesterday, in double leads, aunounced that the Republicans would be compelled by force, if need be, to abide the results of the election, this morning is candid enough

accepted others." The Fost attributes the Re-publican success to the fact that all the cor-porate capital in the United States is identified with the Republican party; to the vast propor-tions of what it calls "the Federal machine," and to the great influence of the general pros-perity of the country, and the unwillingness of business men to consent to a change. and to the great influence of the general prosperity of the country, and the unwillingness of business men to consent to a change.

FELING OF THE BOURBONS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 3.—Those who have sought here to-day to find Democratic opinions found that the roply of Abram S. Hewitt is echoed everywhere among Democrats who will talk: "I have nothing to say, nothing to say, nothing only that we are badly licked." It was very difficult to find to-day any Democrat whose despondency would permit him to consider the result. The few leaders who are accessible say that they scarcely expected to win after the result in the October States, and that they did not deserve to win with such management. The National Committee in New York and the Congressional Committee bere share the denunciations of the party, and very grave charges are preferred against these Committees. It appears even that the Washington Committee has not respected its financial obligations, and it is now in debt some \$20,000 to printers and others for the necessary supplies and work of the campaign. "The only oasis in the dreary Democratic desert, the only bit of hope in the midst of all this wreck and rain, 'said a prominent Virginia Bourbon. "is that Mahone is defeated in Virginia Bourbon. "is that Mahone is defeated in Virginia Bourbon. "is that Mahone is defeated in Virginia Bourbon. "is that Mahone well say that the sneers of triumph with which the party press of Virginia is now filled will only the more permanently alienate Mahone from the Democratic party, and make it certain that he will vote with the Republicans for the reorganization of the Senato after March 4. Said another prominent Democrat, who was loyal to the Government during the War: "One trouble with our campaign has been that Gen. Hanceck was put to the front by the Solid

did not have the benefit of the association or counsel of the best men of his party. He was misled from the start. He permitted his supporters to organize a mad campaign. Their campaign literature consisted only in scandasi, and those were stale, and the consequence is that, in our generation, no party will hardly again venture upon a campaign of personal assault on the character of a candidate. The business interests of the country were overlooked, and grievance and mismanagement were the conspicuous features of the campaign.

were the conspicuous reason is known wherever intrigue is thickest, and is never mentioned when the roll of statesmen is called. It was a bad piece of work from the start." Barnum is universally execrated, the Democrats are most of them frank enough to acknowledge their overwhelming defeat, and there is no talk of Electoral Commissions or of "counting out." Indeed, the general inquiry of Democrats now is not why they were defeated, but whether there is a Democratic party. They admit that there is no longer a Solid South, when there is a Republican Governor and a Republican Legislature and four Republican Congressmen

and when the Republicans have gained sixteen Congressmen in the Southern States. They see to see the beginning of the that, and to talk about material and bus ness issues. There are many doleful faces, as, among the mass of Democrats bere, there probably are few who had not selected some fat office into which he thought he would be placed by the election of Hancock. Washington business-men are pleased with the result, and think it will give great impetus to business here. Permits for the erection of houses to the value of \$100.00 were issued to-day, which would not have been taken out had Hancock been elected.

REPUBLICAN COMMENT here over yesterday's victory may be summed

here over yesterday's victory may be summed up into the one declaration: "It is the hast battle of the War." Thus men who helped hold up Mr. Lincoin's hands the day of his death speak of it. "A common remark among Union veterans during the day was: "Its like a great battle. It will be a relief to know the result." To all it was the last battle of the political Brigadiers and their Northern allies, and the result was their Appomattox. All licepublicans seemed burning with the thought that the costly gains of the War were nearly all at stake, and the stars and Bars was seeking, by the ballot, to regain its lost power. The greetings of Republicans to-day have been such as the victories of the libedilion called out. There has been a great sense of relief. The gains of the War are considered as finhly safe. It is not deemed possible that the Solid South and its Northern allies can ever again rally in sufficient in peril. political Brigadiers and their Northern allies, and the result was their Appomattox. All liepublicans seemed burning with the thought that the costly gains of the War were nearly all at stake, and the same enemy that once stood in areas under the Stars and Bars was seeking, by the ballot, to regain its lost power. The greetings of Republicans to-day have been such as the victories of the Rebellion called out. There has been a great sense of recief. The gains of the War are considered as finhlly safe. It is not deemed possible that the Solid South and its Northern allies can ever again rally in sufficient strength to put the work of the Union soidiers in peril.

DOWN ON BARNUM.

Strong as the feeling here is against the barbarism that has marked the methods of the screen and their hard and elence salready intensibled in their hatred an

barism that has marked the methods of the campaign in a sarjority of the Southern States, it is mild compared to the disgust which is felt for the infamous work of the Northern leaders, under the direction of Barnum. Had the prisons of the North been opened and the experts in all crimes been given the management of the Democratic campaign, their efforts would not have ceilpsed Barnum's. Because of this feeling the course of the Southern Brigadiers with their shot-gun policy, their Mississippi plan, their Alabama and South Carolina counting and violence, is looked upon with more leniency than the forgeries, perjuries, and doalings with roughs and repeaters which have marked the methods of the National Democratic Committee.

On the SLY.

There are large numbers of Democratic merchants who do not disguise their pleasure, and the further fact has become known that quite a number of them have at different times contributed liberally for the general purposes of the Republican campaign and for public demonstrations here over Republican victories. In the main the only portion of the Democratic population that is disappointed is made up of those who haped for office or those interested in War claims of various kinds. There are many Democrats who express the belief that the Selid South will begin at once to break up, and in the next State elections there will be an independent party throughout the South, formed ont of the Democratic party, and looking for success to aid from both white and colored Republicans. The opinion is freely expressed among Democrats that the uprising of the Notth shows concusively that the Democratic party, as now organized, cannot successfully contend with the North. ON THE SLY.

CLAIM AGENTS. Among those most bitterly disappointed by the defeat are the crowd of claim agents who have worked hard for Hancock. The visions of settlements on cetten claims and the rejected cases covering millions have suddenly faded, and they know and feel that what Hancock was forced to write about Southern claims will be carried out by President Garfield, both in spirit and the letter.

CABINET-MAKING. Speculation in regard to the new Administra-tion has already begun. It is agreed that the very efficient work by the members of the pres-ent Cabinet piaces Gen. Garfield under marked obligations to them.

LOUISVILLE.

THE "COURIER-JOURNAL."

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 3.—Of the causes which led to the result of the election the Courier-Journal says: "We are unwilling to believe that the says: "We are unwilling to believe that the disaster which has overtaken the Democratic party is a defeat of the people. It is the defeat of the politicians. The politicians of the new Democratic party, ignoring moral forces, undertook to play a game of battledore with the Republican politicians. To do this they described a great principle. This was an irrevocable blunder. After it a series of accidents and mistakes followed as matters of course. The revolt of Mr. Kelly, the obduracy of Mr. Hendricks, the nomination of Mr. Landers, the ruining of the Indiana Supreme Court, which set asale the verdict of the ballotbox, and restored the October vote; the nomination of Mr. English,—all of which conspired from time to time to belittle a campaign ill-planned and ill-managed, and never big with inspiration. Began upon a low tone, it failed to give out from itest to last one breezy, soul-stirring note. In spite of the captivating personality of Gen. Hancock, the carly days of the canvass, which were devoted to the toolish work of smirching the character of Gen. Garfield, fell stale, flat and unprofitable on the country. The spirit of activity which, seizing upon a local complication in Maine to hammer out a few lurid sparks that dazzled and misled us, was practically lost by identifying our nominee with the greenback rottemess, and no sooner was the issue taken with the tariff plank in our National platform than, instead of trainshing a doctrine as old as the Democratic party, Gen. Hancock was induced to halt, he sitate, and put his foot in it. Then Mr. English proved a disappointment, and, declining to come down with the stamps, made confusion worse confounded in Indiana.*

WATTERSON ON GARFIELD.

Mr. Watterson acds of Gen. Garfield on the ruture of the parties: "The olection of Gardisaster which has overtaken the Democratic

pelled by force, if need be, to abide the results of the election, this morning is candid enough to admit that no doubt can be raised as to Garfield's title to the seat. It says that Garfield is elected by an undoubted Republican majority in the Electoral College, although it claims some of the Pucific States for Hancock, and also insists on a small Democratic majority in the House of Representatives. This latter claim it will doubtless be compelled to yield, but it will be reassuring to the business interests of the country to observe that the radical Bourbon organs recognize the incontrovertible result of yesterday, in words like this: "The Republicans have carried"

THEY TAKE IT COOLLY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 3.—For the first time in the history of Virginia since the War the defeat of a National Democratic ticket is quietly reof a National Democratic ticket is quietly received, and neither expressions of loud regret nor bolsterous abuse of the dominant party are heard. The difference between the effect of the receipt of this election intelligence and that four years ago is marked in this respect. The fact is, the people were so engrossed with local issues that they forgot National issues. The triumph of the debt-paying Democrats and Republicans over the Mahone Repudiationists is overwhelming.

The Evening State Democrat says this evening:
"The announcement that Hancock had fallen far behind in New York and Brooklyn was enough. It settled the question. The National Democracy had been again defeated,—defeated perhaps never, to raily again as a party,—and the people received the announcement with calm-

dreadful civil war. A political victory thus secured cannot last longer than the Administration that is the result of it. The best answer the Solid South can make to the
gross libels that have won for the Republican
party a fresh lease of power will be a devotion
to its material interests, a strict maintenance of the credit of its municipalities
and States, the rapid settlement of vacant lands, the extension of its railroad system, and the enlargement of its public
school system. For these the South is solid,
and believing still that the supremacy of Domocratic privileges is essential to the maintenance
of our Government, will continue to be solid,
and vote solidly for that party as long as it
exists.

people received the announcement with calmness and resignation. Our own great victory at nome was a balm for every other wound, and we could mock at a calamity so distant from us as the election of James A. Garfield. The defeat of Hancock ceased to be a disaster when coupled with the utter rout and discomfiture of Ma-This intimation from a heretofore stanch bemoeratic journal that the National Democratey has been defeated never to rally again as a party is significant, when the source from which it emanates is considered. It indicates that the first break in the Solid South is begun in Virginia. How and by whom commenced remains yet to be developed.

ATLANTA.

THE "CONSTITUTION."

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 3.—Commenting on the result of the election, the Constitution says: "It is the culmination of a series of blunders, beginning with the Potter Committee and ending with the surrender of the party to the selfish whims of an element which had John Kelly for the commending General. It would appear that its commanding General. It would appear that the line of sectionalism has been drawn by the voters of the North, but there is nothing devoters of the North, but there is nothing depressing in this fact. We are willing that the North should draw a sectional line in politics if the South be permitted to draw a line with respect to the progress and improvements of those conditions and forces which make a people happy in their fields, their workshops, and their homes. We have a prosperous future before us, and to this end we should hook intently. We have the cause of public education to promote and the welfare of a great and growing section to foster. The South expected little more from Gen. Hancock's administration than it will ask from Gen. Garfield's. We want nothing more than simple, exact, absolute justice. If the new President owes nothing to the South, he at least owes something to the country, and we shall be glad to see him cancel this debt by giving us an administration as fair, just, and as clean as that of Mr. Hayes.

THE FORSAKEN.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 3.—Prominent Dem-INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Nov. 3.—Prominent Democrats have avoided being interviewed to-day. Senator McDonald came down to his office very late and retired early. Gov. Hendricks declared there had been no election; that it was all a horrible mistake; then, smiling, passed on his way. The Hon. William H. English is evidently not so depressed as he was on the day of Landers' defeat, yet he feels had enough, and hooks decidedly haggard. He did not go to his office, nor have his committee rooms been opened during the day. He was seen walking in front of his house in the latter part of the afternoon, but his eyes were fixed upon the pavement, and he refused to be interviewed. A report based upon Democratic authority has it that his expenditures on

INDIANAPOLIS.

need on the Fifth Page.

LONDON TIMES. LONDON, Nov. 4.-The Times, in its editorial

CURES DYSPEPSIA.

Heartburn, Depression of Spirits, Sores, Boils Pimples, Skin Diseases, Eruptions, Foul Breath, and all Diseases arising from Impure Blood.

The Hambury Drops are recommended as being the best and cheapest Family Medicine ever offered and are sold by Bruggists and Dealers at 50 Centus a Bottle. Directions in Eleven Languages. Genuine bears the fac-aimile signature, and private proprietary stamp of A. VOCELER & CO.,

BALTIMORE, MD., U.S.A.



cannot but regret the result. In the first pla

LONDON POST.

VIENNA.

VIENNA.

"A GREAT BENEFIT."

Vienna (Austria) Free Presse.

If the Republican party should be victorious, and secure the Federal power for four years more, it would be of great benefit not alone to the United States, but also to Europe. As Europeans we have only one objection to the

Rev. A. H. Sumner, Frederick, Md. Rev. Geo. E. Pratt, St. Stephens Church, Phila. Rev. C. J. Jones, New Brighton, N. Y., &c., &c. A real cure of Catarrh for \$1.50!

SHOES. 86 State-st. RUBBER GOODS.

NO CUREN DR. KEAN.

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY. Cures

MACON.
to The Chicago Tribune.
The following is the vote in rifield, 3,445; Hancock, 3,068; blican gain over Tilden's Cullom, 3,429; Trumrecter, 223; Cullom's ilance of the State ticket is For Congress, Cannon, Res. 4,00; Scott, Greenback-Cannon's majority 150, 50.
Member of the dization, Emery, Republication, Emery, Republication, Emery, Republication, 4,964; Can, 4,22; Durfee, Democrat, 4,152; Thorp, and the Republican candies except Coroner elected fority.

TEENTH.

TEENTH.

TEENTH.

AND OTHERS.

to The Chicago Tribune.

Nov. 3.—Smith's majoritynorrat, is about 500. Official
but all doubt as to the ree Democrats this morning
ed information from outg heavy returns for Stevend with despair. Stevenson
a county, McLean, by about
Smith I majority. All the
n majorities by the follow110; Tazewell, estimated,
the district is probably 355,
wer twenty from that numhead of his ticket in Tazeand Stovenson led his in
omething over that figure,
is ticket in McLean County.

ELFTH.

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Grand Opera-House.

It street, opposite new Court-House.

of Agnes Robertson. "Jessie Brown Hooley's Theatre. h street, between Clark and La Salle. En of the Comley-Barton Comman.

Haverly's Theatre, en street, corner of Monroe. En th and Mestayer Combination. ' an Palace Car." Olympic Theatre. Clark street, between Lake and Handelph. Engage ent of Miss Maud Forrester. "Mazoppa."

SOCIETY MEETINGS. O. F.—First Grand Complimentary Ball of court Unity Pleasure Club," to be belt Thursday rening, Nov. 4 at West Twelfth Street Turner Hall cening, Nov. 4 at West Twelfth Street Turner Hall cening, and friends of the Order cordially invited.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1880.

An international railway exhibition will be

THE English coasting steamer Elemore, with all hands (fifteen persons), was lost in the recent gale of the eastern coast of England.

The Democratic ring candidate for Mayor of New Oriena was defeated in Tuesday's election by Mr. Joseph A. Shakespeare, the Independent Democrat. With this exception, however, the candidates of the ring organized by Sheriff Fitspatrick and Randali Gibson were

ANOTHER South American revolution is immogneed. Ventimilia, the President of the depublic of Ecuador, has been deposed and his lovernment disbanded. The purposes and character of the successful revolutionists are

Two muck buildings comprising the construction department and containing the machinery and bullet presses of the United States Arsenal at Benicia, Cal., were destroyed by fire The cause of the fire has not been ascertained.

SMALL-POX prevails to an alarming extent at San Francisco. On Monday not less than thirty-six cases were discovered. The patients were immediately removed to the pest-house. The Health Officers have been granted extraordinary powers that they may be able to check the spread of the disease. They are working inclusive and respectively.

Mayor, is elected only by a majority of 2,900. Dockerty, caudidate for Register, has only 8,200, while the Huncock ticket has a majority of 41,354. It is evident that the New York Demorats are thred of the Bossship of John Kelly. The majority for the Republican ticket in New York State will reach 25,000 at least.

GEN. GARRIELD's plurality in Connecticut GEN. GARRIELD's plurality in Connecticut is 2,618, and that of Mr. Bigelow, Republican candidate for Governor, is 2,328. Three out of four Congressmen are Republicans. The Logislature is Republican in bout branches, and on joint ballot by a majority of 58, which insures the election of a Republican successor to Senator Eaton. Barnum was repudlated by his own

Ir will be gratifying to Republicans and Democrats alike to learn that the notorious Ackien has been defeated in the Third Louisiann District. He gives way to a good Republican, Mr. Darrall, who was counted out by a Democratic Congress four years ago. His majority this time is about 4,000, and, as there is not much probability of a Democratic Congress, he will not be counted out again.

FROM present indications it is all but certain that lows will give Gen. Garfield 85,000 majority. The Congressional delegation from the State will be solidly Republican. Mr. Kasson beats Gillotte, Fusionist, in the Seventh District by 4,000 majority. The result in the Sixth District, now represented by Gen. Weaver, is close, but Mr. Cutts, Republican, has a majority of 69 and is elected beyond doubt.

THE REV. THOMAS K. BEECHER, who accepted the nomination of the Greenbackers and the indorsement of the Democrats for Congress in the Elmira (Twenty-ninth New York) district, was beaten Tuesday by 1,200 majority. Mr. Rich-ardson, the present Republican Congressman, has been rediccted. The Rev. Mr. Beecher sold himself to the Democrats of himself to the Democrats for a mess of pottage, and then he didn't get it.

FAIR, of the bonanza firm, has captured the Nevada Legislature, and will succeed Sharon. It is probable that the State has also gone Democratic, and that Cassidy, the Democratic Congressman, will succeed Dayret, Republican, as the Representative of the State in the next Congress. The result is as much to be attributed to the unpopularity of Sharon as to Fair's popularity and money.

Cuicago elects three Republican Congressmen by very handsome majorities. Mr. Aldrich's majority in the First District is 4,162, Congressman Davis defeated the gentleman from Kane by 4,525 votos, and Mr. Farwell's majority over his youthful competitor is 4,743. Mesars. Mattocks. Farusworth, and Smith. Jr., have come out of the contest sadder, poorer, but may hap where and less ambitious men.

Gov. Sr. John is reflected in Kansas by Gov. Sr. John is rediected in Kansas by 40,000 majority, but the State will probably give 60,00 to Gen. Garfield. All three Republican Congressmen are elected. Gov. St. John was scratched on account of his temperance principles. Congressman Haskell's majority in the Second District of the State was cut down to 800 owing to local causes and to the union of the Greenbackers and Democrats against him.

tions. The Globe (Fory) is very eased at the result of the el-te Dully News, Liberal Ministerial office its that during the next four years the dicts that during the next four years the Souta will become more reconciled to the Union, and that the North will not be divided against itself. The Post, aristocratic organ, thinks that the election of Gen. Garfield means peace with America. The Standard, Beaconsheld ultra Tory organ, fears that the "Senatorial Ring will capture Gen. Garfield," and bewails the fate of the Solid South. The Standard putted the Solid South on the back during the late unpleasant-

ent of the people, by the peop

ations gone before and of those to come after; worthy of the grand destiny of the

THE LAST OF DEMOCRATIC DESPERA-

The wish nearest to the heart of every

years ago; and, pending the settlement, the country would have been so seriously dis-

turbed as to create frightful havoe in busi-

ness. How fortunate it really is that the

Republicans have elected their candidate by

a sweeping majority may be inferred from a circular issued by Barnum in the closing

hours of the election and printed in yester

day's issue of his Chicago organ. In the course of that circular it is claimed that New

York State has a Democratic majority. Bar

The above announcement has no terrors

because the majorities in all the Republican States will be so large that no effort will be

made to reverse them by fraud or chicanery.

erate any attempt in that direction. But the

Sarnum circular serves to confirm the wis

dom of the popular verdict. It shows that

the Democratic managers have no regard for the peace or well-being of the country. It is

a confession that they would not hesitate to resort to the methods of Mexicanization if

they thought there were the smallest chance

of turning such a course to their own ad-

vantage. They would be indifferent to the injury that would be inflicted upon business

during several months of heated controversy if they foresaw any possibility of seizing power at the end of that time by fraud or

violence. The non-office-seeking Democrats at the North would not indorse any such

reaction, but the party leaders and the Con-

federate element at the South would be

ready to adopt it if there were the slightest prospect of a result favorable to their greed

and ambition. It is a blessing to the American people, therefore, that the verdict has been pronounced with no uncertain sound, and that there will not be a semblance of

Democratic claim to more than 150 Electoral

votes as against 219 Electoral votes clearly

appointed for Garfield. Any man who

tions would be a fool as well as a knave.

would counsel a contest under such condi-

The Republican party had its origin in a

recessity. For a quarter of a century the

The popular will is too determined to to

GEN. W. D. WASHBURN has been reclected GEN. W. D. WASHBURN has been reclected in the Third Minnesota District by a majority of 10,000 over Gen. Sibley. Gen. Washburn's seat in the present Congress was contested by the notorious Ignatius Donnelly. It is hardly probable that there will be an effort made to unseat Gen. Washburn by the next Congress. Minnesota has done nobly this time. It gives Garfield at least 25,000 majority, and sends a solid Republican delegation to Congress. One of the present Congressmen (Poebler) is a Democrat.

THE Democratic majority in Missouri has been reduced between 10,000 and 15,000 votes. In St. Louis the Republicans elect their Sheriff and the Judge of the Court of Appeals. The latter holds office for twelve years. It is probable that the Republicans have also gained two Congressmen,—Mr. Sessinghaus in the Third District and Mr. R. T. Van Horne in the Eighth.

The Southern Democrats, if we can believe that their real sentiments are expressed by the Southern Democratic organs, take the defeat of their section rather philosophically. We have alluded elsewhere to the opinion of the Richmond State. The Atlanta Constitution thinks that Gen, Garfield's Administration will be as fair, just, and clean as that of President flayes, in which cuse the Georgians will be satisfied. It attributes the election of Gen. Garfield to the blunders of the Democracy, beginning with the Potter Committee and ending with the surrender to John Kelly at Cincinnati.

Accomping to the bulletin issued yester ACCORDING to the bulletin issued yester-day by the Census Bureau the population of South Carolina is 995,306. The foreign-born citi-zens in the State number only 7,642. The colored population is 694,235, and the white population only 391,071; yet South Carolina's vote will be counted for Hancock, and all the Democratic candidates for Cougress will probably be count-ed in. With a fair free vote the State is as Re-publican as Vermont, and would cleek five Republican as Vermont, and would elect five Re-publican members to Congress. Under the in-thuence of Wade Hampton and his fellows it is made to appear that South Carolina is true to "the principles for which Lee and Jackson

THE Richmond (Va.) State, a Democratic evening paper, says in its issue of yesterday that the Democratic party was defeated Tues-day, "never, perhaps, to raily again as a party," and adds that Virginians will receive the an-nouncement of Gen. Gardeld's election "with ness and resignation." "The defeat of ock," it says, "ceases to be a disaster when Hancock," it says, "ceases to be a disaster when coupled with the utter rout and discomfiture of Mahone." There seems to be an awakening even in the Solid South. The Richmond State sounds the retreat of the Democracy preparatory to its disbandment, and it is gratifying to know that the majority of the people of Virginia have repudiated repudiationists.

HERR BITTER, Prussian Minister of Finance, made his annual financial statement to the members of the Prussian Diet yestorday, and it was by no means a satisfactory one. The estimates for the last financial year were 5,000,-000 marks less than what the Prussian Government needed for the administration of affairs, and a loan for that amount had to be made as a consequence. Herr Bitter expressed the hope that the expenses for the current year would fall 23,000,000 marks short of the estimates, but he spoiled the effect of this promise by intimating that the Government intended to bring in a measure for the increase of the brewing tax, and to increase the amount to be paid for military exemption, and the duty

agogs, liars, and forgers, and a warning

against political campaigns of trickery,

fraud, and rascality. It is notice to all man

serted their party from interested motives,

mpelled by the delasive theory that the peo-

ple would demand a change of administra

tion for the sake of change merely. It shows

that the intelligent citizen can read between

the lines of party platforms, and detect the

real purposes of party leaders and speakers under the music of plausible

pledges and the sophistry of fair

words. It shows once more that no

man is good enough to go bail for the Demo-

eratic party. McClellan, Seymour, Greeley,

Tilden, Hancock,-these men have been se-

lected for one reason or another to serve as

nask for Demogratic designs. But in each

nstance the people have looked beyond the

standard-bearer at the party whose standard

the candidate bore. Principles, not men,

istration of this Government, the people have declared, and they have made thely, word and purpose good. It is a splendid

victory, a victory in the interest of peace

and prosperity, a victory in the interest of

free speech, free men, a free ballot, and a

of speech at the South as well as at the

North. There must be a free vote and a fair

count there as well as here. Men must be

as free there as here. There must be no more assasination for opinion's sake. The red-shirt clubs must be disbanded. Their existence is an affront to the majesty of the Nation, and the people have said, and said with emphasis, the Nation shall live!

All honor to the prominent figures in the great campaign which has ended so gloriously, to Grant, and Sherman, and Baine,

sand others who have done stalwart

fair count. For now there must be freedo

parties, not cliques, shall control the admin

WILL THE SOUTH NOW LISTEN TO REA-ITS GRAND MEANING. SON1

The results of the election of Tuesday are The late splendid Republican victory hows that the people of the United States ance. The people of the Southern States vote to let well enough alone; that they will will be wise if they ponder on the important not exchange a good certainty for an uncerwarning lesson which that election conveys tainty of any kind; that they know a hawk to them. It is a repetition of what the peo ple of the country have been impressing from a hand-saw. The Republican victory of Tuesday is a tribute to the wisdom of upon them for more than twenty years. mpartial suffrage, to the sterling common How much oftener will the South insist sense of great masses of people educated in the common schools. It is a rebuke to demupon having this warning lesson given be-fore accepting the inevitable, and making

the best of it?

kind that the great Republic of the West is whole power and policy of the Government not a failure; a greeting of strong encourhad been directed to protect, preserve, and agement to the Republicans of France; extend the institution of slavery. In the hint to the struggling peoples of monarchical, progress of population the wealth and aristocratic, autocratic, and despotic Gov numerical power of the North exceeded that rnments of the dawning of a better day for of the South, and it became necessary in the the oppressed of all nations. It is notice to the disfranchised white and black people of interest of slavery to so construe our form of Government that the minority and not the the South that their brethren of the North majority was to govern the land; and that have not forgotten their prayers and cries, and that they propose to redress the Government depended for its union and integrity not upon the patriotism and love their wrongs. A Solld North means that of country of the whole people, but upon the there shall no longer be a Solid South, made voluntary consent of State Governolid by terrorism, fraud, and assasination; ments. baptized as State Sovereignties hat at the South, as at the North, there must and Independent States. A defense e, hereafter, a free vote and a fair count of American Nationality became a necessity It is notice to the Democratic party that its and the Republican party was founded for distory and methods are alike repulsive to that purpose. The country in 1860 placed the the patriotism and intelligence of the coun-Government of the Union in control of the try, and that it can never atone for the evil of Republican party, and the South, asserting its record by mere lip-service. It negatives the the supremacy of the States, repudiated the absurd idea that a political organization can National power and authority. Four years exist only for a certain limited term of years of civil war, the sacrifice of half a million of regardless of its principles or its achievements, lives, and the waste of thousands of millions and shows that the mission of the Republican of treasure, the discomfiture of Rebel arms, party will not be ended so long as it shall the emancipation of the States, and the address itself to the living issues of the hour. material prostration of the industrial and It is a verdict of recreancy against Trumbull, financial condition of the Southern people and Farnsworth, and Ben Butler, and other were some of the results of that attempt to once distinguished Republicans, who de-

lestroy American Nationality. The American people cherished no rese ments. It offered the defeated faction entire political equality, free of all penalties for the past, but conditioned upon the recognition of the supreme authority of the Nation. This condition was assented to but never approved by the Southern States. Within three years after the surrender of their last armed dier they were in New York forming a political party whose fundamental theory was the annihilation of National and the assertion of State supremacy. Foremost in that organization, as candidates and advocates were Hancock, Hendricks, Hampton, Lamar, and the others conspicuous during the last few months. In 1868 the American people condemned that organization. In 1872 they again repudiated and condemned that organization and its principles. In 1876 they repeated the repudiation and condemnation state supremacy, and again affirmed the National authority. For the fourth time, backed by the Solid South, the Democratic party affirmed the nullification and State supremacy doctrines, and, under Hancock's lead, demanded the control of the National

The American people on Tuesday, for the sixth time, met this demand with an upmistakable veto. For the sixth time they elected the National as opposed to the State-suprem-acy party to power, and for the sixth time declared that this was a Nation, and as such must be maintained; and that the attempt by arms to destroy the Union was no more criminal or dangerous than the attempt to destroy under the pretext of governing.

Is it not time that the South should understand the sentiment of the country on this subject? Is it not time for the South to understand that the people of the North will never submit to the denationalization of the depublic, and that, having endured the cost of war to maintain the National existence, they | the doughfaces, the buildozers, and the

the people, and the people only can save and perpetuate it. To the people, then, be all the praise,—to their virtue and intelligence, Has not the South wasted twenty years in

Has not the South wasted twenty years in fruitless labor, to coerce, by force or by false pretenses, the people of the North to accept the heresy of State sovereignty? Half the energy that has been expended in preventing the negroes from voting, if expended in efforts to elevate the condition of the negro, would have given to the industrial interests of the South some of that prosperity which marks the entire North. Comparatively, the fields of the South are neglected, uncultivated, and unproductive, while the men who own, and and to their righteous resolve and deter-mined performance, the victory is due. They have shown themselves worthy of the gener-Nation which they have so powerfully con-tributed to mold. unproductive, while the men who own, and the men who should be laboring upon the land, are engaged in a war of races, in which patriotic man in the closing days of the late Presidential campaign was that the result should be so emphatic that no dispute or controversy could arise. Another contest over the title might not have been deter-mined so peacefully as was that of four

extermination of the laborer is made the pen-alty for claiming the political rights of free-men. All other matters are subordinated to this one idea,—the recognition of State su premacy, that the negro may be stripped of his citizenship and of his political equality. Cannot the South understand from the election of Tuesday last that the country is no more willing now to submit to this doctrin of State supremacy than it was in 1861 when it ence? Is there not good sense enough among the people of the South to un-derstand how that section is lagging in the way of social, industrial, and political progress while pursuing a dream that can

num then proceeds to say:

The National Democratic Committee will make proper announcement as , soon as sufficient returns are received. The majority shown by the returns to-night cannot be overcome by any honest count of the votes cast to-day, and any fraud which has been or may be attempted will be resisted to the last extremity. The Burcau of Election, where returns are handled, is under the charge of John J. O'Brien, an unscrupulous Republican partisan and a special-intimate of John I. Davenport. The returns have to be finally examined and the result declared by the Board of Aldermen of this city, which is Democratic. If a fair canvass shows that the majority of the voters of the State of New York to-day voted for the Democratic Electors, you can rely upon it that the Electoral vote will be east and only certified to Congress for Hancock and English. The latest reports received Iadicate a Democratic majority of about 5,000, even allowing the vote of New York City as claimed by the Republicans. You can rely upon it that there will be no paltering with the situation, but prompt, firm, and decisive action by the National Democratic Committee and the Democratic State Committee reports as follows: "Returns Insufficient to determine the result, but all indicatons point to a handsome Democratic victory in this State." never be realized? Is it not time to abandon the ideal and look at the real? The Northern people extend to the South the full measure of personal liberty they enjoy themselves. More they cannot, and more, they have now said again, they will not. All the avenues to wealth and to happiness are equally open to the people of both sections. Why then does not the South see the folly of its dreams, and avail itself of the same means of obtaining an equal prosperity, peace, and power possessed by the people of the North?

A REPORMED MUD-SLINGER. There is a newspaper published in this city which, under the guise of political independ ence, does dirty work for the Democrati party during the campaign, and turns upon afterwords as surely and regularly as de feat overtakes it. This newspaper has been, if possible, more active and more unscru-pulous in disseminating falsehoods and forgeries during the campaign just closed han ever before, and yet it has the imper tinence, now that the policy of detraction and slander has been rebuked by the people

and slander has been rebuked by the people, to moralize in the following fashion:

Now that the squabble over the election of our next monarch is virtually ended, it may be as well for the effusive partisan slangwhangers, must-throwers, forgery-writers, and riot-fomenters, on both sides, to cease their pursuit of mendacious vilification, and resume, for a time, the manners, if not the character, of gentlemen and decent citizens. Now that lying and sticking to it can's serve no partisan purpose, Mr. Barbum and his unscrupulous lieutenants mity as well admit the fact that the "Morey" document against Mr. Garfield was a base, infamous, and very clumsy forgery, and Mr. Jowell and his unscrupulous subalterns may as well a limit that the lies they have uttered respecting Gvn. Hancock were "manufactured out of whole cloth" by professional liars, for the purpose of deceiving, not instructing or enlightening, voters. On both sides, the party managers have done that of which they ought to be ashamed; that for which all sober citizens ought to, as many will, hink of them with feelings of sorrow and disgust that great public interests should be involved in the disceptiable doings of such unscrupulous partisan desperadoes. The "exampaigm" throughout, and on both sides, has been conducted in a thoroughly disgraceful way. It has in no respect been a combat of opinions, but in almost all respects a battle of lying, vilification, slander, forgery, perjury, and wholesale mud-throwing.

It would be difficult to invent a more palpable perversion of the facts than the above paragraph sets forth. The "lying, vilifica tion, slander, forgery, perjury, and whole-sale mud-throwing" have been all on the side of the Democrats. Barnum's Committee has devoted nearly all its time and energy to these phases of the struggle. But one of the most pliant tools in this business has the most pliant tools in this business has been the very newspaper which now reads a But the old Board of Police no longer exists, after Gen. Garfield's nomination this organ of Democratic filth and slander printed col-umns of old and exploded lies about the Re-publican candidate, and from that time to the day of the election it gave credit and prominence to all the malicious inventions of the Democratic leaders and their hirelings. Though the Morey letter is referred to above as though it had been recognized as a forgery from the first, this sam newspaper published the fac-simile of that document only two or three days before election, and treated it as if it were a genuine etter from Gen. Garfield. There is really ess excuse for a newspaper which makes retension to fairness for joining in a campaign of slander than there is for the active politicians who are struggling for office and whose motives are always open to suspicion. But the newspaper in question has so often revealed its indifference to every considera ion of justice, fairness, and propriety, that its dictum has no longer any more force than the utterance of an unscrupulous partisan or the performance of a hired forger.

THE PRICE OF PERFIDY TO THE NA-

TIONAL CAUSE. Another Union General has paid the price f his perfidy, and from to-day sinks into oblivion. Another Union General who has deserted those for whom he fought, who has trained with those at whom he shot, who has turned his back upon the boys in blue whom he led, and who has consorted with and who condied to and truckled to those who were Rebels in the South and Doughfaces and Copperheads in the North, has met with the fate that overtook his predecessor, McClellan The mills of the gods grind slowly, but they grind exceeding small, and the outraged peo-ple of the North—the people who were loyal to the Government in its peril-have buried him so deep that he can never rise again.

It is a little astonishing that Gen. Hancock did not take warning by the fate of Gen. Mc Clellan. The latter had the same "Presidential bee buzzing in his bonnet." He had the same "itch for office." He dared to run for it upon the side of the enemies of the National Government in the very crisis of the struggle, when the scales were evenly poised that it was difficult to say whether they would incline to victory or defeat. He accepted the nomination from the hands of a Convention which declare that the "War was a failure." He place himself at the head of a column of Rebels and Copperheads and turned his guns against the flag for which he had been fighting, and to which he had professed to be loyal. The Northern people, though they were full of the cares and anxieties of the War, and hough the result of the War was still uncertain, turned and met this new foe in their own ranks and squelched him in their fury, and he has not been heard of since.

And now, after an interval of sixteen years believing that the Northern people have for gotten their devotion to their Governm and would look with indifference at the estoration of ex-Rebels to power and the surrender of the Government to exclusive South ern control, another Union General, one of McClellan's Marshals, unwarned by the fate of his master, deserts his friends, his as-sociates, and his flag, and appears in the same rôle with the same result. He turns his back upon the North. He allows himself to become the tool of the Solid South. At their behest, he declares "he is tired of the d—d nigger domination," He his back against those with whom he shot, and enlists as leader of the ex-Confederates,

lot-box stuffers, to place the South in power again. He places himself at the head of the reactionary, the State-sovereignty, the corrupt, and disloyal elements of the country with the hope of making himself President by the votes of the Solid South and the Northern tail. He got the vote of the Solid South, but he forgot that there was a Solid North, and that it was not yet ready to purposely all the principles for which surrender all the principles for which it had fought. He defied the intelligence the morality, the loyalty of the Northern people, and they squelched him as they had squelched his treacherous predecessor. They have consigned him to an oblivion deeper even than that which swallowed up McClellan. The boys whom he had led in the War, the people who sent them to the War, the young men who have studied the lessons of that War aright, the old men, who have not forgotten those days of peril, the business-men of every community, the law-abiding people who believe that the Constitution guarantees every citizen in his rights, the advocates of an honest ballot-box, rallied under the standards of a loyal General, and hurled themselves upon the enemy as they did in 1861, and overwhelmed them and their traitorous leader in common ruin. They have smashed the Solid South, and they have consigned this imitator of Mc Ciellan to a niche in history where he will pose superbly as a warning example of how an indignant people will punish perfidy. He put his hand to the plow, and turned back from it. He sinned against the light. There is no pardon for such perfidy. Had the Democratic hosts been led by an ex-Rebel or by Northern Copperhead, he might have lived to run again; but for a Union General who deserts his friends and his flag and seeks to turn the Government over into the hands of its enemies there is no pity or mercy. The American people have no further use for the superb Hancock. With these two examples before them, what noble Lucumo comes

CARTER HARRISON'S ILLEGAL SPECIAL

next to taste the Northern cheer?

POLICE.

A vigilant search of the city charter and the ordinances now in force fails to reveal that the Mayor has any warrant whatever to appoint special policemen in the arbitrary and irresponsible fashion adopted by Carter Harrison for partisan purposes. The law bearing on the subject may be briefly sum-

marized as follows:
The charter (General-Incorporation act) gives the Council the power "to regulate the police of the city or village, and pass and enforce all necessary ordinances." Statutes, Chap. 24, Sec. 62, Par. 66.)

Sec. 26 of the same chapter gives the Mayor the power to summon the male inordinances, and to call out the militia to aid in suppressing rlots and other disorderly conduct, but it does not confer any authority

for the appointment of special police. Sec. 340 of the Criminal Code defines the power of all persons acting as police,-to make arrests when a breach of the peace is committed in their presence, and to bring the offenders before a Justice of the Peace, to suppress riots and unlawful assemblages, to keep the peace, and to serve writs, warrants, and other legal process. But no such su-preme authority is anywhere conferred upon the regular constables and police as that with which Carter Harrison sought to invest his llegal "specials." The old ordinances (Chap. 12, Sec. 26) gave

the Board of Police the power to appoint special police on occasion of necessity, at the expense of the person or persons making the application for such appointment, or "upon any emergency or riot, pestilence, invasion, or during any day of public election or cele bration, to appoint as many special patroln power has been transferred to the Mayor. In fact, the present charter lodges it in the Council. Even if the Mayor had been vested with the authority of the old Board of Police, he would have been limited by the terms of the old ordinance, which he exceeded

in the instructions he gave his "specials." It is believed to be impossible for Carter Harrison or his advisers to cite any authority laws of the State or city ordinances, which warrants his late appointments of special policemen, and in that case his action was a palpable usurpation. If this be correct, then the two following provisions of the statutes have a direct bearing on the case in hand:

have a direct bearing on the case in hand:

In case the Mayor or any other municipal efficer shall at any time be guilty of a palpable omission of duty, or shall willfully and corruptly be guilty of oppression, malconduct, or misfusance in the discharge of the duties of his office, he shall be liable to indictment in any court of competent jurisdiction, and, on conviction, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding \$1,000; and the Court in which such conviction shall be had shall enter an order removing such officer from office. (R. S., Chap. 24, Art. 2, Sec. 27.)

shall be had shall enter an order removing such officer from office. (R. S., Chap. 24, Art. 2, Sec. 27.)

Whoever falsely assumes or pretends to be a Justice of the Peace, Sheriff, Deputy Sheriff, Coroner, constable, police officer, watchman, or other officer, and takes upon himself to act has such, or to require any person to aid or assist him in a matter pertaining to the duty of any such officer, shall be confined in the County Jail not exceeding one year, or fined not exceeding \$500. (R. S., Criminal Code, Chap. 38, Sec. 182.)

From these laws it appears that, in cas Carter Harrison had no authority to appoint the special policemen with whose presence he sought to intimidate the voters of Chicago, he may be arraigned for misfeasance in office, and every person who acted as policeman under such unwarranted authority may be prosecuted for falsely representing nimself as a policeman. This action on the part of Carter Harrison

should not be passed over by the Council. If it was in the nature of a gross usurpation, then it is too dangerous as a precedent to b ignored. At the least, the Council should oass a resolution of censure upon the Mayor and perhaps pass an ordinance expressly pro hibiting the exercise of undue authority by the appointment of special police without the consent of the Council. The latter step would put upon the Mayor the burden of vetoing such an ordinance, and insisting upon an extent of authority which he ought not to have. Of course, not one dollar should be voted for the pay of these specials, and there is no surplus in the Police-Fund which will enable the Mayor to reward his Demo cratic strikers. It is fortunate for the special that they did not attempt any overt act under the cover of the authority Mr. Harrison assumed to confer upon them. Had they done so they might now find themselves in a serious embarrassment. It is highly important for the preservation of the peace and the protec tion of life that the appointment of bogus police shall be definitively prohibited in the future.

County is Gen. Farnsworth, who ran against Col. Davis for Congress in the Second Dis trict (West Division). It was generally supposed that this district would be closely contested. The result shows that Farns worth has been defeated by more than 4,000 votes. This cannot fail to be a special humiliation to the gentleman, but perhaps it is a deserved rebuke for the unnatural attitude which he occupied in the campaign. That an original Abolitionist and Nationalist, and a gallant Union officer, should come forward as the candidate of the reactionists was a pitiful ending of a rather brilliant public career. In addition to this embarrassment, Gen. Farnsworth was regarded as the special representative of Carter Harrison, and it was representative or Carter Harrison, and the

strict until the latter should be ready to take it again. This circumstance cost Gen. Farnsworth many votes. Aside from the general drift of public sentiment in favor of the Republican party, the two conditions we have named are mainly responsible for Farnsworth's overwhelming defeat.

Joseph Harron, the London journalis Joseph Hatton, the London journalist, writes to his home paper and to the New York Times of his experience at the delivery of Col. Ingersoll's lecture, "What Shall I Do to Be Saved?" in Chicago. He says: "Mand S. on Saturday, Ingersoll on Sunday, seemed to me to hit American characteristics of the day as contrasted with specialties of the Old World. Both hit American characteristics of the day as contrasted with specialties of the Old World. Both are representative of the practicalism of American life. I have in a previous letter shown why trotting is preferred in America, while running is the favorit racing gait of England. Similar reasons, so far as their practical data go, may be found for the existence of a speaker who boldly arraigns God on His throne, and brings to the bar the churches who have revealed Him." But is Ingersell worse or different from Bradhaugh, except in being a more eloquent man? Hatton seems to think so. "If the great Western orator visits London to deliver his lectures," says Hatton, "he must tone down the strong colors of his denunciation of the Bible. The Book is the rock upon which it is claimed that Christian England has built her house. Huxley and Darwin, and many other Englishmen of distinction, do not accept the Biblical tradition, but they are content to wait for the revelations of Science which are to modify it; and the man who comes before the public to decry it and scoff at its God will find difficulties and tribulation in his path that he does not ties and tribulation in his path that he does not dream of in America."

NOTWITHSTANDING the war made on Mr. Notwithstanding the war made on Mr. Farwell in the city wards of his district, he carried all of them except the Seventeenth, which has been reliably Democratic always. Four years ago every one of these wards gave a considerable majority for Tilden. Mr. Farwell's eyn apparent majority in the district, afterwards thrown out by the Democratic House in 1876, was but 188. This year it is 4,950. Burber had but 4,350 plurality two years ago, though he was practically running bosse, without concess. was practically running loose, without opposi-tion. The vote for President of the four North-Side wards in 1876 compares with the same vote

A 11975	187	6.	1890.		
Wayd.	Hayes.	Tilden.	Garfield.	Hancock	
15 16 17 18	1,258 1,052 1,051 1,666	1,883 1,784 1,808 2,000	2,290 1,977 1,567 8,077	1,960 1,576 2,000 2,880	
0.13 999	5,000	7,520	8,920	8,010	
Republic Net Republic Democra Republic The vot mans, ma	an gain ublican ga tic majori san majori te shows t any of who	inity in 1876 ity in 1880. o what s	in extent for Tilden,	3,424 3,424 2,516 900 the Ger-	

ANTICIPATING defeat, John Kelly caused a committee of Tammany chieftains to be appointed two weeks ago for the purpose of investigating the State and Nation al Committees of the Democratic party, to see what could be done to bring about "a more efficient canvass." The purpose of this movement, of course, was to prepare for defeat. In a few days, when the full result of the Republican victory is known, at is probable that Mr. Kelly's committee will bring in a report. The object of that report will be to throw blame on the "imbecile" committees managed by Barnum and Faulkner, and so relieve Tammany of responsibility. But the truth will still remain, that Tammany, more than any other Democratic agency, contributed to Republican success in New York City. ANTICIPATING defeat, John Kelly caused a

AURORA did splendidly for the Republican cause. See the figures:

THE London Spectator prints the story, considering the deposition of the line of Oth-man, and the substitution of the Egyptian Khe-dive on the Turkish throne, as at once the abler and more docile representative of the Mo population,—which is, after all is said, the fi ing force of the Turkish Empire. Such a story is a mere club rumor; but that it should be so-berly printed in a London Liberal journal illus-trates the frame of mind in which the Eastern

Mr. Sharon, of Nevada, has been a heavy load on the Republican party for the last six years. He first procured his election to the United States Senate, and failed to represent his United States Senate, and failed to represent his state. Then he caused himself to be practically renominated, though he must have known he was unpopular in the State; and he made no sort of a canvass after being nominated. He has cost the Republican party one vote in the United States Senate, and possibly the control of both Houses of Congress.

THE Thanksgiving Proclamation was written hurriedly, and some of the phrases in it are noteworthy. For example:
"At no period in their history has this peo-

"At no period in their history has this people," etc.
"So universal reasons,"
"Gratitude at the favor of Almighty God."
"Firm and faithful adherence by the great body of our population." etc.
"The principles of liberty and justice which have made our greatness as a Nation, and the wise institutions and strong frame of Government and society which will perpetuate it."

THE vote cast in Philadelphia was some thing enormous; but then it is a great city of nearly a million inhabitants, and with few unsed foreigners. The total vote east wa as follows:

CARTER HARRISON'S "special police eemed to have a presentiment that they couldn't draw pay for their buildozing services out of the City Treasury, so they hired them selves to the Democratic Campaign Committe as ticket-peddlers for the "Lost Cause," and they will have to look to the supporters of that cause for their pay.

from his own exprience; but thought, perhap-it was best to let the boy find out for himse! The lesson will not be forgotten. INSTEAD of fulfilling his self-glorifying promise of being "the best Mayor Chicago ever had," Carter Harrison has proved himself the very worst. No other Mayor Chicago ever had had the shameless recklesness to head a partisan campaign committee during an exciting election.—Evening Journal.

n running for office (higher than town clerk). He went wool-shearing, and came home—shorn.

The old man could have warned him in time

New Jersey is such an uncommonly good State for enterprising citizens to move away from that the Republican party cannot get a majority there. New Jersey was the only Free State that cast a Democratic Electoral vote in 1860, and then it gave four out of seven to Lin Now LET little Perry

Go sail in his wherry, Upon the Sait River so free, While honest John Mattocks Barbecues not a fat ox To celebrate his victoree. WHERE did Carter Harrison find his lega authority for appointing 1,000 roughs, toughs, and thugs as special police on election-day? Is it a \$50,000 libel to ask his Honor to cite the chapter and section of the charter that conterred that authority upon him?

In the wilderness of dispatches that have In the wild erness of dispatches that have been pouring in announcing the Democratic rack and ruin and the slaughter of Hancock, nothing is said of Forney, his benchman. What has become of the biographer? He had mapped out the whole campaign; had shown conclusively that Garfield could carry but half a dozen States; had printed a life of the Superb, elevatting him to a place beside Washing ton; had pro-claimed him to be the savior of his country; and had made the welkin ring with his clamorous adulation and toadying advocacy. What has be-come of him? In what part of the field of ruin is he lying? Or has Pennsylvania buried him so deeply that he has not been heard of?

THE little noon News, that flops cock, is sick; the junior morning Telegraph is sicker; but the scaling morning Bourbon Times is the sickest of the lot over the result of the election. It will now resume its Jesuitien! "independent" role.

BETS were freely laid, and in large amount. by young Perry's backers, that the reteran pol-litician, C. B. F., would not get away with the young man to exceed 2,000 majority; but, and to say, the size of it is over 5,000. Good between

Dipn'r the Solid South begin its bre on Tuesday? Kentucky and Tennessee showed the first effects of it. They are so far North that they can't stand out compactly against

MR. HARRISON must stick to these twenty seven votes east by his friends in the midnight election in the Ninth Ward. They will make a powerful lot of difference in the result of the Dro forgery pay? The Democratic Cam-

palgu Committee of Cook County, which en-gaged in the circulation of a criminal libel which it well knew to be forged, can perhaps MULE BARNUM hasn't sent out to the

Democratic papers any additional fac-similes of the Morey Chinese-forgery letter for two days. What is the matter? Has he heard something THE insensate Barnum telegraphs every body to hold out and see if the Mexican plan cannot be made to work in this country. Les the Chief of the Forgery Bureau try it just

CARTER H. HARRISON has taken the premium as the meanest political demagar the recent campaign has evolved in the United States.—Evening Journal.

That's so. YESTERDAY morning there were print YESTERDAY morning there were printed and sold 63,180 copies of THE TRIBUNE. It con-tained altogether the fullest and best arranged

The biggest surprise of the election was the success of Deuster, Democratic candidate for Congress in the Milwaukee district. There's something rotten in that district TUESDAY was-not a good day for the inde

pendent scratcher. The margin was too bis, A thousand or two scratches couldn't make an impression on the majority. tional Committee and no Forgery Bureau, it would have been much better off.

ONE favor only will Republicans ask of Mr. Harrison; and that is, that he shall run his own campaign next spring.

YET we remember perfectly that the ser morning Democratic organ demonstration to be a doubtful State. MULE BARNUM will probably soon cease

suing his lying, roorbach, and hun ulietins to the public. CARTER introduced a Southern bird into Chicago, which he called an eagle; but it turns out to be a buzzard.

WHAT does the "best Mayor" now think

TIR Brigadiers will hardly count the Hon. C. B. Farwell out of his seat this time, as the once before.

No man can tell precisely where Cart Harrison is buried, his sepulture was unanimous. NEW JERSEY now enjoys the prou

PHILP's Truth squelched to earth will not ise again. The eternal years are its damna-

THE forger Philphas crawled into his hole and taken his Chinese letter and envelope

THE Mississippi-Yazoo method of conducting elections is not yet naturalized in Chicago. Ir doesn't pay for Mayors to make them

elves the head-centres of partisan st In playing bulldozer, Carter finds that he derably more than he can chaw. 'ARE Carter Harrison's addenda polls still

open and protected by his "special" police? Our of what fund does Carter Harrison ntend to pay his 1,000 special police?

THE exception - New Jersey - simply

CARTER HARRISON dragged his eagle in

PERSONALS.

"I am foreclosed."-Mr. English. "Do not weep for me."-Mr. Weaver. Mr. Barnum made a lovely pall-bearer. " I am the boss corpse."-Gen. Hancock. "It was the largest funeral I ever saw."-

"A purchased mule gathers no votes."-W. H. Barmum. Bismarck has for years had a presenting

that he will die in 1881. "Montenigger" is the way it appears in the foreign dispatches of a Southern paper. "Old Sport"—The best record is 36 sticks of gum out of a possible 40, by a Vassar giri Metallic garters are fashionable, which will enable Bernhardt to make some use of the numerous finger-rings sent to her by admirers. Now that the election is over, the great problem of the hour is, How will the Brigadiers who came North to see Hanco

Mrs. Bernard, who shortly will become the wife of Scuator McDonald, of Indiana. is dis-vorced from a former husband, who has since

married again. Gov. Wright, of the Indian Territory, is a converted Choctaw, who sometimes, when pre-siding over a political meeting of his people, calls them to order and crowds a sermon into their ears. He is a very humane man, and nev-or preaches in his own language. It was a solemn looking gent

Said to the boy that ran The elevator, "Canst thou tell Me where I'll find the man That puts into the paper
The item 'bout the snake?
For I have one, my gentle you
That's bound to take the cal

Full oft the elevator boy Had heard men talk thus And knew 'twas but a ruse to get
The editorial ear,
And pour into its tiny shell
Bad epies about spring,
Or else, perchance, remark that Time
Was ever on the wing.

He gazed upon the stranger man From out his clear blue eye, And said: "Methinks, my gent

Laughed till his sides were sore. It was the dreadful Poet's lair In which the stranger went, But quickly came he out again On other things intent, For lo! the faithful buildog On his new pants had lunched, While the machine that makes bi His ribs had sorely punched.

UNCONDE

is much to be preferred, by of a Republican President the Inflationists will be, owners of United States his their property, and that will be finally pacified by the sublican party toward. will be finally particle and Republican party towards between Peru and Chili Government has undertal not be without great adv. must be admitted that un unblican party the power United States have linered to the property of the power under the property of the American Governmen mix in European affairs the United States since th

mix in European the United States since the is something phenomena hordes of migrathing person of migrathing person of migrathing person of migrathing person when we consider that United States has during creased by ten millions twenty years by five grants. Involuntarily directed to the future where will the American in fifty years hence, if prosperity should continuate in the first which will be a superior of the Russian Emwould look upon such an on the part of Russian Emwould look upon such an on the part of Russian with we hall it with gladness at part of the American Union Nation prospers it moral compulsion upon to regard as much as pose own peoples, in order to penigration to the transat might otherwise assumes LONDON

YESTERDAY'S THE OU

Special Dispatch to The NEW YORK, Nov. 4-2 a. cede to the Democrats, when the property of the believed that there will be lican Congressman in Lou of one in the Mobile (Ala vices show the House of stand 162 Republicans, Greenbackers.

Special Dispatch to T NEW YORK, Nov. 4-4 morning claims Califor gives Hancock 152 votes division of the Congress, the balance of power Nationals and Greenback THE CA

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People are asking with a MR. DON C will demand. It is known liking for a Cabinot posit term movement seemed Cameron did not conceal found the Senate far less found the War Departme to return to that place, for the believes himself to There are, however, pelieve Gen. Garfield wish in this matter. wish in this matter-granted that, if Mr. ask for a Cabinet place fo will be unrepresented in f

THE OLD M Mr. Evarts returns to the jaw, with a quiet Judgoship, in man will have a provising years. Mr. Schumeans to migrate to hope of getting himself States Senate from the home in peace from the does Gen. Devens from ship. Mr. Thompson, the by odds the ablest me next to Mr. Sherman, an Navy Department has hired, is probably glad to on the Wabash, though, Indiana know their own send him to the Senate.

THE "HERALD THE "HERALD NEW YORK, NOV. 3.—The correspondent has gather and manufactured Gar vance: "As to Gen. Ga a general belief that it water, a compromise structure." vance: a general belief that it wacter, a compromise strumonize the two wings Ben. Harrison is adm to be a sure my John C. New, of India Senator McDonaid's presente. Mr. Harrison is crate Republican. Gen. sire the Secretaryship the place he chose for his grant's nomination cert.

MEN

COMPLIMENTS
MENTOR, O., Nov. 3.
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Mr. PRESIDENT, LAU
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picious omon that the fir the event of yesterday venerable institution of has been abroad in the with reason, that ther scholarship and politice never advocated that been a sort of cloists United States that has participation in public greeted here to-day by ship of Ohio, and I ke scholarship has touched of public life so effecture reason I am specially ing from the fe of Oberlin College and ated President. I than men, for this visit. V men, for this visit. Vof yesterday's event I more significant for baby, the scholarship and thank you. Indies any your President for concentral transfer.

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ESTIMATES AT Special Disputes to WASHINGTON, Nov. 3 congressional Republicationates a Republicational Congressional Republic estimates a Republic twenty-three in the ne is the table of Republic sachusotts, 1,—the Mor Goode's district: North district; three in Tet and Young; two in Al Fourth; one in Louisia —diliette and Weav

WASHINGTON NOTES.

ROWS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribun.

EARLY SESSION.

BONFIRES.

THE HOOSIER STATE.

INDIANAPOLIS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Continued from the Third Page.

ivs, that flopped to Handler morning Telegraph is morning Bourbon Times lot over the result of the

ters, that the veteran pol-d not get away with the 2,000 majority; but, sad to er 5,000. Good heavens! outh begin its breaking ky and Tennessee showed t. They are so far North I out compactly against

ist stick to these twenty riends in the midnight ard. They will make a

The Democratic Cam-Cook County, which en-ation of a criminal libel o be forged, can perhaps

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rise of the election was ter, Democratic candidate ilwaukee district. There's a good day for the indethe margin was too big.

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vill hardly count the Hon, his seat this time, as they did

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or Mayors to make them-res of partisan strikers.

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ox dragged his eagle in

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"-Mr. English.

SONALS.

me."-Mr. Weaver. e a lovely pall-bearer. orpse."—Gen. Hancock. est funeral I ever saw."—

ule gathers no votes."years had a presentiment

is the way it appears in be best record is 36 sticks tible 40, by a Vassar girl. are fashionable, which it to make some use of the rs sent to her by admirers, ection is over, the great ur is, How will the Rebel

to shortly will become the Donald, of Indiana, is di-er husband, who has since

the Indian Territory, is a who, sometimes, when pre-cal meeting of his people, and crowds a sermon into very humane man, and nev-ra language. mn looking gent

boy that ran
"Canst thou tell
"I find the man
o the paper
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e, my gentle youth,
d to take the cake."

levator boy nen talk thus queer, as but a ruse to get il ear,

out spring, ance, remark that Time the wing.

n the stranger man s clear blue eye, dethinks, my gentle sir, ing rather high.
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ide the door"—
if this wicked youth

his sides were sore. adful Poet's lair stranger went, ime he out again

s much to be preferred, because the reflection of a Republican President is a guarantee that the Inflationists will be kept down, that the owners of United States bonds will be protected in their property, and that the Southern States will be finally pacified by a liberal policy of the nepublican party towards them. The mediation between Peru and Chill, which the American Government has undertaken to bring about, will the without great advantages to Europe. ild, and in large amounts.

that the international importance of the control election increases with every return, dential election increases with every return, dential election increases with every return, of which american Government not to interfere and mix in European affairs. The development of the United States since the War of the Rebellion is something phenomenal and marvelous. The hordes of migrating peoples, which gave new form and shape to Europe, become insignificant when we consider that the population of the United States has during the last stry years increased by ten millions and, during the last twenty years by five millions of immigratis. Involuntarily our thoughts are directed to the future by such figures where will the American Nation stand in twenty in afty years hence, if this development and property should continue? The number of inhabitants of the United States will then equal that of the Russian Empire. But, while we would look upon such an increase of population on the part of Russia with disfavor and distrust, we half it with gladness and satisfaction on the part of the American Union. While the American Station prospers it exercises indirectly a moral compulsion upon the European powers to regard as much as possible the wishes of their own peoples, in order to prevent a still greater emigration to the transatiantic Eldorado, which might otherwise assume girantic proportions.

LONDON GLOBE. SATISFIED.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—The Globe expresses satisfaction at the result of the election.

YESTERDAY'S GRAB-BAG. THE OUTCOME.

2 A. M. ecial Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

New York, Nov. 4—2 a. m.—California is conceded to the Democrats, while Oregon is said to be it ublican, but by a small majority. It is believed that there will be a gain of one Repub-Bean Congressman in Louisiana, with a prospect of one in the Mobile (Ala.) District. Latest advices show the House of Representatives will stand 152 Republicans, 137 Democrats, and 4 THE "SUN."

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

New York, Nov. 1—4 a. m.—The Sun this morning claims California and Nevada, and gives Hancock 152 votes and Garfield 217. The division of the Congress, it says, is even, with the balance of power in the hands of the Nationals and Greenbackers.

THE CABINET. THEY HAVE IT ALL FIXED UP FOR GARFIELD. Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribune.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—Senator Conkling is thought to desire the place of Postmaster-General for his friend and able adjutant, Mr. eral for his friend and able adjutant, Mr. Thomas C. Platt. He asked this of Mr. Hayes in 1877, and was very curtly refused, and it is believed he will not ask it in vain of Mr. Garfield. The Treasury, according to the general belief, will remain in charge of Mr. Shorman, in which case the Ohio Senatorship, in place of Gen. Garfield, will become a prize for which several eminent Buckeyes will reach out with great vigor this winter. James F. Wilson, of Iowa, is named as this winter. James F. Wilson, of Iowa, is named as this winter, James F. Wilson, of lowe, is named as a probable Attorney-General. He belongs to the Moderate Republican side, and was opposed to the third term. But it is also thought that Gen, Garfield may desire to reserve the Attorney-Generalship for a New England man. People are asking with some curiosity what

MR. DON CAMERON
nand. It is known that he has a decided will demand. It is known that he has a decided liking for a Cabinet position. While the third-term movement seemed likely to succeed, Mr. Cameron did not conceal from his friends that he found the Senate far less pleasant than he had found the War Department, and that he hoped to return to that place, for which, gossip says, he believes himself to be peculiarly fitted. There are, however, people who do not believe Gen. Garfield will give him his wish in this matter. It is taken for granted that, if Mr. Conkling does not ask for a Cabinet place for Mr. Platt. New York term movement seemed likely to succeed, Mr. Cameron did not conceal from his friends that he found the Senate far less pleasant than he had found the War Department, and that he boped to return to that place, for which, gossip says, he believes himself to be peculiarly fitted. There are, however, people who do not believe Gen. Garfield will give him his wish in this matter. It is taken for granted that, if Mr. Conkling does not ask for a Cabinet place for Mr. Platt, New York will be unrepresented in the Cabinet. The general opinion among politicians is that Mr. Hayes blundered very foolishly when, having refused a place to Mr. Conkling's friends, he made Mr. Evarts, a New Yorker, Secretary of State.

Mr. Evarts returns to New York to resume the practice of the law. Mr. Key is provided with a quiet Judguship, in which the old gentleman will have a provision for his remaining years. Mr. Schurz, it is reported, means to migrate to Wisconsin in the hope of getting himself sent to the United States Senate from there. Mr. Ramsey goes home in peace from the War Department, as does Gen. Devens from the Attorney-Generalship. Mr. Thompson, the Secretary of the Navy, by odds the ablest member of the Cabinet next to Mr. Sherman, and the best head the

Mr. Evarts returns to New York to resume the practice of the law. Mr. Key is provided with a quiet Judgeship, in which the old gentleman will have a provision for his remaining years. Mr. Schurz, it is reported, means to migrate to Wisconsin in the hope of getting himself sent to the United States Senate from there. Mr. Ramsey goes home in peace from the War Department, as does Gon. Devens from the Attorney-Generalship. Mr. Thompson, the Secretary of the Navy, by odds the ablest member of the Cabinet next to Mr. Sherman, and the best head the Navy Department has had since Mr. Welles retired, is probably riad to go home to his farm on the Wabush, though, if the Republicans of Indiana know their own advantage, they would send him to the Senate.

THE "HERALD" MAN'S JOB.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—The Herald's Washington correspondent has gathered the following gossip, and manufactured Garfield's Cabinet in advance: "As to Gen. Garfield's Cabinet, there is a general belief that it will be of a mixed character, a compromise structure, intended to haracter, and the compromise structures in the compromise structures are compromised to the compromise structure. vance: "As to Gen. Gurfield's Cablnet, there is a general belief that it will be of a mixed character, a compromise structure, intended to harmonize the two wings of the party. Gen. Ben. Harrison is admitted on all hands to be a sure member of it, Mr. John C. New, of Indiana, being looked to as Senator McDonald's probable successor in the Senate. Mr. Harrison is regarded here as a moderate Republican. Gen. Logan is known to desire the Secretaryship of the Interior. It was the place he chose for himself when he thought Grant's nomination cerwin, and at that time he and his friends made no secret of his wishes and determination."

COMPLIMENTS OF THE DAY.

MENTOR, O., Nov. 3.—Seven hundred of the neulty and students of Oberlin College visited Mentor to-day,-the first deputation to congratulate Gen. Garfield, who spoke to them as fol-lows, reported for the Claveland Herald:

MR. PRESIDENT, LAUIES, AND GENTLEMEN: This spontaneous visit is so much more agreeable than a prepared one; it comes more directly from the heart of the people who participate in it, and I receive it as a greater compliment for that reason. I do not wish to be unduly impressible or superstitious, but though we have outlived the days of the augurs, I think we have a right to think of some events as omens, and I greet this as a happy and auspicious omen that the first general greeting since the event of yesterday is tendered to me by a venerable institution of learning. The thought has been abroad in the world a good deal, and with reason, that there is a divorce between scholarship and politics. Oberlin, I believe, has never advocated that divorce, but there has been a sort of cloistered scholarship in the United States that has stood aloof from active participation in public affairs. I am giad to be greeted here to-day by the active, live scholarhip of Ohio, and I know of no place where scholarship has touched upon the nerve centre of public life so effectually as Oberlin. For this reason I am specially graciful this greeting from the faculty and students of Oberlin College and its venerable and venerated President. I thank you, ladies and gentlement of the control of yesterday's event may be, it will be all the more significant for being immediately indorsed by the scholarship and culture of my State. I thank you, ladies and gentlemen, and thank your president for coming with you. You are cordially welcome.

THE NEXT HOUSE.

ESTIMATES AT HEADQUARTERS.

Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribuna.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—Mr. McPherson, of the congressional Republican Committee, to-night stimates a Republican working majority of Wentz-three in the next Head The Chicagon. -three in the next House. The following the table of Republican gains claimed: Mas-nehusetts, 1,—the Morse district; Virginia, 1,— doole's district; North Carolina, 1,—Kitchen's district; North Carolina, I,—Kitchen's district; three in Tennessec,—Taylor, Atkins, and Young: two in Alabama,—the Second and Fourth; one in Louisiana,—Darreil; two in Iowa,—Gillette and Weaver; one in Minnesota,—Strait; one in Wisconsin,—Guenther; two in Missouri.—Sessinghaus and Van Horn; three in Pennsylvania,—Campbell, Scrunton, and Brumm; one in West Virginia,—Wilson; two in Kentucky,—White and Thomas; one n Kentucky,—White and Thomas; one n Illinois, the Thirteenth District; one in Ver-mont, Bradley,—Buriow's district; one in Ore-ton, two in Indiana, and six in Ohio. This makes

a total of Republican Congressmen sained of thirty-two. From this deduct three losses in New York and one loss in Newada, which makes a total net Republican gain of twonty-circh. There are new 131 Republicans in the House, which, with the twenty gained, will make the number of Republicans in the Forty-seventh Congress 159. That would give to the Opposition, Democrats and Greenbackers, or whatever they might be called, 136 Representatives in the next Congress, thaving the Republicans a net majority of 23. On the basis of this estimate, it will be seen that, if the Republicans are compelled to surrender, as is possible, some of the districts claimed in Tennessee and the Morse district in Massachusetts, there still will be a very good working majority in the House. Indeed, it does not seem probable that later returns can so reduce the Republicans gains claimed as to deprive the party of a practical majority in the next House.

GEN. GRANT.

GEN. GRANT.

A VERY COMPLIMENTARY AYPAIR.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

New York, Nov. 3.—The Commandary of the State of New York Military Order Loyal Legion of the United States, gave an informal reception and dinner to their Companion, Gen. Ulysses S. Grant, in Delmonico's this evening. A few minutes after 9 o'clock the Companions of the Order ranged themselves at the tables in the grand dining-hall, on the second floor, and a moment later Gen. Grant entered, escorted by Gen. John Cochrane and Rear-Admiral Trenchard. He was received with cheers. Proceeding to the middle of the room the party stopped, and Gen. Cochrane said: "Companions, I present to you the first champion of his country, the first Captain of his age, and held by us in a title dearer still,—our Companion of the Military Order Loyal Legion of the United States, Gen. Ulysses S. Grant." [Applause.] The members then formed in line, and marching past in turn

GRASPED THE GENERAL'S HAND.

This ceremony over, all those present seated themselves.

This ceremony over, all those present seated themselves. Gen. Grant occupied the central seat at the principal table. There was a notable list of officers present. When the coffee and cigars had been passed, Gen. Schofield arose and proposed the health of the illustrious guest. As Gen. Grant arose to respond there was a general movement among the guests who had meanmovement among the guests, who had mean-time scated themselves, in the same direction, but Gen. Grant said, "You had better keep your seats, because when I get on my feet there is no knowing how long I may talk." [Laughter]. GENTLEMEN AND COMRADES: I have much pleasure in finding here so many of our com-rades in the scenes through which the country was abliged to pass fifteen and nineteen years ago, and I am glad to see you so well and happy. [Applause.] I am always glad to meet the soldiers who served our

so well and happy. [Applause.] I am always glad to meet the soldiers who served our country so well and faithfully, and I am the more pleased when I see them doing so well as you are apparathly doing this evening. [Applause and laughter.] At least I hope you are. I have been over a very great deal of the world's surface in the last four years, and it may be interesting to you for me to say here that I never been in a country, not in a single one, in which I have not met some of our comrades of the War of the Rebellion. [Applause.] It was my good fortune to visit every capital in Europe, and to make a circle round from San Francisco all over the East, and even in the Eastern countries there was not one in which I did not meet some of our comrades, and in almost every instance they were men who were doing well, and doing our country service. [Applause.] Some of them represented their country in appointments to which the Government had assigned them; others were travelers, commercial agents, and men engaged in business, or in the introduction or extension of our commerce to distant points of the world. Though at the risk of repeating what I have said before, I maintain that it is one good effect of a war, where so much is to be deplored, that it breaks up the home-ties of energatic men, and soatters them abroad in places where they never expected to be to help their nation in its commerce with the world, to build up new territories, and to demonstrate that their country has a history. [Applause.] Gentlemen, I am very glad to have met you here this evening, and I will not keep you any ionger. [Great applause.]

There were a large number of speeches, and the festivities closed at a late hour.

WHY THE REPUBLICANS SUCCEEDED.

"You believed you saw real danger, General?"

"I did, or I would not have gone into the campaign. It is the first time I ever had anything to do with political campaign matters, and I never made a campaign speech before. This was my first political campaign."

"Will it be your last?"

"Very likely; but I don't pledge myself to that, mind. If anything extraordinary was to happen, or any serious difficulty presented itself, the party would, of course, have my services."

HANCOCK. OTHER MOURNERS CALL ON HIM.
Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.
NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—Gen. Hancock seemed today to be the least concerned of any man on Governor's Island over the result of the elec-tions. He had retired at the usual hour the night before. After breakfasting with his family this morning he went to army headquarters, and busied himself with his official correspondence. Gen. McClellan called to express his sympathy, and Gen. Hancock's reply was that he was sorry and Gen. Hancock's reply was that he was sorry for the people and the party. To other people who called he said he was willing to abide by the decision of the people. Several of his military friends called, but the aspiring Democratic politicians, who now found no further use for Gen. Hancock, kept away.

MARK TWAIN. FUNERAL ORATION.

Special Dispatch to The Unicage Tribuna.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 3.—During the Republican joilification meeting last evening in the Opera-House, which was filled to overflowing, Mark Twain was called upon for a speech, over the Democratic party. Coming as it did immediately after an address by two clergymen, and beginning in a rather lugubrious way, the and beginning in a rather luguirious way, the assemblage did not at first know how to receive it. As the speaker went on, however, the queer political hit began to be appreciated. Almost every sentence was greeted with roars of laughter. Following is the address:

There are occasions which are so solemn, so weighted with the deep concerns of life, that

then even the licensed jester must lay aside his cap and bells and remember that he is a man and mortal; that even his light, butterly career of folly has its serious seasons, and he cannot flee them or ignore them. Such a time, my friends, is this, for we are in the near present of one who

IS A PASSENGER FROM THIS LIFE, one whom we have known long and well, but one whom we have known long and well, but shall know no more forever. About the couch of him who lies stricken are gathered those who hold him dear, and who await the oncoming of a great sorrow. His breathing is faint, and grows fainter; his voice is become a whisper; his pulses scarcely record the languishing ebb and flow of the life; his line are nalled. wasted current of his life; his lips are pallid, and the froth of dissolution gathers upon them; his face is drawn; his cheeks are sunken; the roses are gone from them and ashes are in their place; his form is still; his feet are ice; his eyes are vacant; beaded sweat is on his brow; he picks at the coveriet with unconscious fingers; he "babbles o' green fields"; death's rattle is in his throat; his time is at hand. Every breeze that comes to us out of the distances, near and far, and from every segment of the wide horizon, is heavy with a voice mourning for sorrow accomplished, and the burden of the mourning is, "The aged and stricken Democratic party is dying"; and the burden of the lament will be, "The mighty is failen; the Democratic party is dead." And who and what is he that is dying and will presently be dead? A foot-sore political wanderer, a hoary political tramp, an itinerant poor actor familiar with many disguises,

A BUTCHER OF MANY FARTS.

In the North he played "Protection" and place; his form is still; his feet are lee; his eyes

THE BADGER STATE. LA CROSSE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

LA CROSSE, Wis., Nov. 3.—The election is over.
and the Republicans have done nobly in this
city and district. Never since the days of Lincoln has there been so much enthusiasm shown
as now. The streets have been crowded all day.

"Hard Money." In the West he played "Protection." "Free Trade." "Hard Money." and "Soft Money." changing disguises and parts according to the exigencies of the occasion. In the South he played "Tariff for Revenue"; in the North and the West he played "The Apostle of Freedom." In the South he played "The Assasin of Freedom," and mouthed the sacred shibbolcths of liberty with cruel and bloody lips. His latest and final appearance upon the Nation's stage was in the new piece entitled "FORGERY, A PARCE," in which he was assisted by the whole strength of the company. It was a poor piece. It was letin-boards awaiting the good news. The Republicans hold a great demonstration to night over the result. The Democratic headquarters are deserted, and many old Democrats assert this is the end of the Democratic party. They are terribly humiliated, and have many reasons why they are defeated. The Greenback vote was very light compared with two years ago, most of this element voting the Republican ticket.

most of this element to the Chicase Tribuna.

Special Dispatch to The Chicase Tribuna.

Madison, Nov. 3.—The Republicans of the Capital City feel very jolly over the giorious victory. A black streamer was run up to the top of the Hancock and English pole last night, and crape tied to the handle of the Hancock and English club-room, indicative of the mourning of that party.

George Raymour, editor of the Madison Democral, this morning moves to make it unanimous Earnaboo. in which he was assisted by the whole strength of the company. It was a poor piece. It was indifferently played; so it failed, and he was hissed and abused by the audience. But he lies low now, and blame and praise are to him alike. The charitable will spare the one, the judicious will reserve the other. O, friends! this is not a time for jests and levity, but a time for bended forms and uncovered heads, for we stand in the near presence of majestic death, a momentous and memorable death; a rristy and awful death. For it is a death from which there is no resurrection. Heaven bless us, one and all! Heaven temper the blow to the afflicted family. Reaven grant them a change of heart and a better life!

BARABOO,

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

BARABOO, Wis., Nov. 3.—There was a grand celebration here to-night, a salute of 38 guns, band playing, bells of churches and schools ringing, and illumination, in honor of the grand Republican victory.

THE BUCKEYES.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune, CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 3.—Many bus bouses and residences were decorated to-day in honor of the next President and his great vic-tory. Satisfaction is expressed on nearly every face, a few lonely Democrats marring the Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 3.—A row at the polls at Alexandria is reported. The Democrats are charged with having prevented the colored men from easting their vote, and it is even said that the police of the city were occupied the entire day in challenging Republican voters. The Republican sclaim that soveral hundred of their votes were not received. Men appeared in the crowd with double-barreled shot guns, and a fence was stripped of its palings to arm Democratic roughs. In Baltimore, too, there were some disturbances, and a few men were injured. In Washington one old gray-headed man, who had but one leg, was stricken down by a Democratic rough, while shouting "Hurrah for Garfield!"

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

COLUNBUS. O., Nov. 3.—The overflow yesterday has completely staggered the Ohio Democracy, and the leaders have little to say. The rank and file of the party treat the election as a huge joke, and are inclined to make the best of it. although there are continued murnurs of disappointment and chagrin, as well as plenty of demunciation of the leaders of the Democratic party. The Hon. Frank McKiney, Chairman of the Committee, appears sadly disappointed, and says the result plainly indicates that the people are more easily corrupted than the politicians. To night the Republicans are celebrating the victory of yesterday, and the city is in a blaze of light. The various clubs paraded the streets with bands of music, and followed by facusands of old men and boys with horns, making the most uncarthly music ever listened to. A magnificent display of fireworks in the Canitol Square attracted over 20.000 people. Speeches were made by ex-Gov. Dennison states that no demonstration of to-night.

THE KEYSTONE STATE.

THE PRESIDENT.

The contrast between the hard work performed by the Cabinet of President Hayes and his own abandonment of his party throughout the entire campaign for a mere pleasure trip continues to be a subject of common remark and severe criticism. And now, that the battle is fought without a particle of help from him, the Republican Committee allows it to be known that he even declined to contribute to the expenses of the campaign, though twice requested to give. It is further said that when asked personally by a prominent member of the Ohio State Committee to help them and at a time when there was pressing need of funds, he turned the conversation upon another subject, and did not return to it. PITTSBURG.

Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribune.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Nov. 3.—The city and county Privisure, Pa., Nov. 3.—The city and county seem to have emptied their entire population upon Fifth avenue and adjoining streets, which are swarming with people celebrating the glorious victory of yesterday. Torchlight processions are parading the streets, bands are playing, and red fire burning in all directions. The scenes and incidents of the evening strangely resemble those which characterized the close of the campaign in 1860. Republicans are perfectly wild with excitement and enthusiasm. The Democrats look "down in the mouth," but take their defeat good-naturedly. The impression is general among Republicans that a called session of the Forty-seventh Controls carly in March will be found advisable. The control of the Capitol building and of a new House of Representatives is such an element of strength to a new Administration as will probably not be neglected. It will be important to have the organization of the new Republican House completed, and of the Senate also, so that the new Administration may understand from the start what the machinery of legislation for the new Congress is.

THE WOLVERINE.

RAST SAGINAW.

Speciar Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., Nov. 3.—The Republicans had a grand joilification meeting this evening over the sweeping victory, and fired a salute of fifty same.

HORR ELECTED.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

EAST SAGINAW, Mich., Nov. 3.—Returns from all parts of the Eighth District indicate that R. 3. Horr, Republican, is redected to Congress y a plurality of 2,000.

Special Dispatch to The Chicage Tribuna.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 3—6 p. m.—All day the Republicans have been making the streets hideous with their joyous din, as on the day after the October election, but to-night, in addition to the infernal tooting of horns, all kinds of firearms are being discharged, bands are playing, and boys shooting, the whole scene being illuminated by a dozen immense bonfires and a grand display of fireworks. The scene beggars description. The streets are jammed with people, every one of whom seems to be making the most noise. From a room in the fourth story of a building on the corner of Meridian and Washington streets the din sounds like the singing of millions of mosquitoes magnified a thousand-fold. A deaf man declared that he could bear it. One of the peculiarities of the demonstration is that every other man bears on his back ip large chalk figures the mystic "220." Burgies and vehicles of every kind are decorated with Garfield and Arthur's pictures and the National colors; the occupants carrying a THE SUCKERS. SPRINGFIELD.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 3.—When it became apparent, at an early hour this morning, that the Solid North had spoken in unmistakable language, and that a glorious victory had been achieved, the Republicans of this city fairly went wild with enthusiasim, and took possession of the city. No such scenes of jubilation have been witnessed in this city since the fall of Richmond. Prominent citizens and staid old gentlemen were as hoisterous as the young men in their demonstrations, and everybody gave themselves up unreservedly to the spirit of the occasion. About 30 cipck a band was engaged, and all the tin horns in the city purchased, whereupon a large delegation proceeded to the Executive Mansion and "routed Gov. Cullom out of bed" to receive their congratulations and make a speech. The Governor thanked them for the compliment, and expressed his gratification at dead rooster may also be seen at intervals.

A jollification meeting was announced at the Court-House, at which speeches were to be made by Gov. Porter, Gen. Harrison, Gen. A. D. Streight, the Hons. A. B. Norton of Texas, J. P. Southworth of New Orienns, A. M. Hardy of Mississippi, S. H. Russell of Texas, Gen. W. P. Edgerton of Arkansas, the Hons. W. W. Curry, John M. Butler, John Coburn, John W. Gordon, and others. The rooms were filled, and a few speeches were attempted, but the awful din without was TOO MUCH FOR HUMAN LUNGS, and the crowds withdrew to join in the general rejoicing. Altogether it was a wonderful demonstration, and one which will not soon be forgotten. In the midst of it all the following dispatch was received:

"CLEVELAND, Nov. 3.—To Morris Ross, Dady News: Tell those Hoosiers to stop their yelling. We want a change, and can't make ourselves."

CLEVELAND, Nov. 3.—To Morris Ross, Dady News: Tell those Hoosiers to stop their yelling.

forgotten. In the midst of it all the following dispatch was received:

"CLEVELAND, Nov. 3.—To Morris Ross, Dafly News: Tell those Hoosiers to stop their yelling. We want a chance, and can't make ourselves heard at Mentor.

MARK A. HANNA."

In the course of the afternoon William Watson, an employé of the Western Union Telegraph Company, who was celebrating for Garfield, was set upon by a couple of Democrats. Watson fired, burning the right eye of one of his assailants with the powder, but missing him with the ball. There are several versions of the story, but as no one was seriously injured the matter is passed off as of little consequence. It is believed that the parties had had trouble at the polls yesterday. With this exception, no trouble or mishap has occurred.

ON THE WABASH. up their headquarters this morning, saying that they did not propose to pay rent any longer, and are not even receiving any returns; at least they do not make them public if any are received.

AURORA* III., Nov. 3.—The Republicans of Aurora jolitiled over the grand result of yesterday. There were 4.600, mon and women perfectly enthusiastic parading the streets with torches, transparencies, bands, and fireworks. At hairpast 8 the immense throng massed itself in front of the Republican headquarters, when Mayor Bartiett introduced Col. Phocion Howard, of Danville, as the oldest Bourbon Democratic editor in Illinois, and who desired, in his own words, "to lie down." Phocion was received with cheers, for he was well known, and for half an hour he rattled off one of the grandest buriesque speeches ever delivered to an opposition audience. Phocion ran over the Bourbon shortcomings, and graphically pictured the situation, the Omega of which was that there was no more use for a Benid South, and, ergo, no more use for a Democratic party. Congressman Sherwin followed in a handsome acknowledgment to his friends for a reflection, and then pasted the last relick of the Solid South square between the eyes. Prof. Freeman, of the High School, made a most admirable speech, Aurora's favorit, Eugene Canfield, was loudly called for, but did not respond, because he was worn out by the continual inbors of the campaign.

SANDWICH.

Special Dispatch to The Chicage Tribune.

SANDWICH.

Special Dispatch to The Chicage Tribune.

SANDWICH.

**Special Dispatch to the thronging crowd, who were fairly wild with enthusiasm took shape in the form of a grand torchlight procession in which several hundred participated. Afterwards S. R. Stinson, A. G. Davidson, and others made short addresses to the thronging crowd, who were fairly wild with enthusiasm. Cannons have been fired all the evening, and the streets are still mass be announced for the benefit of those Democratic papers—especially the Chicago Tribune.

**Steelal Di

trouble or mishap has occurred.

ON THE WARASH.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

AFAYETTE, Ind., Nov. 3.—If your correspondent was not fearful that he might be regarded as profane, he would telegraph it to the boys that there is "Heil on the Wabash" to-day. The unanticipated unanimity of the people in casting their votes for Garfield and Arthur, and the joyful news that hourly came in from New York, Connecticut, and other States, set the ball to rolling about midnight, and from that hour to this there has been no "jet-up" in the rejoicing. Men and boys paraded the streets all day, shouting and yelling for Garfield until almost exhausted, and, unable to complete the full name, one cries "Gar," and the next follows with "field." During the day aunouncement was made that a delling the gray was the warm of the control of the con During the day announcement was made that a joilification meeting would be held to-night, and staid old business-men and professional men are walking about the streets, handshaking, singing, and hurrahing, having chalked ou their coats, hats, and pants "220," "Meeting to-night" their coats, hats, and pants "ED," "Meeting tonight."
At night the demonstration was almost
indescribable. Houses and business places
were brilliantly illuminated, while processions, great and small, carrying torches, banners, transparencies, flags, brooms, tin horns,
bass and tenor drums, are parading the streets,
and such another din has not been created here
since the first Lincoln campaign. Old men,
young men, rich men, poor men, long men and
short men, big men and small men, one-legged
men and two-legged men, are marching on to
the tune of old "John Brown" and other favorit
airs, while the Glee Club is singing the liveliest
songs.

sorgs.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MUNCIE, Ind., Nov. 3.—This afternoon, and, in fact, since 12 o'clock last night, there has been one continual joilification by Republicans here over the result of Tuesday's election. Thousands of people have swarmed the streets singing, yelling, tearing up and burning hats, blowing horns, ringing bells, and in every imaginable way giving veut to the greatest joy. To-night bonüres, calcium-lights, and fireworks light up the city, while bands of music and thousands of people parade the streets, going over the same demonstrations made to-day. A torchlight procession, anvils, etc., add to the scene. Such enthusiasm was never before witnessed here.

KOKOMO.

CLINTON, ILL.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna,
CLINTON, Ill., Nov. 3.—The Republicans of DeWitt County held a grand jolification to-night
to giorify over the election of Garfield and Arthur. About 2,000 people were out and took an
active part. There was a grand parade of the
Garfield Guards, the 320 Brigade, and the Broom
Brigade, with appropriate banners. Good
speeches were delivered, and the demonstration
was the most enthusiastic ever known or seen in
De Witt County.

MORRISON, ILL.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna. enthusiasm was never before witnessed here.

KOKOMO.

Spech, Dipatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

KOKOMO, Ind., Nov. 3.—We are ratifying tonight, and no words can express the enthusiasm of the people. Huge bondres are blazing on the public square, bands are playing, and speakers are speaking, but if bediam itself had broken loose the din could not be greater. The long and hotly-contested campaign is over, and the victory is ours, and the Solid South left as a standing monument of its insignificance compared to the great free North.

South Bend.

This evening the Republicans held a war dance and jollification meeting of immense proportions, and had a torchlight procession of the go-as-you-please order. Fishhorns, cow-bells, and tin cans furnished the music. Everybody was out, and the main streets were a perfect jam. The Republicans were not drunk, but jubilant, happy, and satisfied, and they gave loud expression.

Second Dispetch to The Chicago Tribuns.

Morrison, ill., Nov. 3.—The Republicans of this city are holding an immense jubitee meeting to-night. Bonires are blazing, cannon roaring, city bells ringing, torchight clubs marching, and the enthusiasm was never so great. Not a Democrat in sight.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP NEWS.

New York, Nov. 3.—Arrived, the State of Nevada, from Glasgow.

Hamming. Nov. 3.—Arrived, Cinbria, from New York.

Linguist New York.

The most wonderful production in mechanism of this enlightened age is the sewing-machine. The most perfect machine now in existence is the Wheeler & Wilson new No. 8. 155 State.

FOREIGN.

Parnell and Other Agitators Summoned to Appear in Court.

Incendiary Speeches Indulged In by One of the Lesser Lights. /

An Unfavorable Showing Made in the Prussian Annual Budget.

The Work of Expelling Religious Societies Progressing in France.

> IRELAND. THE LAND-LEAGUE INDICTMENTS.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The first count of the in London, Nov. 4.—The first count of the indictments on which Parnell and his associates are arrested recited that "they devised to impoverish and injure divers large numbers of liege subjects of the Queen, whose names are unknown,—to-wit, the owners of farms in Ireland let to tenauts in consideration of payment of rent unlawfully among themselves,—did conspire, combine, confederate, and agree together to solicit, inette, and procure divers large numbers of the said tenants in breach and violation of their respective contracts of tenantry to refuse to pay to the said owners rents, etc." In the second to the seventh counts the traversers are charged with "unlawfully threatening to cut off and utterly exclude from intercourse and dealing in the way of buying and selling, and with treating as though affected with a loathsome disease, to hold up to hatred and contempt, every tenant paying the rent which he disease, to hold up to hatred and contempt, overy tenant paying the rent which he was lawfully bound to pay." The eighth count, with "threatening and menacing violence and injury to the person and property of every tenant who should pay rent above Government valuation." The nineteenth count, with "seditiously conspiring, combining, confederating, and agreeing together to cause and create discontent and disaffection among the liege subjects of the Queen, and to excite and promote feelings of ill-will and hostility botween the different classes of her said Majesty's said subjects, that is to say between the landlords and tenants in Ireland, and further with exciting and promoting feelings of ill-will and hostility toward the landlords in Ireland: and among the rest of Her Majesty's subjects in Ireland to the great terror and alarm of the said landlords, to the evil example of all others in like case offending, and against the peace of the Queen, her crown, and dignity."

This last is the important political count.

PARNELL'S SENTIMENTS.

PARNELL'S SENTIMENTS.

Mr. Parnell said this afternoon: "I was served with the copy of a long indictment containing nineteen counts, and reciting a number of ridiculous accusations framed with a view to damage the Land-League agitation in the eyes of the outside world, which is naturally ignorant of the real conditions of the Irish people. The indictment would be a ridiculous document if it were not a mulicious one. It shows clearly that no English Government can be trusted to deal honestly or truthfully with any important question. These prosecutions are in all ways illustrative of the difficulty which besets every English Government in its attempt to govern Ireland. This attempt is in itself an anomaly, because it is an attempt to adapt a constitutional system of government to a purpose for which it was never intended. By moving the case to the Court of Queen's Bench they have secured a panel of landords and have reverted to the old system of striking juries, under which a verdict was optained against O'Connell. With these facilities for jury-packing, the odds are very much in their favor, but we hope to beat them."

INCENDIABY SPECHES.

To the Western Associated Press.

DUBLIN, Nov. 3.—Mr. Naily, one of the agitators indicted for conspiracy, in a speech near Tuam on Monday recommended the use of dynamite and gum cotton against landlords.

Parnell's tone is also more violent lately.

The Land League meets to-day to consider the line of action to be taken for the defense of the members indicted.

members indicted.

Parnell has just been served with a copy of an indictment and information against him by a detective officer at the Imperial Hotel in this city. Gordon, one of the defendants charged in the indictment, is seriously ill at Claremorris.

T. D. Sullivan, Sexton, and Exan have also received summonses. The others who are accused will be surved during the evening. The summonses order the accused to appear on Friday BRENNAN AND O'SULLIVAN

also received summons to appear before the Court of Queen's Bench. The Land League maintains that several of those named in the indictment for conspiracy never were members of the League. Boyton is a naturalized American.

WATCHED BY DETECTIVES.

Parnell arrived in Dublin at a late hour last night, and his hotel was watched by detectives. A PREDICTION.

The Daily Express, Protestant, discussing the prosecutions against members of the Land League, says if the Government plays with this matter for another six months, there will be an armed rising.

ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE.

DUBLIN, NOV. 3.—Parnell and several prominent members of the Land League held a consultation to-day and decided to issue an address on their case to the people of Ireland, which will be submitted at a meeting of the League.

FRANCE.

RELIGIOUS EXPELSIONS.

PARIS, Nov. 3.—The expulsions of the religious communities proceeded to-day in the Provinces against the Capuchius, Dominicaus, and others. There were the usual protests against the expulsion and door-breakings. The Archbishop of Toulouse was at the establishment of the Fa-Coulouse was at the establishment of the Fa-hers of the Sacred Heart, and protested against heir expulsion.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 3.—The Porte has decided to raise the strength of the troops in Thesaly and Epirus to 42,000 men, and to construct ten batteries for the defense of the Dardanelles.

GERMANY.

GERMANY.
THE PRUSAIAN BUDGET.

BERLIN, Nov. 3.—The financial statement of Herr Bitter, Minister of Finance, in introducing the Prussian Budget, was received unfavorably. He said the last financial year showed a deficiency requiring a loan of 5,000,000 marks, and that, while the estimates for the current financial year balance, a portion of the outlay was extraordinary. The ordinary budget showed a surplus of 23,000,000 marks, 1,400,000 of which will be devoted to the remission of taxes. He intimated that an increase of the brewing tax might be found expedient, and also those up a military exemptions, and on Bourse banking operations. It has been resolved to hold an international railway exhibition here in 1882.

GREAT BRITAIN. LOST IN A GALE.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—The coasting steamer Elemore with all hands, fifteen persons, was lost in

a recent gale. VARIOUS. PANAMA, Oct. 25.—The Star and Herald publishes news that a successful revolution broke out in Ecuador against the Government of Ventimilia.

DEAD.

D

RIO DE JANEIRO, Nov. 2.—Viscount Rio Bianco, Senator, is dead.

PERSIA.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—A dispatch from Meshed says the great Turcoman raid against Bami has commenced.

PRINTERS' STRIKE. TOLEDO, O., Nov. 3.—The Union printers employed on the Morning Telegram have struck because the proprietors refused to discharge a number of female compositors employed in the establishment. Good non-Union printers are in demand at the usual wages, 30 cents per thousand.

DROWNED. Toronto, Can., Nov. 3.—Arthur Muldoon and Mrs. Loughead were drowned in Toronto Bay this afternoon by falling out of a small boat.

It Hardly Pays.

Wall Street New.

A New Jersey merchant met an acquaintance on a car on the Elevated yesterday, and, after some general remarks, the latter said:

"I saw a newspaper notice that you had failed." failed."
"Yes, I went by the board."
"Yes, I went by the board."
"Yes, pretty bad."
"Outside speculation, I suppose?"
"Partly."

"Creditors willing to give you a chance to re-

"Creditors willing to give you I chance to recover?"
"Yes."
"Giad of it. I suppose you'll soon be all
right."
"Yes. I tell you what, it is a very disagreeable business. I had to plead family extravagance, and my wife, who hadn't had a new dress
for six months, was as mad as a hop. I proved
that I had given too much to the church, and
the minister called and raked me over the coals.
I had a clerk abscond with a lot of cash, and
the creditors made me own up that he was my
brother. I supposed that I was a hundred
doilars shead. I figured on having enough to
pay thirty cents on the dollar, but somehow they
got hold of enough to pay ninety-eight, and put
all the costs on me. I lost four weeks of trade
on top of all this, and I'm feeling awful blue. It
hardly pays to fail,—unless you've got a partner
to help bluff creditors."

GEN. SHERMAN.

It is Thought Certain that He Will Retire Next Spring.

Lieut.-Gen. Sheridan Will Then Go to Washington, as Generalissimo.

Hancock Can Come to Chicago, if He Desire, and We'll Be Glad to See Him.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

New York, Nov. 4.—It is said that the forthcoming annual report of Gen. Sherman will be his last, as he has determined to carry into effect an intention frequently expressed to go upon the retired list next spring, having served the thirty years required by Sect. 1,243 of the Revised Statutes to quality him for voluntary retirement. The title of General is exclusively his own, and his retirement will not make a vacancy on the active list. It will, however, bring Lieut-Gen. Sheridan to Washington as commander of the army, and will open the way for Maj.—Gen. Hancock's transfer To CHICAGO as commander of the great and important military division embracing nearly the whole theatre of Indian operations and the greater part of the active forces of the army. The custom of the service which places this command at the acceptance of Gen. Hancock accords him also the privilege of declining it should he prefer his present command and residence or duties, and should he avail himself of this privilege, the successor of Lieut.—Gen. Sheridan at Chicago will doubtless be

MAJ.-GEN. SCHOPIELD.

will doubtless be

AAJ.-GEN. SCHOFIELD,

who has the reputation among his profession of
being, in an especial sense, the intellectual
member of the corps of general officers of all
grades. As the retirement of Gen. Sherman will cause no vacancy, the command of the Western Division, should Gen.

Hancock dealing wast development of the Hancock decline, must devolve upon either Gen. Schofield or Gen. McDowell, as it could not well be conferred upon one of the Brigadiers. The retirement of Gen. E. O. C. Ord, now commanding the Department of Texas, is anticipated and it is said that Col. N. A. Miles, of the Fifti Infantry, will be promoted to the vacasioned by Gen. Ord's retirement.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Congress Water-Cathartic and Alterative—is a well-known specific for constitution, indigestion, and all disorders of the stomach, liver, and kidneys.

Ninety years popular use attests its purity, safety, and superiority to all waters of this class. Avoid all coarse, irritating waters, foreign and domestic; they impair the digestive organs and kidneys, thereby inducing irreparable resuits. None genuine sold on draught.

Macalister's Cough Mixture is the most reliable and safe remedy. Every family should have it for whooping-cough and croup J. P. Lee, corner Haisted and Harrison streets sole manufacturer For sale by all druggists.

The Public Will Heware of a Fraudu-len: imitation of Dobbins Electric Scap now being forced on the market by misrepresenta-tion. It will ruin any clothes washed with it. Insist upon having Dobbins Electric,

Ladies, Belicate, and Feeble—If you wish to be healthy and beautiful, take Colden's Liebig's Liquid Extract of Beef. Travelers, stop at the Astor House. New York.

MEDICAL.

Miracles of Healing Unparalleled in Medical History.

CUTICUBA RESOLVENT, the great natural blood purifier, absorbent, renovator, and vitalizer, has shown its grandcurative power in scrofula, white swellings, ulcers, erysipelas, swelled neck, scrofulous inflammations, mercurial affections, old sores, cruptions of the skin, sore eyes, and scalp affections, with dry, thin, and failing hair; and when the Cuticura, a Medicinal Jelly, and the Cuticura Soap, prepared from it, are applied to external symptoms, the cures effected by the Cuticura Remedies are marvelous.

Scrofula. SCROFULA.—The Hon. William Taylor, Boston, State Senator of Massachusetta, permanently cured of a humor of the face and scalp that had been treated unsuccessfully for twelve years by many of Boston's best physicians and most noted specialists, as well as European authorities. He says: "I have been so elated with my successful use of the Cutioura Remedies that I have stopped men in the streets to tell them of my case."

Running Sores. RUNNING SORES.—Henry Landecker, Dover, N.
H., certifies that Aug. 23, 1877, he broke his leg.
The bone was set by a physician. Upon removing the splints sores broke out from the knee to
the heel. Doctors called them varicese veins, and
ordered rubber stockings. Paid \$25 for stockings, without any signs of cure. Bought Cuticura Remedies and was rapidly and permanently cured. Certified to by Lothrops & Pinkham,
Druggists, Dover, N. H.

Salt Rheum. SALT RHEUM.—Geo. F. Owen, dealer in planes, Grand Rapids, Mich., was troubled for nine years with Salt Rheum. Tried every medicine known to the trade, and was attended by many physi-cians with only temporary relief. Cured by Cu-

Cuticura Remedies are prepared by Weeks & Potter, Chemists and Druggists, 300 Washingtonst., Boston, and are for sale by all Druggists. Price of Cuticura, a Medicinal Jeily, small boxes, 50 cents; large boxes, \$1; Cuticura Resolvent, the new Blood Purifier, \$1 per bottle: Cuticura Medicinal Toliet Soap, 25 cents; Cuticura Medicinal Shaving Soap, 15 cents; in bars for Harbers and large consumers, 50 cents.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE For CATARRH

One Bottle Radical Cure, one Box Co tarrhal Solvent, and one Improved Inhaler. Price for all \$1.00.

Economical, agreeable, safe, and never-failing, clieving instantly and curing permanently, this reat combination of medicinal agents offers to see weary sufferer from every form of Catarri, older and rest. It satisfies every demand of reating and common sense. It attacks and conquervery phase of catarrial disease. It strikes at the cot, denasting the manipulation, the means of contraction, sweetening the breath, restoring the mease of smell, taste, and hearing to full activity, arifying the blood of the catarrial virus, and necking its constitutional ravages. Buy it while serie is yet time.

ieral Agents, WEEKS & POTTER, Bosto

COLLING the Plaster, costing E containing the Plaster, costing E containing E conta

KID GLOVES DEPARTMENT

West End Dry Goods House "FOSTER" KID GLOVES

Our Glove Department is now complete with an elegant assort-ment of this celebrated Kid Glove in every shade and length. Its popularity is justly due to

the following advantages: ist. The perfect ease and rapid-ity with which it is laced. 2d. Its adjustability to fit any

sized wrist. The lay and paid 3d. The fastening will outlast the glove, which is a very rare occurrence with buttons.

Independent of improvement in fastening, the quality is guaranteed equal, if not superior, to any glove in the market.

We would also invite attention to our stock of

GENUINE ALEXANDRE KID GLOVES, In 2, 3, 4 and 6 Buttons, which

we are offering at greatly reduced

prices to close. Ladies who know

and appreciate this glove will do

well to secure a supply before they are all sold. **Special Bargains in 2-Button Real** Kid at 25 and 50 cts.

CARSON, PIRIE & CO. Madison and Peoria-sts.

Chas. Gossage

& Co. Will place on sale, This Day,

20,000 Pieces Finest Nainsook and Cambrid

> Ever shown in this city, AT PRICES

One-Half their Real Value Being the stock of a large St.

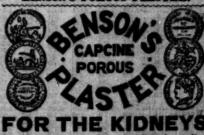
This is by far the choicest and

Chas. Gossage & Co., State-st. Washington-st.

COCOA. Epps' Cocoa.

By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws nutrition, and by a careful application of the first nutrition, and by a careful application of the first nutrition, and by a careful application of the first nutrition, and by a careful application of the first nutrition of dies in the first nutrition of the first nutrition o

Also, makers of Epps' Chocolate Es



FOLDING BED.



Western Air-Line Bonds

I hereby give notice that the money is n hands ready to pay the five outstanding coul-ern Air-Line Railroad-Aid flonds, and the ment of interest on the said bonds will be

Gall manufacturer, purchased by us at an im-mense sacrifice. cheapest of the many large lots sold by us this season. "An early inspection advised."

the fact that "Old Kaintuck" had stood by the party at least, though his face wore a troubled appearance. The Controller was sick, and did not put in an appearance, and the Houlth Department was a little graveyard. Secretary McVickar, for instance, was entirely unlitted for work, his feelings having overcome him; Dr. Gleeson was absent, having heard enough of "burials" to last him for some time; and Officers Mcrki and Crosty, though on hand, were the vory pictures of submission and the types of injured innocence. They wondered why things were thus, and could scarcely call to memory whether they had voted the day before for Hancock or somebody clse. And what was true among the heads, or with those ciothed with a degree of authority, was intensified at the desks. The "boys" were in a dreadful state, or at least so many of them as put in an appearance. They had fought and lost, and the same apparition which haunts the Mayor in his melancholy and solitude—the possibility of being out of a job at the end of a few months—seemed to annoy them beyond description. Very few of them would acknowledge to ever having been anything else than Republicans, and several of those who did were free to avow that they never had felt any interest in Hancock's election, and had been, for a long time, looking for something else to do with a view to resigning their places.

MARSHALS VS. POLICE.

MARSHALS VS. POLICE.

SMITH'S CASE.

The principal test case in the election Tuesday as regards the conflict between officers of the city and of the United States will be that of Louis Smith, who was a regularly-appointed United States Deputy-Marshal for the First District of the First Ward, the polling-place of which was located at No. 325 South Clark street. Smith was arrosted by Officer Dan Duffy, charged with carrying concealed weapons. He was taken to the Armory in spite of his declarations that he was an officer of the United States. The arrost was made just about the time of the closing of the poils, and the Deputy was bailed out shortly after by Mr. W. H. Reed. Yesterday morning his case was called in a rather peculiar manner. Smith was in Court at 9 o'clock and asked the Clerk if his name had been called, and was answered in the negative. Shortly afterward Duffy came to him as he sat in the audience and informed him that he had been fined \$50 for carrying concealed weapons, and that he must "go below." He westwiter. the audience and informed film that he had been fined \$50 for carrying concealed weapons, and that he must "go below." He was taken down stairs, and Col. Reed only discovered his

and that he must "go below." He was taken down stairs, and Col. Reed only discovered his condition when hunting for some other prisoners some time later.

Col. Reed immediately visited United States District-Attorney Leake, and prosented a petition in his behalf for a writ of habeas corpus. The writ set forth that Smith was lilegally interfered with and unlawfully arrested and held in custody while in the performance of his duties as a Deputy United States Marshal. Judge Drummond immediately granted the writ, and the papers were put into the hands of Chief Deputy Stillwell, returnable forthwith. Stillwell served the papers on John E. Mahouey, the Stationkeeper at the Armory, who made the return with the prisoner.

Shortly after 3 o'clock the case was called up before Judge Drummond. Gen. Leake appeared for Smith, who is an intelligent young colored man, 24 years old, and Col. Cameron appeared for the city.

After the reading of the writ Col. Cameron read the answer to Mahoney, which was merely the formal reply to the effect that the body of Couls Smith was held by the said Mahoney by virtue of a legal execution issued against him by Justice Wallace, after due trial, on the charge of carrying concealed weapons contrary to the municipal ordinances, which execution required Smith to pay the sum of \$30 or remain committed until the amount was satisfied according to law. While reading this formal answer Col. Cameron's demeanor and remarks were in marked contrast to his independent stand in the Geisler case.

Gen. Leake—Are you ready to proceed atonee?

marked contrast to his independent stand in the Geisler case.

Gen. Leake—Are you ready to proceed at once? Col. Cameron—I can only say, your Honor, that the practice in the State Courts, where the writ is sued out against the people, is that the write sued out against the people, is that the write sued out against the people, is that the write sued out against the people, is that the write sued out against the people, is that the write sued out against the people, is that the write sued out against the people, is that the write sued out against the people, is that the done in this case.

The Court—My understanding of the case is this: We are called upon by a petition in which it is alleged that a particular person is in custody. Prima facie that is unlawful. When you show that he is legally in custody by virtue of a writ, execution, or capias, whatever you may call it, you have a prima facie answer. It now remains for them to show the contrary. It is understood that the reply will be that the accused was in the performance of his duties as a United States Marshal. As I have already decided, the facts in the case are a legitimate subject of inquiry, and wifnesses may be introduced to prove what is desired on each side.

Col. University of the contract of the same agreed to take the simple assurance of the same agreed to t

what is desired on each side.

Col. Cameron assented to this, and agreed to take the simple assurance of Col. Reed that Smith would be present, waiving any formal recognizance. The case was then set for 10 o'clock this morning.

The arrested Deputy, Louis Smith, made the following attement in reply to questions by a reporter of The Tairungs:

"I was regularly appointed a United States Deputy-Marshal, had received my papers, and wore a badge. Just about the time the polis were closing I was coming from the Grand Pa-

OTHER CASES.

The election cases where arrests were made by the special police on the South Side came up before Justice Wallace yesterday morning. In cach case a change of venue was taken to Justice Summerfield, who continued all the cases until Nov. 1d, the defendants giving \$200 bail in each. The following are the names of the alleged offenders, and the officers making the arrests: William Swinburne, arrested by G. Limouski, under two charges of interfering with an officer; Thomas Powers, arrested by M. O'Connor, for resisting an officer; James Penner, "disorderly," arrested by Jore Dunn; James Gardner, "fliegal voting," arrested by "Officers George Northrup and Tim Ryan; George Montague, "disorderly," arrested by "Officer" Carroll; W. H. Pipor and James Taylor, "malfeasance in office," arrested by "Officer" Carroll; W. H. Pipor and James Taylor, "malfeasance in office, arrested by E. P. Harper and D. Considine; Louis Stone, "disorderly," arrested by T. J. MoNally and D. Considine; C. A. Williams, "disorderly," arrested by C. C. Murphy; Charles Thomas, for "interfering" with G. Samonski, who arrested him; and Howard Venable, arrested by Officer Dallard for carrying concealed weapons.

AFTER THE BATTLE.

AFTER THE BATTLE.

JUBILANT REPUBLICANS.

The Republicans felt more than happy yesterday, but most of them were tired after the great work of Thesday and the immense outburst of enthusiasm the night previous. But everybody was congratulating everybody else over the glorious victory achieved. The headquarters on Fifth avenue were thronged all day. To be sure, there was but little doing, except the settling of oills by the Executive Committee: still the people lingered around there because it was a sort of meeting-place for happy and contented men, now that the great battle was over and the victory was assured.

"I want to say this," said George Bass, the Treasurer of the Executive Committee. "I don't know what we should have done without the cooperation of our business men and merchants generally. They came nobly to the front. When we appealed to them, they let us know that they were with us, heart and soul, and they opened their purses to us in a most liberal way, and that aided us a great deal more than we can realize. Aside from that, many of them went boldly and openly to work, and their influence was remarkable, and that is what makes this city and county so largely Republican. I anticipated success, and knew how we were organized, but, really, the avalanche is greater than I anticipated. The new factor in our politics—such men as O.W. P. Rend, who gave their services and means to us—sent us forward with an alaceity we could not measure, and now only appreciate in part by the results."

Ex-Aid. Gilbert and: "I am thankful to Carter H. Harrison. I think that he is the greatest of living politicians, except malebuyer Baroum. Thank God, prosperity and contented. We've got them. and got them brd. I knive no remarks to make about Carter H. Harrison."

"How do I feel?" answered Chalrman Rawleigh. Like a claim at high tide.—hmppy and contented. We've got them. and got them brd. I thus no remarks to make about Carter H. Harrison." I think that he is the greatest of living politician, and got them brd. I take no rem

the first time during the past few weeks there was quiet me during the past few weeks there was quiet me during the past few weeks there was quiet me during the past few weeks there was quiet me during the past few weeks there was quiet me during the past few weeks there was quiet me during the past few weeks there was quiet me during the past few weeks there was quiet me during the past few weeks there was quiet me during the past few weeks there was quiet me during the past few weeks there was quiet me during the past few weeks there was quiet me during the past few weeks there was quiet me during the past few weeks there was quiet me during the past few weeks there was quiet me during the past few weeks there was quiet me or during and town where to be seen. But that modund ware moved had done the crowding and howly and the other lights that had should around day after day which had done the crowding and howly control the weeks week. How we we week that the past few had not voted the week and they claimed Poor old Capt. Connet said to the said to the

JOLLIFICATION.

A PARADE NEXT SATURDAY.

The Republicand do not propose to let this grand and glorious victory pass without giving some manifestation of their patriousm. At first it was proposed to have a torchlight display this evening, but it was learned that the Board of Trade desired to cooperate, and in order to ablige that body the parade was postder to oblige that body the parade was post-der to oblige that body the parade was post-poned until Saturday evening. Yesterday the geutlemen of the Board of Trade having the

der to oblige that body the parade was postponed until Saturday evening. Yesterday the
gentlemen of the Board of Trade having the
matter in charge promuig atod the following:
"Chicago, Nov. 3.—One thousand members of
the Board of Trade will turn out on horseback
Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock to ratify our
late glorious victory.
"All stalwart Republicans who have horses
are carnestly requested to be on hand promptly
and join with us."
They also circulated a paper, of which the following is a copy, which received in a couple of
hours over 300 names;
"We, the undersigned, members of the Board
of Trade, agree to turn out on horseback on
Saturday afternoon, Nov. 6, and march in triumphal procession in honor of our glorious Republican victory."
That the scheme meets the approval of employers as well as employes, is best shown by publishing a few of the names of those who signed
the ratification call. They are all well known,
and speak for themselves. Here are some of
them: George M. How, J. W. Preston, D. W.
Irwin, John R. Bensley, G. P. Comstock, P. P.
Oldershaw, I. P. Rumsey, James McElroy, G. H.
Gile, J. L. Dorsett, O. H. Roach, Moses Jones,
James H. Dole, C. F. Dwight, J. N. Dwight, J.
Van In Wagen, A. H. Bliss, C. J. Singer, C. W.
Favorite, T. J. Leahy, ex-Demoerat, I. N. Wanzer, J. J. McDermid, E. B. Stevens, E. D. Chapin,
Gen, J. T. Torrence postponed his turnout
until Saturday evening at 8 o clock, and it is desired that the Board of Trade will be kind
onough to cooperate with him. A brilliantitylighted procession, illumination, and fireworks
at night will be far more effective, and, if there
is cooperation of the enthusiastic forces, something grand can be accomplished. The Fourth
Ward Republican Club has purchased the Democratic wigwam for \$100, and they propose to
cart it way out on the prairie and make a bonfire of it. It is proposed to light grand campfires all around the city upon the open prairie,
and illuminate the heavens with evidences of
the glashness over the great vict

lowing order:

Union Voterans.
Board of Trade.

First Division Marching Clubs.
Second Division Marching Clubs.
Third Division Marching Clubs.
Citizens generally on foot and in carriages.
The column will move over the following route: Monroe street to Dearborn, to Madison, to State, to Lake, to Clark, ato Washington, to Market, to Monroe, to La Salle, to Jackson, to Clark. By order of J. T. TORBENCE, Marshal.

SPORTING NEWS.

PEDESTRIANISM.

London. Nov. 3.—In the Astley belt contest the score stood at 10 a. m.: Rowell, 289 miles; Littlewood, 229; Dobler, 285; Howard, 219.

The pedestrians rested about three hours during the night. Littlewood was the first one out, followed by Dobler and Howard. The last to appear was Rowell. All is going well.

This moraing O'Leary, on behalf of an unknown, challenged the winner.

At 5:30 o'clock the score stood: Rowell, 315; Littlewood, 290; Doblet, 30; Howard, 290.

Rowell at 3 o'clock was twenty-four miles in advance of the fastest time on record, and Dobler nearly cloven miles. Rowell's time for 300 miles was 82 hours and 7 minutes.

Howard showed signs of lameness soon after 3 o'clock to-day. He takes frequent rests when on the track, and only makes about four miles per hour. Dobler completed 300 miles at 11 minutes past 5p. m. to-day, being at that time fourteen miles behind Rowell.

London, Nov. 3.—At 7:30 last evening Dobler went lame and retired, but appeared again at half-past 8 and waiked apparently as well as ever. At 10 o'clock the morange well, 340; Listlewood, 288; Dobler, 315; Howard, 240.

London, Nov. 4.—Ja. D.—Dobler appeared again at 10 clock this moraning, walking fame. He covered four miles before Rowell, 340; Listlewood, 231; Dobler, 321; Listlewood, 291; Dobler, 321.

THE TURF. PEDESTRIANISM.

THE TURF.

PUTNEY, Nov. 2.—Trickett has made a match with Ross for £200 a side, to take place within a mouth after the match with Hanlan.

AN INSANE FREAK.

AN INSANE FREAK.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 3.—Yesterday a bright boy 4 years old was found lying near the railway track on the lake shore, his head between two stones and a heavy railway the across his neck, holding nim down. When discovered he was black in the face, unable to walk or talk, and nearly dend. Subsequently he revived, and told a remarkable story. He was induced by a

CRIMINAL NEWS.

BLACKMAILING.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 8.—A very clever blackmailing scheme was foiled here last night. Albort S. Brown, alias Percy S. Brown, Paul H. Wright, and a boy named Eugene Buckley, are under arrest, on a charge of attempting to blackmail Mrs. H. H. Willard. Two weeks ago Mrs. Willard, who is the widow of Maj. H. H. Willard, received an anonymous letter stating that the writer had information in his possession that the writer had poisoned her husband, who was died suddenly of apoperay last January. Mrs. Willard, who was greatly amazed at the letter, and Miller, her attorneys, and by their advice she communicated with the blackmailers by means of a newspaper personal. A meeting by as anranged. The lady was to meet a boy, who would recognize her by an envelope containing \$200, and the boy in turn would deliver to her a bottle containing the alleged evidence against her, and also an affidavit from her correspondent that she had had nothing to do with the alleged poisoning. The meeting took place. Detective McDevitt, who was disguised as a hackman, and Detective Voss, who appeared as a sallor, watched the proceedings and saw Mrs. Willard hand the boy Buckley an envelope, and, following him, saw him deliver it to Brown and Wright, and all three were taken into custody. Brown is the same person arrested in 1874 with Dr. Christian, the resurrectionist. Wright is engaged in the printing business in East Washington. The boy also lives in that neighborhood. It is believed there are other parties in the case.

ASSAULT.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 3.—The case of William Hughes, the Capitol police officer, who is charged with an assault upon the person of a young girl in the President's room in the Senate, was on trial here in the District Court to-day. Several witnesses testified to the good character of Capt. Hughes, and he testified that he committed no assault on her. but playfully attempted to take a fan away from her, and that in the room he had his arm on her shoulder and kissed her, and it was a playful kiss, to which she responded.

MURDER TRIAL. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

LAPAYETTE, Ind., Nov. 3.—This is the seventh LAPAYETTE, Ind., Nov. 3.—This is the seventh day of the Norris and Maher trial for the murder of Barnhart Myers. Father Lindemann, the German Catholic priest, was put on the stand to-day, also Mrs., Joseph Bruck. who attended Myers prior to his death. The object is to elicit the fact whether or no Myers was in extremis, and possessed of such consicousness at the time he made his statement as would authorize this admission in evidence of what is called his dying statement.

DOYLE'S BONDS. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune. WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 3.—The Tree Department has caused to be photographed, in an enlarged seal, a genuine \$1,000 bond and one of the counterfeits found on Doyle. These two photographs will be sent to all Sub-Treasury agents, with a detailed technical description of the differences between the two bonds, so that the Government officials in their purchases will not take the fraudulent bonds.

FATALLY SHOT.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 3.—To-nisht Policeman Fred Karsch tried to disperse a noisy crowd of colored and white men on East Sixth street, and in doing so took hold of Charles Marshal (colored), who drew a revolver and shot the policeman through the liver, a fatal wound. Karsch formerly lived in Nashville, Tonn. FATALLY SHOT. KILLED HIS BROTHER.

WILSON, N.C., Nov. 3.—John W. Former, Jr., was shot dead by his brother Edward last night, near Cedar Rock. They had been drinking, and got to discussing the political situation, one being a Democrat and the other a Republican. The dead man fell with a knife clasped in his

FEDERAL FINANCES.

Purchase of Bonds for the Sinking Fund Temporarily Discontinued -Silver Dollars.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 3.—The Treasury Department to-day instructed the Assistant United States Treasurer at New York to reject all offers of United States bonds for the Sinking Fund, Segretary Sherman returned to the city to-day. The following telegram was sent:

"TREASURY DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON.—United States Assistant Treasurer, New York City—SIR: Your telegram is received, and your action in rejecting all offers of bonds is approved. In view of the necessity of paying 6s maturing Dec. 30, 1880, amounting to \$13,414.00, on or before that date, the Department must decline to purchase any other than these securities, and the surplus revenues accruing meanwhile will be applied only to their puyment. You will please make this announcement public.

"J. K. Upton, Acting Secretary."

During October, more than three and a half million of standard silver dollars were put into circulation. Of this amount. \$262,000 were sent from the New Orleans mint, and \$1,342,500 from the mint at Philadelphia.

THE WEATHER.

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WASH-INGTON, D. C., NOV. 4.—For the Ohio Vailey and Ingron, D. C., Nov. 4.—For the Ohio Vailey and Tennessee generally cloudy weather, with rain during the day, southeasterly winds, with falling barometer, followed in western part on Friday morning by winds shifting to colder northwesterly, with rising barometer.

For the Lower Lake region cloudy and threatening weather, with light rain, southeasterly winds, lower barometer, stationary or higher temperature.

For the Upper Lake region partly cloudy weather, with occasional rain, variable winds, stationary or lower barometer, and in southern part lower temperature.

For the Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri Valleys occasional rain or snow, followed by clearing weather, winds shifting slightly during the day to colder northerly, with rising barometer.

Cautionary signals continue at Escenaba

Maximum, 65; minimum, 45, GENERAL OBSERVATIONS.

The second second	· (P)	CHICAGO, Nov. 3-10: 18 p. 1					
Stations.	2: 18 p. m	10	ner.			W	
Albany	58		47	S., gentie S., fresh			
Buffalo	40		2	N. W., gentle			
Chievenne	109	2	100	AC MUNICIPALITY	1,400	L4. P24	
Cleveland	62	494	5	S. E., light		Cl'd Fair	
Devenport Denver Des Moines	54	5	1	S., fresh N. W., fresh		Lra	
Dodge City	57	51		N., brisk. S. E., light S. E., light S. E., Iresh. S., frosh. N. W., fresh. S. W., fresh. S. W., fresh.		l'dy	
Dubuque Duluth. Erie	44	43	知過更	N. E., Hight	D0000000000000000000000000000000000000	15.535	
Escanaba Fort Garry Fort Gibson	50	49		fresh		1 dy	
Indianapolie	55 50	56 52 54	W. 7.7	k, gentie	.02	i'dy lenr	
Keokuk, La Crosse. Leavenworth.	88	51	202	. K., fresh . E., gentle . fresh . fresh	0	dy.	
Louisville Madison Marquette	60	51 55 54	13 Sept.	The second second second	eces L	cuy,	
Milwankoo	47.83	49 57 53	S.E.	. fresh	.i. C	dy.	
ew Orleans	61 68	53	Sico.	E. gentle.	··· Ci	dy.	
minha	55 57 56	448	NN.	fresh. E. gentle. gentle. fresh. W. fresh. fresh.	.us Ci	dy.	
ittsburg ort Huron	39	44 51 49	12.5	fresh		CHAIL .	
TO THE PARTY OF TH	63	58 66	S.N.	E., fresh W., fresh	Pa	ir.	
in Francisco	50	38 54 60	Ca	W., fresh.	Cle	me. dy.	
Louis.	96 56.	65	3.	E. fresh E. light	Cle Cly	dy.	
Paul	55 (53)	2 0	Carl S. A	m. gentle. fresh (: O/4	17.	
EXITED CITY.	10 0 10 1		3.1	., fresh	4 Jie	ic.	

ases of small-pox were dis

BADWAY'S READY RELIEP.

m 4 4 4 1 10 1 14 DR. RADWAY'S RESOLVENT THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Changes as Seen and Felt, as they Daily Occur, After Using a Few Doses.

gradually and surely disappear.

7. As day after day the SARSAPARILLIAN at taken new signs of returning healis will appear as the blood improves in purity and strength disease will diminish, and all foreign and possible deposits, nodes. disease will diminish, and all foreign deposits, nodes, tumors, cancers, hetc., be resolved away, and the uns sound and healthy; pleors, fever so skin diseases, gradually disappear.

8. In cases where the system has vated, and Mercury, Quicksilver, Corlimate have accumulated and become in the bones, jointst etc., causing car bones, rickets, spinsf curvatures, c white swellings, varicose veins, etc., SAPARILLIAN will resolve away the and exterminate the virus of the disthesusy.

mine the constitution. As continue to PARILLIAN makes the patient "feet every hour you will grow better and inchesith, strength, and flesh.

The great power of this remedy is in that threaten death, as in

CONSUMPTION

of the Lungs and Tuberculous Phthisis, Screensia-Syphiloid Diseases. Wasting, Degeneration and Ulceration of the Kidneys, Diabetes, Stopage of Water (instantaneous relief afforded where catheters have been used, thus doing away with the painful operation of using the instruments), dissolving Stone in the Bladder and in all cases of

Inflammation of the Bladder and Kidneys. In chronic cases of Leucorrhora and Utering

One bottle contains more of the active priples of Medicines than any other Preparataken in Tenspoonful doses, while others reu five or six times as much.

ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE. R. R. R. RADWAY'S READY

RELIEF

CURES AND PREVENTS

Bowe: Complaints, mess, Diarrhes. Cholers Morbus or psinfrides 8 from the bowels, are stopped in lear Music-ytaking Radway's Heady Kelief. No compa-r indiamnation, no weakness or lassitude, all the use of the It. R. Relief.

IT WAS THE FIRST AND IS THE ONLY PAIN REMEDY

that instantly stops the most excruciating pains, aliays Inflammations, and cures Congestions, whether of the Lungs. Stomach, Boweis, or other glands or organs, by one application.

IN FROM ONE TO TWENTY MINUTES. No matter how violent or excruciating pain the linematic, Bed-ridden, Infirm, Crippled. Nerrous. Neuralgic, or prostrated with disease may source, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF will allow instant case.

ous. Neurilgic, or prostrated with disease may suffer, RADWAY'S READY RELIEF will afford instant ease.

INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS.

INFLAMMATION OF THE BLADDER, INFLAMMATION OF THE BOWELS.

SORE THROAT, DIFFICULT BREATHING, PALPITATION OF THE HEART, HYSTERICS, CROUP, DIPHTHERIA.

HEADACHE, TOOTHACHE.

NERYOUSNESS, SLEEPLESSNESS, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM, COLD CHILLS. AGUE CHILLS. CHILBLAINS, AND FROST BITTES.

The application of the Ready Relief to the part or parts where the pain or difficulty exists will alford ease and comfort.

Thirty to sixty drops in half a tumbler of water will in a few minutes cure Cramps, Sprains, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Sick Headache, Diarrhora, Dysentery, Colie, Wind in the Bowels, and all Internal Pains.

Travelers should always carry a bottle of Radway's Ready Relief with them. A few drops in water will prevent sickness or pains from change of water, It is better than French Brandy of Bitters as a stimulant.

FEVER and AGUE

PEVER AND AGUE cured for fifty cer
There is not a remedial agent in this world i
will cure Fover and Ague and all other Mais
ous, Billious, Scarlet, Typhoid, Yellow, and of
fevers (aided by RADWAY'S PILLS) so quie
as RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.
FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.

RADWAY'S

Regulating Pills! PERFECT PURGATIVES, SOOTHING APERENTS, ACT WITHOUT PAIN, ALWAYS
RELIABLE, AND NATURALIN THEIR OPERATION.

A Vegetable Substitute for Calomel.

Perfectly tasteless, elegantly coated with sweet gum, purge, regulate, purify, eleans, and attengthen. Radway's Pills for the cure of sid disorders of the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidneys, Bladder, Nervous Diseases, Hesdache, Constipation, Costiveness, Indigestion, Dvappela, Billiousness, Fever, Inflammation of the Rowels, Piles, and all derangements of the Internal Vicera. Warranted to effect a positive cura. Purely vegetable, containing no mercury, pretral, or deleterious drugs.

27 Observe the following symptoms resulting from Disorders of the Digestive Organs:
Constipation, Inward Piles, Fuliness of the Blood in the Head, Addity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn. Disgust of Food, Fallness of weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructation, Sinkings or Flutterings in the Pit of the Stomach, Swimmings of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering of the Heart, Choking or Suffecating Sensations when in a lying poture, Dots or Webs before the sight, Fever and Dull Fain in the Head, Deficiency of Porspiration, yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Chest, Limbs, and sudden Flusses of Hadway's Pills will free the System from all the above-named disorders.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX. A Vegetable Substitute for Cale PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.

Read "FALSE AND TRUE" Send a letter stamp to RADWAY & CO., CO. & WARREN-ST., COR. CHURCH-ST., NEW

TO THE PUBLIC. There can be no better guarantee of the value Dr. Radway's old established R. R. R. Reme-es than the base and worthless imitations of the pulls, be sure and ask for Radway's, and sea at the name ' Madway's, and sea STAUBER-

The Trial of the Case Begun

tion of Affairs

ony by the Seventh

The trial of the contrate was begun yesterday in Moran. This is a quo brought in the interest of the Socialist, who claims is man last spring from against J. J. McGrath, the of the office, to try the latte. The election was held Apricas begun Sopt. 20. The jury took two hours, and rering as regards the inte jury took two hours, and regards the intechoson. The counsel for ject to any persons who papers in general, and Ta Zeitung in particular, rived their mental pabula found eligible, or at least objectionable. As the housers is quite common as in this city, the exclusion effect of throwing severa the jury. The counsel hausted his challenges, respondent had also set had indirectly as to alists. Quite a number on that the Socialist nseful members of socie they could try the case in for cause was not allow which was put was as to the unseating of McGrat tical complexion of the influence on their verd esset to be able to

even if the result show Socialist, and they were t After short opening a tion of witnesses was be that the barden of proof

Assistant City Clerk, who that the proper notice of given, an election held in a and due returns made.

one of the judges of e next placed upon the str Judge Leffingweil.

He said he was presenthe Fourteenth Ward it his signature to the portion, the crasures were night of the election, o'clock. The judges consequence of a distipolice station to claimards came back against the poli-papers in the papers in the pa to the poll-papers in he signed his name there were any figure After the judges place, witness went i boxes with him.

chartes was then called by hese was one of the Seventh Precinct of Seventh Precinct of the day in question, John Gibbs were also tally-list and poll-lidentified his signatu tally-list the vote stor for McGrath. The yelope and sealed, lot-box to Walsh's hese that crasures on the in present when they we consulted about the CHARLES

LOOD PURIFIER en and Felt, as Occur, Aft-

ng a Few ses.

he SARSAPARILLIAN to

JMPTION

on of the Bladd Kidneys.

AR PER BOTTLE. R. R. DWAY'S

RELIEF AND PREVENTS

Complaints, Cholera Morbus or painful dustils, are shopped in la or 20 min-ra Ready-Relief. No conges-no weakness or lassitude, will L. R. Refief.

HE FIRST AND IS PAIN REMEDY the most excruciating pains, is, and cures Congestions, ings. Stomach. Bowels, or ns. by one application. TO TWENTY MINUTES. nt or excruciating pain the len, Infirm, Crippled. Nerv-rostrated with disease may READY RELIEF will afford

DF THE KIDNEYS,
TION OF THE BLADDER,
DF THE BOWELS.
ESTION OF THE LUNGS,
FFICULT BREATHING,
EATION OF THE HEART,
P, DIPHTHERIA.
CATARRH INFLUENZA,
THACHE.
REPLIESSNESS

CATARDA, INFIGURALA, CHACHE, MEPLESSNESS, UMATISM, D. CHILLS, AGUE CHILLS, AND FROST BITES. Of the Ready Relief to the the pain or difficulty exists comfort. Hops in half a tumbier of ew minutes cure Cramps, ich, Heartburn, Sick Headsentery, Colle, Wind in the mall Pains. Iways carry a bottle of Radwith them. A few drops in ckness or pains from change er than French Brandy of M.

and AGUE UE cured for fifty cents.

In agent in this world that
Ague and all other MalariTyphoid, Yellow, and other
WAY'S PILLS; so quickly
DY RELIBE.

TYS PER BOTTLE.

DWAY'S ing Pills! IVES, SOOTHING APERI-HOUT PAIN, ALWAYS AND NATURAL IN OPERATION.

bstitute for Calomel.

STAUBER-M'GRATH.

The Trial of the Contested-Election Case Begun Yesterday.

Testimeny by the Seventh-Precinct Judges as to Their Own Incompetence.

everybody Very Drunk, and an Interesting Condition of Affairs Generally.

The trial of the contested-election case of the People vs. McGrath, after many delays, as begun yesterday moraing before Judge toran. This is a quo warranto proceeding cought in the interest of Frank A. Stauber, a Socialist, who claims he was alcored the brought in the literest of Frank A. Stuber, the Socialist, who claims he was elected Alder-man last spring from the Fourteenth Ward, against J. J. McGrath, the present incumbent of the office, to try the latter's title to the place. to election was held April 6, 1880, and the suit berun Sopt. 20. The impaneling of the y took two hours, and the result was not flatrights regards the intelligence of the persons ttomy persons who had read the newsspers is foliation and the state of the stat pers is quite common among intelligent men this city, the exclusion of this class had the cet of throwing several intelligent persons of ury. The counsel for relator finally ex-ted his challenges, and, after counsel for ent had also set aside two or three by allenge, another severe examination was a indirectly as to the political faith of purors, and whether they were hostile to the salists. Quite a number had a very distinct ton that the Socialists were not the most ful members of society, but, as they thought bey could try the case impartially, the challenge or cause was not allowed. The last question ch was put was as to whether the fact that which was put was as to whether the fact that the unscating of McGrath would change the political complexion of the Council would have any influence on their verdict. All of the jurors professed to be able to decide the ease fairly n if the result should be to seat a rabid alist, and they were thereupon accepted and After short opening arguments the examin

tion of witnesses was begun, the Judge holding that the burden of proof was on McGrath. The first witness was JOHN MOODY
Assistant City Clerk, who was called to show

that the proper notice of election had been given, an election held in accordance therewith, and due returns made. It was ruled out until and due returns made. It was ruled out that other preliminary evidence should be offered, and the Court took a recess. In the afternoon hr. Moody was again put on the stand, and produced the returns hade to him from the Fourtpeuth Ward at the April election. JOHN GIBBS,

JOHN GIBBS,
one of the judges of election in the Seventh Proenet of the Fourteenth Ward, was then put on
the stand, and testified that he made the same
returns to the City Cierk as were shown there in
fourt. On cross-exammation he admixted that
after the poli-lists were made out he crossed
out certain figures so as to change the returns.
The original returns were 109 for Stauber to 100
for McGrath, and they were changed to 59 for
Stauber and 150 for McGrath. Witbess did not know, when the figures were changed, what the result
was in the other wards. The judges were all
very drunk that day, Waish boing the drunkest,
witness next, and Schilling perhaps a little less
intoxicated. Before the recount, however, witness sobered up somewhat. When the polis
were closed it was found there were five more
allots in the box than had been registered, and
they were taken out and thrown away.

A long numeric then followed on the propositive

ney were taken out and thrown away. A long quarrel then followed on the propriet; I allowing Gibbs to state why the returns we of allowing Gibbs to state why the return's week changed. Mr. Prendergust, Stauber's attorney, being very young, was very tecanical and quite nervous, making objections to nearly everg question. The question asked was ruled out. But the witness was allowed to state what he did in connection with changing the returns. He said the changes were made after the bullots had been counted and deposited in an envelope directed to the City Clerk. The envelope was then taken to Waisn's house, broken, and a recount made, with a totally different result. An attempt was next made to introduce a communication by the judges to the Common Council, tending to show that some Socialists interfered with them and the ballot-box so that they were obliged to recount the votes, but it was excluded. The witness also admitted that he had been indicted for falsifying the returns, but the Judge would not allow him to tell whether he was also under indictment for personating an officer, on the ground that it was immaterial. In conclusion, witness said the budges, after the first count, scaled the ballots

immitterial. In concusion, witness said the judges, after the first count, scaled the ballots and tally-sheets up, and then went to Waish's house, where the ballots were respended and recounted. They got through at Waish's about 12 or 10 clock at right, and made the usual returns to the City Clerk.

De or lo'clock at night, and made the usual returns to the City Clerk.

MICHAEL WALSH,

one of the judges of election in the ward, was next placed upon the stand, and examined by Judge Leffingwell.

He said he was present at the election held in the Fourteenth Ward last April, and swore to his signature to the poll-book and tally-sheets. The erasures were made at his house on the night of the election, between midnight and lo'clock. The judges of election adjourned in consequence of a disturbance, and went to the police station to claim protection. They afterwards came back again, and opened the boxes to count the bailots. Witness signed his name to the poli-papers in the polilag-room. When he signed his name, he did not know whether there were any figures on the paper or not. After the judges of election left the polling-place, witness went home, and took one of the boxes with him. Davison and Malone came there soon afterward, and there the alterations were made.

On cross-examination the witness said he signed his name to the paper produced, and that at his house the figures "109" for Stauber were changed to "59," Those marks were made in his house and in his presence. This was done on a recount. The result announced that night was 159 for Stauber and 100 for McGrath. About 80 clock there was a rush on the poll-box, the mob demanding that votes should be admitted for Stauber, and witness went to the police station and obtained an escort to protect the poll. After the Allernanic votes were counted one officer went away to the station with the result in a scaled envelope. There was no disturbance after the judges of election.

In answer to questions by the Court the witness said that the judges of election, clerks, and other billicials all went to their homes after the policiosod.

On re-cross-examination by Mr. Prendergast he said the understanding was that the polling-box were to be taken to the house so that there might be no interference with them, and he obtained a receipt for them from the City Clerk: In

be had no further testimony to offer as to the validity of the returns.

CHARLES L. SCHILLING

was then called by Mr. Prendergast. This witness was one of the judges of election in the seventh Precinct of the Fourteenth Ward on the day in question, when Michael Waish and John Gibbs were also judges. On examining the taily-list and poll-book shown him witness identified his signature. When he signed the taily-list the vote stood 109 for Stxüber and 100 for McGrath. The ballots were put into an envelope and sealed. He and Walsh took the ballot-box to Walsh's house. Witness was not at Walsh's house that night. Being shown the crasures on the taily-list, he said he was not present when they were made and he was never consulted about them. Ald. Lorenz came to him about them four weeks after the election.

On cross-examination, witness said he only

On cross-examination, witness said he only knew English a little and could neither read he write in that language. The figures "10" on the tally-sheet were in figures, and not in

on the tally-sheet were in figures.

Prendergast offered to prove that there was an amouncement made that the voic stood 100 for Stauber and 100 for McGrath, and that there was no agreement, that the judges should come together again to count the ballots after this amouncement of the result had been made.

The Court ruled that the proffered evidence was incomplete, and the hearing was thereupon adjourned till this morning at 10 o clock.

Touching Souvenir of the Imperial

Court.

London Telegraph.

With regard to a renowned ex-Ambassadress of the Kaiser to the Court of the Tulleries, the Paris Figuro relates an anecdote which, whether it be true or not, is certainly not "ben trovato." According to the Piguro's "chroniqueur." on the occasion of Mme. de Metternich paying her iras vasit to the Imperial court at Complegue she found it necessary at once and definitively to "make herself feit" and secure an assured position in society. So she presented herself at the evening reunion at the purace in the presence of their Majesties bearing a large silver salver on which was a single cake. This cake sine ocremoniously presented in succession to the Emperor, to the Empress, and to the Prince Inserial. Finally she made a pied de nector, in quality valuer English, "took a sight at the inperor," and these her gracefully-draped form and too the lowest of courtly reverences. She and to the Prince Inserial. Finally a character, and the mot or solution thereof was Metternich. Figuro does not upon the complexition of the three syllables.

forming the name, but we are entitled to assume that the cake or dainty stood for "met"; that its threefold presentation was represented by the Latin "ter"; and the pied de nex meant "niche," the saucy trick of a ramin. One thing that militates against the credibility of this choice anecdote is that Madame in Comtesse de Metternich certainly knew how to pronounce ther own name, and that Metternich is not pronounced with the soft sound of Metterniche.

THE COURTS.

THE FIDELITY SAVINGS BANK. Dr. Turpin. Receiver of the Fidelity Saving Bank, filed his report yesterday for the month o October, which is as follows:

Salance at last report...... sonds and mortgages... DISBURSEMENTS

Balance on hand, including \$17,586.35 due on unpaid dividends..... ITEMS. The Appellate Court will be open this morn-

ing for motions only.

Judge Tuley expected to decide the case of the forth Chicago City Railway Company against the Trustees of the Town of Lake View yesterday, but some of the parties were not present and the decision was postponed a week. A disobarye from bankruptey was issued yes-terday to Mary K. Barnes.

DIVORCES. Amelia Wellheisen filed a bill yesterday for divorce from Jacob Wellheisen, charging him with crucity.

Julius Frenzel asked for a divorce from Clara Frenzei, on the ground of desertion.

Judge fuley granted a diverce to John Sun-

Judge fuley granted a diverce to John Sundell from Mary Sundell on the ground of desertion; to Thomas H. Dunn from Ella Dunn for adultery, and to Susan F. Hayes from Orville M. Hayes for desertion.

Judge Barnum granted a similar decree to Minnie A. Rawson from Charles Rawson for desertion, and to Jackson St. Chair from Mary E. St. Chair for desertion.

Judge Jumeson yesterday granted a divorce to Eleonora V. Williams from Cornelius M. Williams on the ground of adultery.

STATE COURTS. Thomas Kane commenced a suit in trover esterday against D. B. Nichols and James yesterday against D. B. Nichols and James Bates, claiming \$5,000 damages. Jacke Feldstein began a suit to recover \$5,000 damages of Meyer Polnitzka. Isaac and Charles L. Goldsmith sued A.J. nstein and L. M. Kelley for \$1,000.

Isaac and Charles L. Goldsmith sued A J. Einstein and L. M. Keiley for \$1,000.

Hila rio Riveant brought suit in trover against Augusius Anderson. claiming \$1,200 damages.

The Vulcan Iron Works Company commenced an action in trespass against the City of Chicago to recover \$10,000 damages.

John Hoffman, for the use of Sara B. Eddy, sued Sarah B. French and Bernard Wygant to recover \$1,200.

Louisn G. Lulkenhoff began a suit in replevin against Henry V. Allien, L. H. Allien, Nelson Thompson, Louis S. Allien, and F. W. Howard to recover some church goods at No. 245 North Clark street, valued at \$1,000.

Patrick Bresland commenced a suit in trespense against the City of Chicago, claiming \$5,000 manages.

Cornelia T. Sanford filed a bill against Annie M. and Jacob D. Vredenburgh, the Atlantic & Pacific Insurance Company, V. A. Turpin, and Joseph May, to foreclose a mortrage for \$2,000 on Lot 4, in J. L. Reynolds' Subdivision of the S. W. ½ of Block 45, in the Canal Trustees' Subdivision of Sec. 7, 30, 14, fronting thirty-three feet on Walmut street; another against Solomon Snow, Elizabeth L. Snow, W. C. Snow, H. P. Baldwin, and Susan C. Pierce, to foreclose a mortrage for \$2,000 on a lot on the corner of Walnut and Oakley streets; and a third against John and Mary J. Culver, Samuel Polkey. Elizabeth Stetson, Henry L. Grahām, and Emily H. Goodman, to foreclose a mortrage for \$1,200 on Lots 16 and 17, Block II, in the Village of North Evanston.

Francis R. Brazie brought suit to recover \$2,500 damages of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad Company.

PROBATE COURT. Estate of Benjamin Carver, leave granted executor to compromise claim of \$5,000 against Orlando Davidson.

Estate of Michael Prior, deceased. Letters testamentary granted Michael Prior, on an approved bond for \$8,000.

Estate of Charles Gerstenberg, deceased. Letters of administration granted to Arnold W. Eischenberg and Hermine Gerstenberg, on approved bond of \$60,000.

Estate of Adolph Gerstenberg, et al., minors. Letters of guardianship issued to Hermine Gerstenberg, on approved bond of \$28,000. ecutor to compromise claim of \$5,000

THE CALL.

JUDGE DRUMNOND—General business.

JUDGE BLODGETT—Set chancery case 1,779,
Withrow v. Claffin, on hearing.

APPELLATE COURT—Motions.

JUDGE SMITH—No preliminary call. Trial call
3,086, 8,085, 3,000, 3,002, 3,104, 3,105, 3,130, and 3,134.

No. 3,020,Wan Ness v. Tolman, on trial. JUDGE JAMESON-64, 65, 601/2, 67. No case on JUDGE JAMESON—64, 65, 63½, 67. No case on hearing:
JUDGE ROGERS—95, 132, 132¼ to 145, inclusive, except 135. No case ou trial.
JUDGE MORAN—All cases passed to the foot of the calcular. No. 5,754, People v. McGrath, outrial.
JUDGE TULEY—4 and 5. No. 3, Cox v. Batchelder on hearing. der, on hearing.

JUDGE BARNUN-No call. No. 3, Ward v. DIGE BARNA - O Call 100 Company of the Company of the Ann Sullivan manufacture case. County Court. - Sot case No. 959, and Nos. 1,066, 1,089, 1,134, 1,135, 1,136, 1,137, 1,139, 1,139, 1,140, 1,144, and 1,146.

JUDGMENTS. UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT-CONFESsross-Henry I. Monroe v. William H. Cushman, SUPERIOR COURT-JUDGE SMITH - Andrew SUPERIOR COURT—JUDGE SMITH—Andrew Pilrrinan et al. v. Duniel H. Eldredge, \$158.93.—Grommes & Ulirich v. William Fitzgerald. \$327.—O. R. Keith et al. v. Abraham Medbury, Jr., \$311.75.—W. E. Vigus v. A. W. Nohe, \$1,118.63.—Reuben P. Layton, usc, etc., v. Atoner Tavlor, \$567.74.—J. A. Boyer et al. v. John A. Hamlin, \$117.25.
CIRCUIT COURT—CONFESSIONS—A. N. Fisher v. Jacob P. De Coudres, \$1,427.90.—John Mulsof v. Carl Mulsof, \$370.50.

POPULATION OF SOUTH CAROLINA. WASHINGTON, Nov. 3.—The Census Bureau has issued a builetin showing the result of the first count of the population of the State of South Carolina according to the schodules returned by the enumerators. The total population of the State is 995,306, of which 490,327 are male, and 504,979 are females; 987,664 are natives, and 7,642 foreign-born. The whites number 391,071, and 364,235 are colored. The State census of 1875 showed a population of 923,447.

Bussia's Future Raier.

London Telegruin.

What may be in store for Turkey, Germany, or Austria—indeed, for Great Britain itself-from the moment the helm of the Russian state ship shall be confided to the vigorous grasp of Alexander Alexandrovich, no man can say. The Cantowitz is a Prince cast in a very different mold from that which shaped his weak, amiable, easily-induced sire. He is known to ensert in fixed opinious, resolves, and projects, and to adhere to them with all the tenacity of a singularly determined and self-relying nature. Of his fervent raith in the Panslavistic dogmandoubt has been entertained, since he came to manhood, by those who know him best; and his antipathy to all dicreaur men and things is no less notorious than his sympathy with the attractive qualities of the French nation. He is believed by his countrymen to be, before all clee, a true and uncompromising Russian patriot; to hoid in horror the system of peculation, bribery, and administrative fraud that has honeycombed the Emphre during the last two reigns, and brought it to the brink of rain; to have set his face, in particular, against abuses of their high station practiced hitherto with inpunity by certain of his own near relatives, and to have yowed himself to the mission, as far as the internal affairs of his native hand are concerned of extirpating, root and branch, the countries abominations tolerance by his father, with what results the Milliatic movement has only to terrilay demonstrated. The Russian Crawal Prince, under whatever life he may assum the active government of his imperial horitage corrigent or other, is generally expected to come find ample reason to regret the rounnain union that is about to lead to Alexander Nicolai levels renumentation of lasperial sway in favo of Alexander Alexandrovich.

The Irish make buils, but only the American proprietors make Dr. Buils, b

FOREIGN MISSIONS. Meeting of the Woman's Congregational Board Yesterday.

> An Interesting Report of the Work Done During the Past Year.

> idresses by Several Ladies Engaged in Missionary Work-The Evening Session.

The Woman's Board of Foreign Missions of The Woman's Board of Foreign Missions of the Interior, of the Congregational Church, began its twelfth annual meeting yesterday forenoon at Plymouth Church, on Michigan avenue. The attendance of indies was large, and the greatest interest was taken in the proceedings. Mrs. Moses Smith, of Detroit, President of the Board, occupied the chair.

The following ladies,

DELEGATES TO THE MEETING,
were present:

DELEGATES TO THE MEETING,
were present:
Illinois—Mesdames Stoke, A. S. Kissell, George
Sherwood, D. Vernon, Chlearo; Mrs. A. J. Cheney, Oak Park; Miss Mattle Munn, Windsor;
Miss Pauline D. Floyd, Sycamore: Mrs. Thomas
Dean, New Milford; Mrs. W. C. Brown, Genesoe;
Mrs. C. A. Butter, Griggsville; Mrs. C. D. Colton,
Princeton; Mesdames H. F. Oimsted, F. M. Elliott, Evanston; Mrs. James Dunn, Granville;
Mrs. A. P. Clofser, Sandwich; Mesdames
M. Starr, Payson, Wilder Smith, J. H. Scarborough, E. Harrington, Rockford; Mesdames
Kennedy, L. P. Naramore, Downer's Grove;
Mrs. J. H. Dixon, Naperville; Mrs. A. Guild,
Aurora; Mrs. L. R. Royee, Elmwood; Mrs. S.
Harrison, Granville; Mrs. Cyrus N. Wells,

Aurora; Mrs. L. R. Royce, Entwood; Mrs. Srs. S. Harrison, Granville; Mrs. Cyrus N. Wells, Kewanee; Mrs. Mary Lass, Galesburg; Mrs. S. W. Boardman, Sterling.
Wisconsin—Mrs. C. H. Richards, Mrs. S. C. Bascom, Mrs. H. A. Miner, Madison; Mys. A. A. Young, New Lisbon; Mrs. Phobe Thompson, Ripon; Mrs. A. V. Mahew, Eau Claire; Mrs. A. P. Johnson, Mrs. D. E. Gardner, Platteville; Mrs. E. J. M. Newcomb, Bloomington; Mrs. H. S. Fluskey, Kenosha. Michigan-Miss Sadie D. Giddings; Bomeo;

Mrs. F. J. Collins, St. Joseph; Mesdames F. Gregg, C. E. Fox, Detroit. Iowa—Miss Laura Dorby, Burlington; Mrs. E. lowa—Miss Laura Derby, Burlington; Mrs. E. A. Condit, Anamosa; Mrs. R. D. Stevens, Mrrion; Mrs. Josiah Russell, Clinton; Mrs. A. M. Bissell, Traer; Mrs. C. W. Smith, Lyons; Mrs. M. T. Archer, Genon Biuff; Mrs. E. A. Coleman, Big Rock; Mrs. Henry L. Cluse, Green Mountain; Mrs. A. C. Cragla, Medregor; Mrs. S. C. Parker, Iowa City; Mrs. E. Bueil, Miss Clara Smith, Lyons; Mrs. S. N. Millard, Dubuque, Minnesota—Mrs. J. W. Strong, Northfield, Indiana—Mrs. W. G. Peck, Michigan City. Ohio—Mrs. Eliza Spencer, Toledo; Mrs. Theodore Keep, Oberlin.

The meeting was opened by the singung of a hymn, Bible reading by the President, and payer by Miss Safah Poliock, a returned missionary from India.

Mrs. Hollarter, President of the Auxiliary So-

Mrs. Holaster, President of the Auxillary So-ciety of Psymouth Church, read

couraging results.

At noon the Board adjourned until 2 p. m., and a lunch was served to the delegates in the church pariors by the ladies of Plymouth.

At noon the Board adjourned until 2 p. m., and a lunch was served to the delegates in the church parlors by the ladies of Plymouth.

At THE AFTERNOON SESSION the attendance was larger.

Reports were read from the various State branches, Mrs. A. B. Norton reporting from Kansas, Mrs. Warren T. Day from Mehigaii, Mrs. M. J. Teiford from the Rocky Mobnitam Branch, Mrs. S. F. Ward from Dakota, and Mrs. J. C. Haddock from Indiana.

Mrs. G. F. Magoun, of Iowa, opened an interesting discussion on "Tithes and Oderings," which was engaged in warmly by Mrs. Kellogg, of Misouri; Miso Evans, of Minnesota; Mrs. Cloyd, of Chicago; Mrs. Dean, of Nebraska; Mrs. Cloyd, of Chicago; Mrs. Dean, of Nebraska; Mrs. Huli, of Chicago; Mrs. Dean, of Nebraska; Mrs. Huli, of Chicago; Mrs. Dean, of Nebraska; Mrs. Huli, of Chicago; Mrs. De Reimer, of Ceylon; Mrs. Smith, and Mrs. Williams.

An interesting account of her missionary labors in North China was given by sirs. Mark Williams. Sae said the heathen women had no names, and asked her fair hearers to imagine now it would sound to hear a woman called Tom's mother and Jim's aunt, etc. Mothers who had daughters only were spoken of by their husbands as "Ta." a disdainful expression. It cost Sa month to live on the shady side of a house in Northern China, where it was cold and cheerless, and si on the sunny side. The enidren's and si on the sunny side. The enidren's and swere often troubled with chilbiams, but at Southern China they did not surfer so. The lives of the Chinese women were lives of privation. The noble women was that she did not have to work for her living, out the poor woman worked from morbing unit hight, and had to go out and grind her own in all before she could get her dinner. The cooking was done in one vessel, and, as onions were used, teat made in the same vessel was not of good flavor. Chinese nothers in-hw would not the poor woman worked from morbing unit hight, and had to go out and grind her own in all before she could get her dinner. The cooking was done in one vess

The Board subsequently adjourned until evening.

IN THE EVENING

public meeting was held at which the attendance of ladies and gentlemen was large, the auditorium of the charton were the President of the Board, Mrs. Smith; Miss Green, the Secretary; Mrs. canke the Treasurer; Mesdames Dean, Baird, and Haven, the Rev. Dr. Evenest, paster of Tranouth Church; the Rev. S. J. Humphrey, seintary of the American Board of Foreign Institute and Prof. Wileax, of the Chicago The Magnetia Schillary.

The meeting was opened with prayer by Dr.

appropriately of woman's work in the missionary field.

The Rev. Dr. Humphrey followed with an address, which he prefaced with a reference to the grand Republican victory of Tucsday. He showed the notent power of woman in the great work of evangelizing the heathca, and talked eloquently of the ladies who had mot to further their labors in the Lord's vineyard.

Dr. Everest talked encouragingly on the same subject, and the meeting was subsequently closed with the singing of a hymn. The benedletion was promunced by Dr. Humphrey.

The Board will resume its business sessions at 9:30 this morning.

THE DENVER RIOT.

dditional Details of the Horrible Af-

Additional Details of the Horrible Alfair—Murderons Pursuit of Chinamen and Destruction of Their Property.

By Telegraph to New York Heraid.

Dennie, Colo., Nov. 1.—The streets to-day present many evidences of yesterday's riot. Scores of frame, brick, and adobe shanties, which yesterday formed the places of residence and of business of the heathens, are to-day wrecks; and scraps of Chinese furniture, such as broken bedsteads, chairs, and tables, and old hats, couts, and shoes, as well as much diapidated linen which had been put out to wash, are quite plentiful on the streets even squares away from the Chinese houses. As for the Mongolians thomselves, not one is to be seen on the streets. They have disappeared suddenly and entirely, but they have not left the country.

My telegram has night closed with the beginning of the real raid upon the Celestials. This

My telegram hast night closed with the begin-ning of the real raid upon the Celestiuls. This did not close until 11 o'clock, and until every wash-house, optum-den. Uninese store and resi-dence in the city had been vis.ted, and most of them broken open and sacked. The immates fiel for their lives, and nid themselves wherever a place that promised security seemed to open. They reminded one of a bevy of partridges sud-dents enum upon by sportsmen.

they reminded one of a body of partridges sud-denly come upon by sportsmen.

The police gave them every protection in their police, and succeeded by 12 o'clock in getting 108 me., and eight women and two children together and taking them to the County Jali, where they were locked up for safety. Others succeeded in were locked up for safety. Others succeeded in finding friends among the citizens, and many celiars were stored with the frightened creatures, while many found shelter in the basement of the American Hotel. They have all been collected to-day, and at this writing the entire Culuese population of Denver are the quests of the county, finding bed and board at the fall. Here they sleep in layers, and are picked in as closely as possible. They have remained there to-day, not being allowed and not wishing to go out.

to-day, not being allowed and not wishing to go out.

I called to see them during the day and had a conversation with their head man. He was almost in tears, and, in response to questions, said the Chinese in Denver had endeavored to conduct themseives quietly; they had sought no employment outside of their washing, and mathet had not sought to reduce prices; ne could not, therefore, understand the present demonstrations. His property, as well as that of all others of his nationality, had, he said, been destroyed; and they were in constant fear that the jail might be attacked and the entire party missacred.

the real raid began. Chinatown was first gutted of furniture, and several ineffectual attempts made to fire the houses. Then the crowd left forother conquests.

Report says that three Chinamen were killed; but only one corpse has been found, that of Sing Lee, who has a wash-house at the corner of Lawrence and Nineteenth streets. The poor man and his partner had evidently not heard of the trouble, and were quietly working away as usual. The crowd rushed at the house, tore away the shutters and doors, and the foremost rushed into the room, from which the two Chinamen had hastily fied, and scattered the washing in and about the streets and gutters. Another portion rushed to the back of the house to prevent the exit of the two Chinamen. With the yells and cries that accompanied all their actions the mob succeeded in chasing the Chinamen fitto the street, where they were kicked, cuffed, and beaten as they attempted to fly through the crowd. One bury ruffing out a bowle-knife, cut off the Chinaman's quene, and, taking it in his hand, struck him across the face with it. The other. Sing Lee, fared still worse. After his queue had been entaway a rope was thrown about his neck, and with a yell the other end was soized, and the poor holpless fellow dragged and ied up the street with the rope, almost strangling him. It would have been a mercy to have killed him outright, but he was made the prey of the mob following on behind, who vied with each other in seeing who could strike the poor fellow the hardest. Under one of these cowardly blows the Chinaman fell to the ground a bleeding mass. He was unconscious when carried to a physician's office, and in a few moments was a corpse. Another was so badly used at Arapahoe and Sixteenth streets that he has been taken to a hospital, and, it is believed, cannot recover.

Some 201 police, extra and regular, and Deputy-Sheriffs, were now on the streets, and the mob took refuge in the Methodist Church, in which services were being conducted, creating great consternation. They were at l

ARRESTS.

DENVER, Colo., Oct. 31.—Early this morning a squad of the miscreants raised a disturbance near the Post-Odice, but within ten minutes it was estimated that 1,000 citizens, nearly all armed, were on the ground, and all the rioters at that point were arrested and sent to jail. Several fundred warrants have been sworn out by the officers, and between 200 and 300 arrests have been made.

My wife looked like a shadow, and people declared she had the consumption. Induced to take Hamburg Drops, the first bottle improved her so greatly that her friends would hardly believe their eyes, and after using second bottle she is looking so well that the people are beginning to believe in wonders. The Hamburg Drops shall be the life-long "stand-by" of myself and wife.

JOHN HAERTEL, Fremont, Ill.

THE TRIBUNE BRANCH OFFICE TYPE TRIBUNE BHANCH OFF
TO ACCOMMODATE OUR NUMERous patrons throughout the city, we have estabished Branch Offices the different patrons
designated below the different will be
taken for the same price as charged at the Main
office, and will be received until 9 o clock p. m.

J. & R. SIMMS, Booksellers and Stationers, ES
Twenty-second-s.
W. F. BOGART, Drugstst, 641 Cottage Grove-av.,
northwest corner Fairty-dith-st.
H. W. BUCHMAN, Draugstst, corner Thirty-first and
State-sis.

H. W. BUCHMAN. Druggists, corner Thirty-first and Smic-sis.

WEST DIVISION.

JAS. M. KIRKLEY & C.O., Druggists, 134 South Hassed-st. currer of Adams.

A.A. FOPALORUM, Newsdealer, Stationer, etc., 189 West Madison-st., near Western-av.

TH. SONNICHSEN, Druggist, 215 Bine Island-av., currer of the stationer, loweler, Newsdealer, and Faney Goods, 751 Island-st., corner lancoin.

BY WEST MADISON, Druggist, 215 Bine Island-av., currer of the station-st., currer lancoin.

BY WEST MADISON, Druggist, 215 Madison-st., corport Panlins.

AUGUST JACOBSON, Druggist, 215 North Halsted, corner Indiana-st.

NORTH DIVISION.

L. BURLINGHAN & CO., Druggists, 45 North Clark-st., corner Division.

F. M. WILLIAMS & CO., Druggists, 65 Larrabee-st., corner Sophia.

LOUIS W. H. NEEBE, Frinting and Advertising Agent, News and Stationery Depot. 45 E. Division-st.

MISCELLANEGUS.

\$1.000 TO \$4,000 TO INVEST BY PRACTICAL A GOODRICH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BADBARBUSINESS-main in a job of periodice. Address I' 35, Tribune office.

A GOODRICH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BADBARBusiness quietly and legally transacted.

NAL-MR. J. H. ALTMAN: PLEASI d your address to M. E. J., cure Carrier No. 5 send your address to M. E.J., care Carrier No. 3.

DERSONAL—MY BEST FRIEND: HOME UNexpectedly, and an sick; come to corner of my
muse at 5 clocks p. m. MY BEST PHIEND; Letter
t Tribune office for you.

OR SALE-HEST BARGAINS IN THE MARKET:
2,00 feet on avenues near Pity-ninth-salation feet on avenues near Pity-sixth-salation on avenues near Pity-sixth-salation on avenues near Pity-sixth-salation of the pity-si 5 acres east of crossing on Seventy-fourth-a B. A. Likkich, 110 Dearborn-st., main floor. FOR SALE-THE CHICAGO REAL ESTATE

Call-Board-First public sale Thursday, Nov. IX at 2 p. m. sharp, m. the Real Estate Rooms, ile Dearborn-st. Full descriptive candogue will be issued Nov. 3, giving complete list of property to be sold. Call for purspace as of our general plan of operations. W. K. NIXON, Real Estate, lie and ils Dearborn-st. Managea. 11HANDLEM & CO., Morteage Bankers, 72 Dearborn-st., Trusteer.

Folt SALE-THAT ELEGANT PROPERTY northeast corner Centre-ay, and Van Buren-st. northeast corner Centre-av. and Van Buren-av. we would invite attention of builders to this, as it alless. FOR SALE—3D FEET ON CALUMET-AV.. RAST from, at \$55 per foot for a few days. R. A. CUM-MINGS & CO., Balas Salle-51. FOR SALE-GOOD DEAL OF GOOD PROPERTY of my own, some for others, at great burgains for cash. P 48. Tribune office. FOR SALE-MICHIGAN-AY, EAST FRONT, II Fost between Twenty-sixth and Twenty-sighth-sts, at a decided bargain for cash, GEO A. EMERY, El Washingtones, basement.

POR SALE—IN VIGINITY OF LINCOLN PARK, a 2-story dwelling; good locality; jot 2k:15 feet; s.50; cm give possession. HALE & SNOW.

L'OR SALE—CHEAP—LOTS ON RAY-ST., BE-tween calumot and Sough Park-uve; price shaut FRANK RIEDLE, southeast corner Thiety-first and State-us. FOR SALE-OCTAGON STONE FRONT HOUSE Interest, new Thirty-eightn-st., \$4,25). MAT-SON Hitd., 20 Washington-st. FOR SALE—STORE ON WEST MADISON-ST., rented for \$23 per year; price, \$3,501 MATSON HILL, 35 Washington-st.

SUBURBAN MEAL ESTATE FOR SALE-KENSINGTUN-TOWN LOTS, NKAR the Pulturan Paince-Cur Company's immense manufacturing works. Other range estimates among to follow. Urgent denough and the row and kindshoarding and entire houses, and at the business callings of a town.

Building iots, well located, for site at low prices, on easy terms, and purties can visit the property by supplying to C.B. SAWYER. Room 21 For- and Block, eacher of Dearborn and Washington-sts.

REAL ENTATE WANTED WANTED-CHICAGO AND COOK COUNTY read estate on the Chicago Real Estate Cat Board. First-public sule, Thursday, Nov.18. Alt carties to be made before Nov. 1. Catalocaes to, be asseed and advertised Nov. 2. No charge for entry or advertising. Services of the bes auctioneers to be secured. All property to have an "upset pidee" below which it shad not be sold. Special inducements offered to regular real sease agents. Call at once for offered to regular real sease agents. Call at once for ow which it shad not be sold. Special inducements offered to regular real sexue agreems. Call do note for any prospectus giving full particulars. W. K. NIXON, lot and its Dearborn-st. Manager. CHANDIGER & O., Mortgage Bankers, 72 Dearborn-st., Trusicos. TO RENT-HOUSES.

North Side. TO RENT-A FURNISHED HOUSE ON DEAR-born-av. north of Division-st. X. L. OTIS, Room 4 La Saile-st. South Side.

To RENT-3-STORY AND BASEMENT HOUSE fronting Lake Fark; might rent pactly furnished and remin one floor. BABCOCK BRUS., 25 Grove-st.

TO RELIE OF TWO-STORY HOUSE AND ARN on the corner of Force sixth-st, and Indiana-av, chesp. Inquire of L. W. STONE, 437 Michigan-av. Suburban.

To RENT-A PROOMED BRICK HOUSE AT Summerdale; C. & N. W. Ry.; #15 per month; lake water; \$\delta\$ e fare. \$\delta\$. \$\delta\$ is Margat-sk.

TO RENT-5 ROOMS, FURNISHED OR UNFUR-nished; modern imprivements; to responsible party for housekeeping. C7-8, Tribune office, TO RENT-ROOMS.

TO RENT-FLATS.

South Side.
TO RENT-FOUR FURNISHED ROOMS COMplete for housekeeping. 1.35 Wabash-av., north
of Sixteenth-st. of Sixeenth-St.

TO RENT-FURNISHED ROOMS-THE 4-STORY
and basement house, 28 Mic. Lan-av., three doors
south of freek-court, has been removaled, subdefinined
and furnished threughout with new and elegant turand furnished threughout with new and elegant turblust-class toole board can be had next door. TO RENT-SI PER WEEK, WELL-LIGHTED, nicely-turnished rooms to gentlemen only; warm string-room attached. 275 State-st. TO RENT-FURNISHED ROOMS, FIRST-CLASS, 15 Hubbard-court, corner Wabash-av.

TO RENT-5 ROOMS FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED

Inished, modern improvements, to responsible par-ties for housekeeping. 123 Wabasa-av.

TO RENT-AT 1801 MICHIGAN-AV., CORNER Thirteenth-st., one large and one single room, without board, nicely furnished. North Side.
TO RENT-ELEGANTLY FURNISHED ROOMS at 278 East Oulo-st., near State.

West Side TO BENT-ON PARK-AV. FIRST BLOCK WEST of Union Park, two new fandsome tower-atone dwellings, three-story and basement; fersceisses in every respect; fermees, gas fixtures, all complete; rent moderate to desirable tenants. Apply to owner, J. W. PULLISY, at tenze Bro.'s & Co. To RENT—6 MAY-SP., BETWEEN MADISON and Washington, a nicely-furnished front room, without board, to gentlemen only.

IN RENT-STORES, OFFICES, &c. Stores.
TO RENT-A FINE STORE, BEST LOCATION, No. 2 West Madison-st. Inquire at 201 La Saliest, basement.
TO RENT-NORTH SIDE STORE, FITTED FOR millinery or boots and shoes; only vacant store in first-class business block. HALE & SNUW, 70 Dearborn-sf.

WANTED-TO RENT.

WANTED-TO RENTWANTED-TO RENTWANTED-TO RENT-TWO OR THREE UNfurnished reours, by ceipile without chidren;
location east of Sinte-st., between Harrison and
Twenty-second. Address P 76, Tribune odice.

WANTED-TO RENT-IN THE CITY OR WITHIN
five miles of it—A house with a barn statched
capable of accommodating six nead of horses. Apply
in writing to JOHN H. POW cits, Proprietor Powers
National Museum, Calcago, III, P. O. WANTED-TO RENT-SITTING-ROOM, KITCH-en, and two bedrooms comfortably furnished, south of Thirty-fitti-st. P. 51, Tribune office.

WANTED-TO RENT-NICKLY FURNISHED room for young gentleman in private family. North Side, south of thicago-av, and east of thirty st. Requisites, running water, grate fire. Highest references. Address P38, Tribune office.

st. Requisites, running water, grete fire. Highest references. Address P. 63. Tribune office.

WANTED-TO RENT-A WELL-FURNISHED minutes wait of Paimor House. Address, stating terms. P. 57. Tribune office.

LOST AND FOUND.

IF PARTY WHO TOOK WATCH AND CHAIN and clocks from all Park-aw. Oct. 23, will return same to F. L. SIMONS, his Washington-st., Roomak he with be paid as much for them as he can sell them for elsewhere. No questions asked.

LOST-ON A CLYBOOLEN-AV. CAR. GOING more, blocar reward siven it dedivosed to JOHN B. SCHUMACN-St. & Hill-s..

Lost-SCOICH TERRIER, WITH COLLAR marked A. H. Burnham, si Tyler-st. Lowell. Liberal reward with the given if returned to 183 Michigan-av.

LOST-NEAR HALSTED-ST. BRIDGEA POCKET-Libera: reward will be given if returned to 1855 Michigan-av.

Lotera: reward will be given if returned to 1855 Michigan-av.

Lotera: Lotera: Real Halsted St. The index will pieuse return to Zio Wyst Monroe-s-in near Morgan.

Lost — An Italian Boy is tears: Played Fish is reward to many person who made stream to the 1855 reward to many person who made eyes, two large teeth in the front in mouth, stone both the firm to mouth, stone to the firm to the firm to mouth, stone to the Karsen Boyne, Bis mother, Chicago, Ill.

DST—ON ELECTION NIGHT, WHITE BULLI-dog with brindle spot on back, near tail; scar on left side of hemi. Answers to manne of Franc. Return same to 176 Monroe street and receive reward.

STOLEN — BLACK HORSE: LEFF HIND FOOT white, while spot in foreacad, banck harness, and top bugzy printed black, coal-box body, end springs, Reunra to 57 Flourney-st, and get reward.

B10 REWARD — LOST OR STOLEN FROM D10 corner Michigan-av. and Thir centh-st, a small black and inn terrier; had on street entar with owner's name and residence. Return to 219 Michigan-av.

PHOTOGRAPHIC STUDIOS. GRAND PANEL PORTRAITS AT BRAND'S STUDIOS.

CHILDREN'S PHOTOS TAKEN INSTANTANCHILDREN'S PHOTOS TAKEN INSTANTANMOUSLY.

LADIES WHO WISH BEAUTIFUL DRAPERY
AND ARTISTIC POSITIONS,
combined with FINE LIGHTING and FINISH, should
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combined with FIRE LIGHTIONS, and FIXISH, should go to BRAND'S STUDIOS, which are the most complete on this continent.

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POR SALE—SEVERAL HALL SAFES, ONE TER-willings burgiar cuest, several Mosier safes, and a line assertment of our round-cornered six steel lange betroit safes. J. GREENIGOD & CO., St Bear-borness.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WANTED-MALE HELP. and salary expected, one. The Address of the Addres

WANTED-YOUNG MAN AS BOOKKEEPER, cherk, and collector; wages until acquainted with business 510 a week. SAMUEL HARRIS & CO., I South Canal-st. WANTED - EXPERIENCED BOOKKEEPSH, one of correct habits; must be a good penman ripid and accurate; wages the a week for the winter. Fif for the summer. Address P.S. Tribunic office.

WANTED-A DRUG CLERK: MUST SPEAK and Twentin-size.

Trades.

WANTED-A FIRST-CLASS MARBLEIZER ON Iron; to a yood und reliable workman a steady job. Address Oil, tribune office.

WANTED - IMMEDIATELY - TWO FIRST-CLASS patternakors at GEO. R. DURKWE'S. No. 238 South Canal-st.

WANTED-TWO FIRST-CLASS PATTERNMA-kers at 51 und 53 West Washington-st. WANTED-A GOOD BARBER. 71 DEARBORN-

Employment Agencies.

WANTED 500 LABORERS FOR WINTERS
Work in the South; 600 for railroads, saw-mills
pineries, out., also, 100 to work in the city. ENRIGHT & CO., 75 South Canal-st. WANTED-ALL THE LABORERS I CAN GET Michtan and Michtan; also his for Historia, liv for Misconsin, and Michtan; also his for Historia, liv for Misconsin and store-quarry flour is continuous; froe force to Live work South, at J. H. SPERBECK'S, 21 West kundolph-st.

WANTED-TALENT FOR FIRST-CLASS VAU lets, and first-part bondes. Address with lowes salary, P. H. Tribune office. WANTED-TEAMS TO HAUL COAL ALL WIN tor, highest prices, at Carroll-av, and Curthest and at Twenty-second-st. bridge. J. D. StONE. WANTED-A EESPECTABLE BOY IN AN Office; salary & per week. Address P & Tribune. WANTED—AGENTS—ENERGETIC MEN, WFFH
or without experience, for a desirated winter
business, runtament to my \$50 weekly on simil captal. Nend samp for papers, and investigate, or call at
19 North Chark-st. up-sairs, MERILLL & CO., Chicago, WANTED-A GENTLEMAN OF GOOD ADdress, who will work for a moderate salary for the next two months; a member of the Grand Army Republic preferred. Apply to JUSEPH SMARP, 125 Cinra-st.

WANTED-SMART BOY AT BE WABASH-AN W ANTED-IMMEDIATELY-A GOOD, SOBER, reliable gentionan who has a good gift of gab, and one no. afraid to tails, who is a good dresser and one now well recommended. Apply in writing to JOHN II. POWERS, Proprietor Powers' National Museum, Chicago, III., P. O. WANTED-BOY AT IS LAKE-ST.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

A LADY GOING ABROAD WILL SELL III handsome trotting mare Lady Emma for \$20. soots \$60. inst spring, at which time she solved the freats in \$2.38, 2.34, and 2.30. She never had a training for speed; is a materal trotter; square, for gaited, needs no boots; from from fault or blomb was raised on Fair Land II stock-from, sear Leavingto Kg.; street by Chassins M. Chay, by Henry Cas, son Andrew Jaccson, dam the Charless Kem. party Cas, son Andrew Jaccson, dam the Charless Kem. party Cas, son Andrew Jaccson, dam the Charless Kem. party by trough Bellitonider. Lady Emma is well workey to a goiden sorred; flowing manes and tail, thus, cleimas and good sound feet; she is an excellent party and good under suddle; have belli of sails a postigree from breeder; she is furly wirrounted, sou, and kind. Call at owners residence, \$2 Michiganisa A GENTLEMAN REDUCTING HIS SPOCK WI

Solid Michigan-av. Call at the stable in the rear and technique with be in attendance, between Twentieth and Twenty-drist-sis.

HORSES WINTERED AT MY FARM IN SATISfactory manner: satisfaction guaranteed or no pertied. Ill.

AME AND SICK HORSES PRONDUNCED IN lester and the same and the same and colored to the content and references address C E EASTON beertied. Ill.

LAME AND SICK HORSES PRONDUNCED IN close to the content and the same and colored the same individual and the same individual and the same and th CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVERC Money to load on watches dis noods, and valuables of every descrip ion, at GOLDSMID'S Loan, and
Bullion Ones (Research of the State Salabon-st. Established 185.

Highest PRICE PAID FOR STATE SAVINGS
and Fidelity Bank books, and Scandinavian National Bank C-ridicates. IKA HOLMES, General
Broker, 85 Washington-85. MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE ETC., WITH

M out r moral. G. PARRY, 191 West Monroe-st.

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HOUSTON, 78 Monroe-st., Room 14.

To LOAN—AT 6 PER CENT—SUMS OF 14.50 AND
Inpwards upon first-class improved business and
residence property. LYMAN & JACKSON, 33, Portland Block.

HUSINESS CHANCES. HUSINESS CHANCES.

A FIRST-CLASS MILLINERY STOCK AND FIX-A tures cheap for cash, Wess Sider cause, sickness. Address J. N. YOUND, is SOURD Water-st.

POR SALE-BOX MANUFACTORY AT SPOCK-Yards, ready for work, with all necessary machinery; best opening in the chy for boxes and building materials; fivorable terms and tong time siven. If not sold, I want a capable man of steady habits to carry on the business. DAVID GOODWILLIE, Chartest, near Fullerton-av.

POR SALE-PHOTOGRAPH GALERY: WILL sell very low. B, BOARDMAN, IM West Marketst, Louisville, Ky. FOR SALE—A HALF INTEREST IN ONE Of the best paying restaurants in Chicago, doing business of showaday. IRA BROWN, 142 La Suile-st

business of \$100 day. IRAB BROWN, IG La Salie-st.
FOR SALE-OR RENT-STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS
boarding-house; \$7 rooms; every room siled with
first-class boarders. Z.G. Tribune-office.

TO RENT-FIRST-CLASS OVEN, TROUGHS,
and every thing necessary for the business; will
take the rent in bread and pies. IS South Clark-st.

WANTED-A JENTLEMAN OF GOOD ADdress and small mounts to join in a large paying
business; no speculation. Address 78 Hearborn-st.,
Room 72, or cell at 1p. m. sharp. COMPTON.

WANTED-A CAPABLE MAN TO TAKE AN
Timerest in a profitable, established business;
must travel some and have some capital. P.S. Tribune flee.

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GREAT BARGAINS IN PIANOS AND ORGANS
THE EXTENSIVE WARBROOMS
STORY & CAMP,
188 and 191 State-st.

NEW UPRIGHT PLANOS.
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To rent or for sale on installments, at.
W. W. KIMBALL'S.
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THE SWEETEST-TOXED RELIABLE
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A to tell correctly the life history. All subjects treated: 10ve. courtship, marriage, absent fronds or resultives, if you will be risk, when such how, skeness and death, lawssits, goods first or tolen, business loss and death, lawssits, goods first or tolen, business loss and death, lawssits, goods first or tolen, business loss induped to and most successful, happy, and leastly, how to win and retain the love and friendship of above you wish, the result of all kinds of absenting in the second street of the country you wish, the result of all kinds of all foods at 20 West Madison-st., Chiengo, Ill. Office hours for 12s. m. 1 to 5.7 to 3p. m. Sunday, Ill. office hours for 12s. m. 1 to 5.7 to 3p. m. Sunday, Ill. as, to 2p. m. For all persons baren in Marca, April, June, September, October, and December, will believe presummerer in lottery. Seated for direction.

WE RECOMMEND MRS. FRANKS FIOM BOSC marriage, and basiness affairs, 5ti West Madison-st.

PARTNERS WANTED

WANTED-PEMALE HELP. WANTED - A MIDDLE AGED PRO woman need, canable, and nonest, for embra subsects, in a small family residence on Wright codeav, one and a hilf blocks from Lincolney, wages & mid regularly every week. Apily as offer of publishing house on Lincolneys, near shelled. WANTED-A GOOD COOK, WASHES, ANI WANTED-A COOK. ONE THAT IS A GOO washer and ironer. Reference required. Call a W washer and fronor. Reference to the second WANTE-A GOOD STRONG GIRL TO DO GEN WANTED-SITUATION FOR LIGHT HOUSE work, or for second work. Apply at 25 Meet WANTED-A GOOD GIRL TO COOK WASH and Iron. Apply at 281 Wabash-av. WANTED-A GOOD WOMAN ORDER-COOK for restaurant. 25: South Clark-st. W ANTED-GIRL COMPETENT FOR GENERAL housework; small family; good place for the winter. 62 Fulton-st.
W ANTED-A SMART, CAPABLE WOMAN FOR second cook, at let East Monroe-st.

Kriployment Agencies.
WANTED—GOOD GERMAN AND SCANDINAvian girls for private families, hotels, and boarding-houses at G. DUSKETS onice, his Milwankee-av. Miscella nee 35.

WANTED-AN EDUCATED AND ENERGETIC
saleslady; a good salary to a sulfable person
Apply for 2 days after 5 o'clock at CASSELL, PETTAR & GALPIN'S, BS South Clark-st.

WANTED-SELF-RELIANT LADYLIKE Wo-men, city and country, to sell "Hysiology of Woman," by Sarak fineact, Stevenson M. Dy man's book for women. Apply to CUSHING, THOM-as a CO., 185 Dearborn st.

Boc Likeopers, Cicrks, &c.

SPUATION WANTED—AS ASSISTANT HOUKSkeeper, ensiler, or collector. Unquestionable references. Address P 4l, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—IN AN OFFICE OF SOME kind by a steady young man. Good personan, good reference from present employers. P 4l, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—OF ANY KIND IN OFfice or store; am a good shorthand writer and ypa-writer operator; salary is a week. Address P 1s, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS TINNER OR CLERK in a hardware store, or both; steady work. References given. Address VS, Tribune office.

Conchment, Teamsters, &c.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN WHO understands his business thoroughly, as congnium, Can mik and handy at tools. P 2s, Tribune.

SITUATION WANTED—FOR A BOY OF IT IN A reliable mercantile house, washesde or retail, us got a knot ledge of the business and it him for active duties of Ric. Go on trait, and good reforence gives, address PA, Teibune office. Address P. & Tribune office.

STPUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG ENGLISHDunin, who thoroughly maleratands horses and
catric, and has a little experience in the grain on aness. For particulars address A. H., 281 North Weits.

CITUATION WANTED—A TRAYBLING SALESman controlling a lange and solvant trade in d.y
goods, notions, or woolens is open to an engagement
now or the last of January. H. HESSIDA, care of
Gen. P. Selman, 210 South Water—a. SITUATION WANTED BY A FIRST CLASS BAR quired. P 47. Tribune o ince.

ATUATIONS WANTED-PEMALE D nurse. Apply at a West Eriesst, second files. O. SPUATION WANTED—BY COMPETENT GHE list cook or general work. Address or call, ANNIA is inchessed. CITUATION WANTED-BY A GOOD RELIABLE S) girk to do second work in a private family or bouth Side. Address or cell at 254 Archor-av. Mar-orence if required. CITUATION WANTED-IN A GOOD FAMILY BY In excellent cook and laundress. Hest of rotar-men. Mass. Wilitfaker, 21 North Charage. SPUATION WANTED-BY A GOOD GIEL.
The second work or kitchen work in a princip. Must be a good home. Call for three of 113 kirle-st. CITUATION WANTED-BY A FIRST-CLASS COURS. Hest of city reference. Apply at 251 Arthold-st. for tow days.

STUATION WANTED-BY A NORWEGIAN GILLI to the up-stairs work and sewing in a private family. Address HE Wesson-8.

SITUATION WANTED-BY A COMPETENT GIRL to do second work or general housework for good private family. References to be had. D S Chair-st. Cinit-st.

S. to do general hossework in sinar family. Cut for three days 23 Twany-doc-st.

S. truation Wanted—By A Young AMERICAN girl to do housework or second work to a suar family. Please address sociawest corner to seath and family. Please address sociawest corner to seath and SITUATION WANTED-FOR A NO. 1 COOK AND second girl; private or boarding, if first-class. Item erence. 15 Twentieth-st.

Seamstresses.

CITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG LABY TO

O do plain sewing the family. Best of references
given. Address B. All 241 Michigan—av.

Tribune office, or of East Kantio-st.

Nurses.

Situation Wanten-by an experienced middle-axed German woman competent to take full care of a chick. First-class city references. Apply at 28 Twenty-third-st. near Wontworth-ay.

Situation Wanten-by an experience apply at 28 Twenty-third-st. near Wontworth-ay.

Situation Wanten-by an expensive determine cityen. Address P & Tribune office.

Situation Wanten-by a Cour and Nurse girl. Please call at 34 Twenty-second-st., upstairs, in rear.

Situation Wanten-by a Competent Girll to do cooking and general housewar in a private family. 25s Indians-ay, upstairs.

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Situation Wanten-as House Girl. By a Jowish girl, with a family of her own denomination. Address P & Tribune office.

Situation Wanten-as House Girl. By a Jowish girl, with a family of her own denomination. Address P & Tribune office.

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Employment Agencies.
STUATIONS WANTED-FAMILIES IN NEED OF good Scandinavian or German female he p can be supplied at G. DUSKE'S office, fie Milwatten-av. CITUATIONS WANTED—WISCONSIN GIRLS
S best cooks, second girls, dining-room girls, an
laundresses available. Good girls wanted for befamilies. Registry Burcau, 25 West Monroe-st.

16 ELDRIDGE-CYCRT.—FAMILY AND SINGLE
16 ELDRIDGE-CYCRT.—FAMILY AND SINGLE
310 AND SIE MICHIGAN-AV.—LARGE PHONT
roshed or unfurnished, to permanent purios; also
secommodations for zentlemon.
439 WABASH-AV.—TWO PLEASANTLY-FUR3 young men; also one room for z with board.
1233 MICHIGAN-AV.—A VERY DESIRABLE
a third-story front rooms unitable for front; and
a third-story front room, with board.
90.51 LANG LEV-AV.—PLEASANT HOME

a third-story front rooms with board.

3951 LANG LEY-AV.—PLEASANT HOUNS

West Side.

West Side.

357 WEST WASHINGTONST.—A LARCH
South front room with small room attached,
furnished or unfurnished. Table genranteed satisfactory.

North Side.

7 NORTH CLARK-ST., NEAR THE BRIDGE—
I heard, with room, 24.50 to 26 per week Day-boardofs wanted.

CLARK-ST., NEAR THE BRIDGE—
I heard, with room, 24.50 to 26 per week Day-boardofs wanted.

Liotoin.

CLARENCE HOUSE, Cofiner of State and
Harrison-stay four blocks south of the Palmer
flouse—Board and room per day, 34.50 to 27; per week,
from 26 to 32, Asia rooms rented without board.

Hastings House, 16 To B Bast Adamsfrom 56 to 32, Asia rooms or rent, with board, on smite or
single, at moderate rates. Day-board, 41 per week,
Translent, 41.50 to 25.50 per day.

Windson House, 18 State-ST., Opposite
day band 4.

Windson House, 18 State-ST., Opposite
day band 4.

BOARD WANTED.

DOARD—AND LODWINGS FOR LADY AND TWO
gentlemen, sitting-room and two bedreoms, immediately: notginerhood of Drevel of Oakwood
boulevard preferred; willing to pay for Bretchuss agmendiately: notginerhood of Drevel of Oakwood
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PRACTICAL, NAVIGATION AND KAUTICAL stronomy in all its branches, including longer summer's method, ofto, thorouganny haudit from all experience of it years at male and haster of a morchant vessel in nearry all parts of the world, by it SEEGERS, lat Cornelles.

s, elegantly coated with gulate, purity, cleanse, and 's Fills for the cure of all mach, Liver, Bowels, Kiduss Discasses, Headache, Cons. Indigestion, Dvspepsia, nitualing the Howels, the client of the Internal Viscoeffect a positive curatining no mercury, religiously symptoms resulting Digestive Organs: red Piles, Fullness of the Acidity of the Stomach, Disgust of Food, Fullnessomach, Sour Eructations, in the Pit of the Stomach, Sour Eructations, in the Pit of the Stomach, Commander of Food, Fullnessomach, Sour Eructations, in the Pit of the Stomach, Sour Eructations, in the Pit of the Stomach, Sour Eructations, in the Pit of the Stomach, Sour Eructations, as in the Pit of the Stomach, Sour Eructations, and Head, Hurried and Difficulty of the Heart, Choking the Skin and Eyes, Pain in St., and sudden Finshes of Flesh, dway's Pills will free the bove-named disorders.

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ter guarantee of the value established R. R. R. Remed worthless imitations of False Resolvents, Reliefs, task for Radway's, and see by "is on what you buy.

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ALKER ADAMS, Davenport, is at the Palmer.

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CAN K. MAJOR and family, New York, are Grand Pacific.

DR. AND MRS. J. J. CRANE, New York, are mong the arrivals at the Grand Pacific.

W. E. Sheridan, Harry Coulton, Laura Don, and party, en route to California from New ork, are at the Tremont.

H. CAMITON, Columbus, O.; D. Winman, Duilelphia, Pa.; John Dickson, Cincinnati; and A. ongier and wife, Peoria, are stopping at the ardner.

A. VAIL and wife, Washington; H. J. Appleton; Horace S. Wade, Boston; Rev. E. C. Bill and family, Minnesota, ping at the Grand Pacific.

DILLINGHAM, Glenbulah, Wis.; the Hon. of Mann, Mendota; W. H. Judson, New S. H. Mulligan, Denver; and Col. J. H. Orth, Fond du Lac, are at the Tremont.

monthly meeting of the Board of Manof the Old People's Home was held at the
corner Indiana avenue and Thirty-ninth
yesterday morning, Mrs. Gibbs, the Presin the chair. The following cash donacere received.—Mrs. L. D. Pärkes, solicCash, \$27; merchandise, \$73.75; other
s, \$25.42.

on yesterday attempted to board No. 182 on the Burlington & I at the Jefferson street open dentally missing his footing, he fell in way that the wheels ran over and his head. The deceased was a Boho-years of age, and left a wife and three

support to the movement.
wisn to become members and lee to the good work are request names to Mrs. Thomas Wilce, I

THE CITY-HALL.

r was the Chinese question that did it," says lity Clerk, and now he wants to change his A PATIENT taken from No. 3750 Halsted street out two weeks ago died at the Small-Pox spital yesterday.

lospital yesterday.

ALD. RIORDAN has he will inquire for the Republican ticks voting. He was half convinced before. m No. 145 South Halsted street, which proved auine. The source of the disease could not be

THE Clybourn place tunnel was finished yes-erday, and as soon as the connections can be adde the Northwest Division will enjoy its bene-is in a better supply of water. SIPT. O'DONNELL, was greatly bothered esterday by droves of his "specials" who all to five their pay. They were all they had not even done their dut, in the atter of ticket-peddling. When they will be all, if ever, has not been determined.

More than every will be when they will be the work, has not been determined.

More than every the work and the period of the Maine election the Democrats hired gon and band and paraded the streets. On agon was a banner bearing the inscription, we you heard from Maine? A. L. Morri-Mr. Mr. Morrison had been down in the Pine-Mr. Mr. Morrison him. His is got even with the Democracy yesterday, ser, and answered the question. They had fon and band on the street, and the read; "We have heard from Maine, do you like it? A. L. Morrison." The annual marrison, who was serenaded, and who tonly compelled to listen to sundry Naharis, but also to read the inscription upon iner displayed, from his office window. So than any one eise, it being understood han any one eises to do with getting up

THE COUNTY-BUILDING.

coomis, of the County Court, will hear assane cases this morning at 9 o'clock. Int Committee on Public Buildings and will meet Saturday afternoon. are twenty-seven prisoners in the jail

wo ENPLOYES of the County Clerk's office ined in a "scrapping" match last Saturday,
h does not rediect a particle of credit upon
ast one of the participants. One of the
semen weights about 250 pounds, and the
is a very light weight, being considerably
size, in the fracas, which originated over
arrival biasiness connected with the office,
any weight pounded, pulverized, and nearityzed the little man. The latter gentlesterday prosecuted his assailant in Juswkinson's court, where the valorous inkwas muleted to the extent of a \$5 fine.
It is the cause of a great deal of goesip
e oo outly offices, where the discrepancy
e of the gentlemen is known, and not
dit is accorded the man who "had to
no server as a invalid. SUBURBAN.

BVANSTON.

man named Vint is confined in the is a charge of disorderly conduct.

J. P. De Couders. Vint says he was dy, but was simply trying to induce Mrs. Bailey, whom he found living ders, to go to her home in the city. Is husband is living in Chicago, and lors wife was among the victims of disaster.

kerosene was lighted, and the effigy of "O for" was cremated in the flames. Duri bondire songs were sung, speeches mad general good feeling provailed. B. Verney, whose death occurred h Evanston Monday morning, was burk sday in Roschill Cemetery. The funer lees took place at the house.

SUICIDE AND PHILOSOPHY.

A Talk with One Who Has Made Nine Attempts to Kill Himself.

T. Julius Jones, who attempted to kill himself on Wednesday morning in the honse of Edward Nivison, at 316 West Thirty-second street, by shooting himself in the head with a revolver, is still alive in Roosevelt Hospital. The physicians say that he may recover.

When Mr. Nivison entered Jones' room, having heard the pistol shots, he found his lodger lying on the floor, but entirely conscious. The wounded man said to him: "Nivison, you'll find eppious directions among my effects in regard to the disposal of my remains. In the meantime run for a policeman and bring an ambulance with you, as I am perfectly well assured that I have again failed in my attempted make naws with myself, and I can recuperate much more rapidly in a hospital than here. The sooner I get woil the sooner I ill renow my efforts at self-destruction."

make away with myself, and I can recuperate much more rapidly in a hospital than here. The sooner I get woil the sooner I'll renew my efforts at self-destruction."

After assistance had been summoned from the Thirty-seventh Street Police Station Jones suddenly sprang from the floor as though in full bodily vigor, and, seizing an open pocket-knife that was lying upon the table, made a desperate attempt to stab himself. The policemen sprang at him, and after a struggle disarmed him.

A reporter called at the Hosewell Hospital and was admitted to the presones of the wounded man. He is a handsome man, with a straight nose, fine gray eyes, and closely-clipped stylish brown board. He said will be sufficient to the said of the said of

THE SARATOGA MONUMENTS. Tablets Probably to Be Brected by the English Government and Lord Car-

The Saratoga Monument Association, of which ex-Gov. Horatio Seymonr is President, lelely appointed a committee to place memorial tablets on the battle-fields. At a meeting of this committee, held at Saratoga Springs on Oct. 23, Mrs. Walworth presided, and Mr.

pointed a committee to place memorial tablets on the battle-fields. At a meeting of this committee, held at Saratoga Springs on Oct. 23, Mrs. Walworth presided, and Mr. James Marvin, Col. D. F. Ritchie, and Mr. N. B. Spivester were among those present. A letter from Mr. W. L. Stone, a member of the committee, was read, in which, atter expressing regret for his absence, he says: "Since the last meeting of the Association I have been in correspondence with the Earl of Carmarvon, who succeeded Lord Derby in the Premiership of England. He takes great interest in England. He takes great interest in everything the takes great interest in the part of the substantial and sugant, monument over the spot where Gen. Frasara-annothatine a memorial faiblet at Donegat's house of the product of the pot where his great-annothatie a memorial faiblet at Donegat's house of the product of the pot where his great-annothatie a memorial faiblet at Donegat's house of the product of the came of Gen. Gares.

In the Camp of Gen. Gares fund for Cale creenton of the queston of Gruidings fund for Cale creenton of the queston of ruising a fund for Cale creenton of the came of Gruidings fund for Cale creenton of the great interest they would look upon with great interest of the great of great of the favore at the office of the great of the favore at the office of the great of the favore at the office of the great of the favore at the office of the great of the favore at the office of the great of the favore a

A WISE SELECTION.

The Farmers' Bank of Wyoming requiring additional receptacles for valuables, William Holgate, Esq., President, carefully examined Holgate, Esq., President, carefully examined all the various makes of safes, and, as the result, purchased of Messrs. J. Greenhood & Co. the steel chest with time lock and the set of vanit doors exhibited at the late Exposition and greatly admired by the visiting thousands. Duplicates may be seen at 84 Dearborn street.

Kentucky Bulldozing.

Special to Cincinnati Commercial.

Maddon, Ind., Nov. I.—A fow mouths ago Joseph T. Waldo, a respected young man of one open the state, started a liepublican newspaper at Owensboro, Ky. A short time ago he suddenly disappeared. Nothing was beliable information was received that on the night of his disappearance he was taken from him until a few days ago, when reliable information was received that on the night of his disappearance he was taken from Owensboro by six armed, masked men, who dook him miles into the woods and left him there, with terrible threats if he should ever return, whou daylight eams he reached the Ohio kiver, and manazed to get across it that night. He providentially reached the house of a loyal man, where his mind gave way, and he fell a victim to a severe tever. After a long struggle between life and death, he is recovering, however, a wertex week. When he recovers sufficiently to tavel, he will seturn to his home. This shows how the voice of Republicanism has been stifled in the structure.

A Cincinnati Ticket-Scalper Sues the Wabash Road for Damages.

The Recent War on Rates Likely to Prove Troublesome in the Future.

Passenger and Ticket Agents to Hold Their Annual Meeting in St. Louis Next Week.

ne Interesting News Concerning Railroad Matters in Iowa-Notes and Gossip.

UNLIMITED TROUBLES. UNLIMITED TROUBLES.

The question whether, under the existing law regulating the sale of railroad tickets, the railroads have a right to sell tickets in large quantities to speculators and scalpers, knowing that such tickets must necessarily be sold again by parties who under the Illinois law have no right to deal in railroad tickets, is now likely to be decided by the courts. A suit has been brought decided by the courts. A suit has been brought by Mr. Jacob Frank, a ticket-scalper of Cin-cinnati, against the Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific chinati, against the wabash, St. Loins & Pacine Road for violation of contract, setting his claim and damages at \$15,000. The pedition filed by the plaintiff quotes the following con-tracts, and which will cause widespread atten-

claim and damages at \$15,000. The petition filed by the plaintiff quotes the following contracts, and which will cause widespread attention in railroad circles:

(Letter heading of Wabash Road.)

"\$1,000. Chicago, ill., Oct. 30, 1880.

"Received of Jacob Frank \$1,000 as a deposit for 1,000 tickets Chicago to Kanasa City at the rate of \$5 each, via \$1. Louis, first-class, good until used.

"W. P. Foster, City Passenger Agent.

"Baiance of \$7,000 to be remitted inside of twenty days."

"W. P. Foster, City Passenger Agent.

"Baiance of \$7,000 to be romitted inside of twenty days."

"Eastern of Jacob Frank \$500 as a deposit for 200 second-class tickets reading 'Chicago to Kansas City,' good until used: the balance, \$500, to be paid on or before Oct. 31, 1880.

"W. P. Foster, City Passenger Agent."

Mr. Frank obtained these contracts during the late war, in the presence of and with the knowledge of General Passenger Agent Townsend. He returned to Cincinnati, and Wednesday last week came back to this city and tendered the deferred payments in legal-tenders, and in the presence of witnesses. Delivery of the tickets was positively refused. Leaving the \$1,500 in the hands of those who had receipted for it in the name of the Wabash Company, Mr. Frank returned to Cincinnati and placed the case in the hands of his attorney. He hays his damages at \$12,000 in one case and \$3,000 in the other. He stated to a Cincinnati Commercial reporter a day or two ago that he was to understand the action of the Wabash Company, as it subsequently sold such fickets as his contract called for at the same rates, he having bought some since at a slight and companies can sell unlimited tickets to speculators in the State when the law provides that none but authorized railroad agents with much interest, as it will determine whether railroad such that none but authorized railroad agents what has enought of unlimited tickets during the late war at greatly reduced rates, and right afterwards railsing the rates again to former figures, thus consider

ing the rates again to former figures, thus ena-bling speculators to reap a rich harvest. This matter will be taken advantage of by the scaip-ers, who have now on foot a movement to have the scalpers' law repealed by the Legislature this winter. With the above record against them, the railroads can hardly have the hardli-retention of a law which they themselves did not hesitate to violate when they found it to their interest to do so.

REFORMS IN PASSENGER BUSINESS. Mr. George H. Daniels, Secretary of the West-ern Association of General Passenger and Tick-et Agents, gives notice that the next regular et Agents, gives notice that the next regular meeting of the Association will be held at the Lindell Hotel, St. Louis, Wednesday, Nov. 10, 1880. The following subjects will be presented by the Executive Committee for discussion:

First—Uniformity in the colors or tints of coupon tekets. Why cannot the members of this Association, one and all, adopt uniform colors or tints? this Association, one and an, amort different or tints?

Second—Is it not feasible, and of great utility and convenience, to give the exact numbers of the trains on our folders, and in the Official Railway Guide, instead of calling all trains "fast express"?

express"?

Third—What is the best plan for runs

Third—What is the best plan for runs

express?

Third—What is the best plan for running local exeursions—to rout coaches, or to make reasonable rates, sell our own tickets, and abandon the "renting—out" plan?

Fourth—Do all members of this Association give on their ticket report to foreign lines the through rate, commencing and closing, or consecutive numbers of tickets; also the actual mame of station where tickets are sold, as well as the destination, form, and division?

Fight—What is the best mode of doing a round trip local ticket business—to make a 10 or 15 per cent discount on the double rates, and limit the tickets to a few days, or no limit?

Sixth—is it not a wise plan to pay our own ticket agents a commission on local-ticket sales, thereby stimulating them to see that all passon-gress are ticketed?

Secontin—In making a through rate between any two given points, from one part of the country to another, over two or more roads, why should not such rate be made by adding together the amounts of local-ticket rates, which, when combined, make the smallest amount between the two points for such combined, make the smallest amount between the two points for such combined amount.

Eighth—Will cach road in this Association devote a certain space in the Official Railway Guide, on their time-table page or pages, to give information regarding through cars, from and to what points they run, and on what trains? For example, see advertisements of Chicago, Burlington & Quiney, Vandalia, and Missouri, Kansas, & Texas in Official Guide.

Ninh—Are there any roads in this Association that, in reporting excess baggage collections to foreign ticket report? If not, does the passon-ger department of the line reported to get credit, or does such item go into a miscellane-ous account?

Tenth—Why, if the expense of running and keeping up United States mail and express cars.

ger department of the line reported to get credit, or does such item go into a miscellaneous account?

Tenth—why, if the expense of running and keeping up United States mail and express cars be charged to the passenger department service, should not the carnings on same be credited to the passenger department service, should not the carnings on same be credited to the passenger department;

Element—Members are requested to come prepared to vote on the following questions regarding the issue of free transportation to editors of newspapers, in consideration of standing advertisements in said papers, viz.:

1. Regular annual passes, good over all the lines of the roads issuing thom.

2. Regular annual passes, good only on the division of the road on which the editor lives.

3. Trip transportation, in coupon book form, similar to that in use on the Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific Railway.

4. 1.000 and 500 mile tickets.

5. If annual passes are used, should they be provided with the photograph of the holder?

Twelfth—Regarding newspaper advertising, members will be asked to consider the following:

1. The minimum circulation a weekly paper

Twelfth—Regarding newspaper advertising.

members will be asked to consider the following:

1. The minimum circulation a weekly paper shall have to warrant the roads in interest making an advertising contract with it.

2. Shall members of the Association make standing advertising contracts with papers of their own lines?

3. How old shall a paper be before an advertising contract is made with it?

4. Shall free transportation of any kind be given to newspaper men, unless the roads given to newspaper men, unless the roads given to newspaper to which the applicant for the given to newspaper to which the applicant for the pass belongs?

5. To prepare uniform proposition and contract banks for newspaper contracts.

6. Shall free transportation be furnished to any alleged newspaper correspondents or reporters (alleged to be exclusively so engaged or not), or shall the free transportation be confined exclusively to engaged to be exclusively engaged to be a considered to a particular to the papers and have no other business?

7. Shall free transportation be furnished to diars, unless they are exclusively engaged to be a considered to the papers and have no other business?

Thir confin—Some uniform system for conducting the theatrieal business.

Four centh—Uniformity in the issue of excess baggage tickets.

Efficenth—Such other subjects as may properticed a general passenger or Ticket Agent who reads the above that the subjects for discussion are of sufficient importance to every line in this Association to warrant a full attendance, and their importance would seem to demand, the inecting will be a very interesting and profitable one.

THE PASSENGER WAR.

hands of outsiders, and which must be redeemed before a satisfactory arrangement can be made. It is probable that the Committees will recommend that the matter will be referred to arbitrators. It is generally agreed that in no other way can a protracted war in passenger rates to Western points be avoided. The great difficulty in the way of this plan is the exactity of arbitrators who will be satisfactory to the various purities, and the reluctance of exerciced and relimble men to accept the duties of so ungrateful and thankless a position. IOWA RAILROAD MATTERS.

IOWA RAILROAD MATTERS.

Special Correspondence of The Chicago Tribune.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. I.—For some time there has been considerable talk about a railroad from Des Moines to Kansas City, and a project is now being pushed by the Des Moines & Kansas City Company. The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, however, are in shape to complete such a line cheaper and quicker than any other company. It is only necessary for them to build afty miles of the road, from Indianola to Allerton, via Humeston. From Humeston to Allerton, via Humeston. From Humeston to Allerton is a natural divide on which a road could be built nearly on the surface. From Humeston to Indianola the grades are light, and the cost of building not expensive. At Humeston it would cross the Wabash and the Leon Branch of the Chicago, Burlington & Quiney, and at or near Woodburn the main line of the Chicago, Burlington & Quiney. At Allerton it would connect with the Southwestern Division of the Rock Island and the Hannibal & St. Joe, to Kansas City. The advantages of auch a line have moved the people in Wayne County to secure this connection, as it will give them a new north-and-south line, and the competition of three great Eastern trunk lines to Chicago, Burlington & Quincy have already formed a Joint short-line connection at Indianola, between this city and Chariton, the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy would probably consider this extension of the Rock Island to Allerton, via Humeston, an encroachment on their territory and in violation of their mutual branch-building agreements.

lington & Quincy would probably consider this extension of the Bock Island to Allerton, via Humeston, an encechment on their territory and in violation of their mutual branch-building agreements.

The Des Moines & Minneapolis Railroad Company have begun actions in the Circuit Court in the county against stockholders. The Des Moines & Minneapolis Railroad Company have begun actions in the Circuit Court in the county against stockholders where the county against stockholders was paid for. The next of the Company. It is alleged in the petition that the capital stock of the Company below of the Company. It is alleged in the capital stock of the Company of the Company. It is alleged in the capital stock of the Company of the Company of the Company. It is alleged that these defendants were incorporators of the Company, or nearly all of them that they capital the Company of nearly all of them that they capital the Company of the Company. Is alleged that the capital stock to the amount named above, to represent the Paramany in January. Is a certificates of the Company which says all shares of stock was in violation of the company. The certificates of stock was in violation of the company. The certificates of stock was in violation of the company. The company which says all shares of stock must be paid for before they are issued. It is the certificates of stock was in violation and the company. The company which says all shares of stock must be paid for before they are issued. It is the certificate of the company which says all shares of stock must be paid for before they are issued. It is alleged the city, who would hardly be suspected of conspiracy would be constructed to company the wealthiest business mean of the city, who would be constructed the company is a construction the construction the construction the construction the construction the construction that the com

diet in accordance with the instructions of the Court.

The Minneapolis & St. Louis is pushing on from Fort Dodge toward Des Moines. Eight miles has been located, and construction is being pushed rapidly to the coal fields at Lehigh. The Company have already contracted for the delivery of large quantities of coal at Minneapolis, which is to be reshipped to various points in Dakots.

lis, which is to be resbipped to various points in Dukota.

A case of importance to shippers of corn is before the United States Circuit Court here. A Chicago dealer has a large quantity of corn in crib at Denison, on the Chicago & Northwestern, which has been there two years. Under instructions of the State Auditor the corn, was assessed for taxation, and the owner refusing to pay the tax, which amounted to \$550, the Sheriff of the county made a lovy on the corn, when the tax was paid under protest. The owner now seeks to recover the tax paid, as the corn was in transit to Chicago, and not, therefore, taxable.

Where a railroad company built a road along and in front of certain foils, and forming an embankment three feet high, thus preventing free access to the lots, in an action against the Company for damages to the property, the lower Court held that the owner of the lots had not such an interest in the street; as to maintain an action for damages. The Supreme Court reversed this decision, and decides that while the owner of the lots may not be entitled to damage for every item alliced, still recovery may be had for damages sustained by the obstruction of the street, repardless of who owned the fee title of the street.

ITEMS.

The Directors of the Chicago & Tomah and the Milwaukee & Madison Railroads, both branches of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad, held a meeting yesterday at the office of the latter Company and decided to consolidate the abovenamed two roads, to be known hereafter as the Milwaukee & Madison Railroad.

Mr. C. B. Capron, Commercial Agent of the

Milwaukee & Madison Railroad.

Mr. C. R. Capron, Commercial Agent of the Chicago. Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad in this city, gives notice to shippers that freight for all points except McGregor on the late Chicago, Clinton, Dubuque & Minnesota Railroad, now the Dubuque Division of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul. should be delivered to the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad, as heretofore.

The management of the Missouri Pacific Railroad has been ordered by Jay Gould, President of the road, to make commections with the Missouri, Kansus & Tunction City, Kas., and with the Lexington & Southern at Nevada, mother than the Commercian of the Southwestern business of the pool. A great deal of freight bound for points on the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé is landed at present by all the Southwestern points at Kansus City, which is one of the pool points. If Kansas City could be avoided in delivery of Santa Fé traille the revenue carned from it would escape the clutches of the pool.

Mr. A. L. Hopkins, Vice-President of the Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific Railroad, and Red Pacific Railroad, and Railroad, an

pass oclours?

5. To prepare uniform proposition and contract blanks for newspaper contracts.

6. Similar free transportation of urnished to contract blanks for newspaper corresponding the contract blanks for newspaper corresponding to the correct blanks for newspaper correct blanks, and the correct homeous system for conducts.

Fixed personal contracts and contract blanks for newspaper conducts and the correct homeous system for conduct blanks. The contract blanks for newspaper conducts and the correct homeous system for conduct blanks. The contract blanks for newspaper conducts and the correct homeous system for conduct blanks for newspaper conducts. The conduct blanks for newspaper conducts and the correct blanks for newspaper conducts and the correct blanks for newspaper conducts. The conduct blanks for newspaper conducts and the correct blanks for newspaper conducts an

EPISCOPALIANISM. The Convention's Work-A Review of the Things Done and Those Voted

the Things Bone and Those Voted Bown.

New York San, Nov. 1.

The Protestant Episcopal Church in the United States is one of the smallest of the leading denominations, but makes up for its lack of numbers by the cultivation of its clergy, by the social position of a majority of its laity, by the wealth of its parishee, and by the architectural elegance of its houses of worship. It has about 3,200 ministors and a membership numbering 25,000. Its diocesses are forty-eight in number, and its missions thirteen. There are sixty-one Bishops, diocessan and missionary. The General Convention is the highest representative body of the Church, and meets every three years. The composition of the General Convention is much like that of the United States Congress. There are two bodies—the House of Bishops and the House of Doputies. The former is made up of all the Bishops, both diocesan and missionary. The latter consists of four clergymen and four laymen from each diocese, whether the diocesa be large or small. The Diocese of New York has 160 parishes and 200 clergymen, while that of Arkanasa has seventeen parishes and cleven clergymen. The inequality of send-the same number of Deputies from these dioceses seemed to some members of the Convention. On the other hand it was argued that a like disparity existed a century ago, and that it had nover rought any great evil. The conservative element prevailed, and the representation remains as it was.

Never in the history of the Protestant Episcopal Church has there been a more harmonious General Convention than the Convention of 1890.

Hands had been shaken across all the old ecclesions the prevailed and cheets burled.

shadow and the control of the contro

This is the only Lottery ever voted on by the peo-ple of a State, and under a late decision of the U. S. supreme Court at Washington is the only legal Lot-tery flow in the United States, all other charters hav-ing been repealed or having no existence.

"The Mississippi Plan,"
Dispatch to St. Louis Globs-Democrat.
ACKSON, Miss., Nov. L. On Oct. 29 Mr.
C. Kerr, Hegister of the United State

a buggy to get as Bry Grave. After their retus from that town, and while distant some eight miles from Torry, they met a mounted mob ceight or ten men, who surrounded thom an asid: "We have been appointed a specie grand to guard you and keep you from distributing any Raddeal tickers to making any Republican speeches." The gentle men replied that they were not making any speeches, but only distributing tickers, to which the crowd responded in the vitest epithets, such as "G—d d—d liepablican s—s of b—s." When negroes looked out of cabins by the roadside they would yell, "Here are your G—d d—d Garlish s—s of b—s; we are guarding them to Terry; we are going to ship them on a the train, and don't you forget it." Arriving at Terry the cavalcade moved through the town cheered by the people, who waved their handkerchiefs at the people, who waved their handkerchiefs at the people, who waved their handkerchiefs at the yelling demons. The train arrived in a few minutes, and the two gentlemen hopped on bourd and came to Jackson. Both were unarmed, and testify that every effort was made to provoke a quarrel, when they believe they would have been killed.

SHICIDE.

Special Correspondence of The Chicago Tribuns.
VINCENNES, Ind., Nov. 1.—At 5 o'clock this morning Calvin Robeson, aged 24 years, son of W. R. Robeson, a wealthy farmer of Lawrence County, Illinois, committed suicide, one mile from this city, by shooting himself through the heart with a double-barreled shotgun. Last spring the young man was severely injured by a spring the young man was severely injured by a runaway team, and since that time his mind has been deranged. Last night be secreted the gun in the woods, and this morning he left his house, secured the gun, and shot himself.

No other Whisker Dye equals Hill's-50 cents. Over 155,000 Howe Scales sold. Boelden, Selleck & Co., Chicago.

Indigestion, dyspepsia, nervous prostration, and all forms of general debility relieved by taking Mensman's Peptonized Beef Tonic, the only preparation of beef containing its entire attributes of beef, but contains blood-making, force-generating; and life-sustaining properties; is invaluable in all enfeebled conditions, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous prostration, overwork, or acute disease; particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. Caswell, rwork, or acute disease; particularly if re-ting from pulmonary complaints. Caswell zard & Co., Proprietors, New York. For sale

DEATHS. day, Nov. 3, 1880, Mrs. Madison R.

Davenport papers copy.

McKAY—Nov. & at hor residence, 528 North Ashand-av. Ellen Gough, wife of F. C. McKay.

Funeral Friday at 10 o'clock to St. Columbidit's
Church, thence by carriage to Calvary Cemetery.

E. Toronto and Barrie (Ont.) papers please copy.

1891 James T. McNamara

SWIFT-Nov. 3, at the residence of her son-in-law, H. N. Wheeler, 2339 indians-av., Mrs. Geo. W. Switt. H. N. Wheeler, 2520 Indiana-av., Mrs. Geo. W. Switt.
Funeral at Milwankee.
COLEMAN—Nov. 3, at 837 South Franklin-st., Patrick Coleman, of consumption, aged 55 years.
Fig. Boston and Fond du Lac papers please copy. BENNETT On Sunday morning, Oct. 31, at 7:20, Luna M., wife of R. S. M. Bennett. Interment at Racine, Wis.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

A LL MEMBERS OF THE CHICAGO UNION VET-eran Club, and all army comrades, will report at the headquarters of the Club, Grand Pacific Hotel, this creaming at 7:30 o'clock sharp, prepared to take part in the grand parade. part in the grand parade.

A LL MEMBERS OF THE FOURTH WARD
Young Men's Garfield and Arthur Club are requested to meet at the Headquarters Armory Hall.
Indiana-av., promptly at 7:30 this evening to particlpate in the grand jolification torchlight procession. THE THIRTEENTH ANNUAL MEETING Of constitution will be held.

After the place and held the considered. After the meeting at Myers Hail, corner of Sedswiek and Sigel. All Republicans of the ward are invited to attended the Chicago Academy of Design will be held this of officers will take place and amendments to the constitution will be considered. After the meeting a banquet will be held.

THE YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION will give the lecture postponed from last Thursday this evoning in Lower Fawel Hall. The Rev. E. Diston, of Oak Park, will locture on "Climbing the Alas; or, Personal Experiences in Switzerland," in Harry Thomas, of the Chicago Quartet, will sing. Tickets for members and one friend each can be obtained free at office of Y, M. C. A., No. 150 Madisonest. THE CORNER-STONE OF THE MICHAEL REESE Hospital, corner Twenty-ninth-st. and Cottage-

Take Notice!

Louisiana State Lottery Company. Louisiana State Lottery Company.

This institution was regularly incorporated by the Legislature of the State for Educational and Charitable Plants of the State for Educational and Charitable purposes in 188 for the Terms of Twenty-sive Years, to which contract the inviolable lattice that of the tate is piedged, which pledge has been renewed by an overwheiming popular vote, securing its franchise in the new Constitution adopted Dec. 2. A. D. ISTA, with a capital of Education and the Constitution and the since added a reserve fun of ever-kio.000.

ITS GRAND SINGLES NUMBER DISTRIBUTION has always taken place on November 9th. It has never scale or postponed.

Look at the following distribution:

Look at the following distribution:

100,000 TICKETS At TWO DOLLARS RACH.

HALP-T CKETS, ONE DOLLARS RACH.

I Capital Prize. 30,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

9 Approximation Prizes of \$30.

9 Approximation Prizes of 30.

9 Approximation Prizes of 100.

or same person at

No. 319 Brendway, New York.

Or MURRAY & CO., ET La Salie-st., Chicago.

All our Grand Extraordinary Drawings, Chicago.

the supervision and management of GENERAL under T. BEAUREGARD and JUBALA. EAKLY. FIRE INSURANCE.

NIAGARA: FIREINSURANCE COMPANY SOF NEW YORK Established 1850.

ISSUES POLICIES Under the N. Y. SAFETY FUND LAW.

Losses Paid, over \$6,500,000. AGENTS at all towns and cities in this Nation. AUCTION SALES By JOHN H. DRAPER & CO., Store, 85 and 87 Front-st., NEW YORK.

WILL SELL Friday, Nov. 5, at 11 o'clock a. m., In their salesroom, 85 and 87 Front-st., By order of the Netherlands Trading Soci Large and Attractive Sale of SPICES, COMPRISING
170 Bales Choice Nutmers,
170 Bales Choice Nutmers,
170 Cases Choice Mae.
Goods can be examined day, previous,
JOHN H. DRAPER, Auctioness.

By CHICAGO AUCTION & STORAGE CO. WM. S. GOLSEN, Pres. WM. A. BUTTERS, Auct'r. AUCTION SALES! Furniture, Carpets, Pianos, Plated Knives, Forks, Spoons, etc., To-day, Thursday, Nov. 4, at 10 o'clock. Dry Goods, Shirts and Drawers Cardigans, Hostery, Carpetings, etc., Friday, Nov. 5 at 10 o'elock a. m., at our store, 105 Lake-st. CHICAGO AUCTION & STORAGE CO., Auctioneers.

By GEO. P. GORE & CO., Regular Trade Sales
TUESAAYS—Dry Gjools, Clothing, Hats, Gloves
WEDNESDA YS—BOOK, Shoes, Slippers, Rubbers, etc.
Ders, etc.
Glossware, otc.
GEO. F. GUEE & CO., Auctioneers.

LOTTERY DRAWING. Kentucky State Lottery

Class M. Drawn at Covington, Ky., Saturday, Oct. 30, 1880. T. HINDS, TREASURER.

> WINSLOW, LAN. 26 Nassau-s STOC DAY & F BANKERS AND BI mbers of the New York CYRUS W. FIELD, New B. R. LEAR, C. I. HUDSON, Member N. Y. Stor

Forty Year Fi

Cedar Rapids, lowa Fa

Jurlington, Cedar Rapids

Guarantees the Princi

FOR SALE AT 101 AI

SIX PER CENT

THIS ROAD IS LEA

Railway Co

Stock Bro 3 Exchange Court. Buy and sell for investment, or of ties current at New York Stock, allowed on daily bulances.

JOHN T. LESTER. CH.
2. E. WILLARD, Member New Y

BAM'L W. ALLERTON J. T. LESTER MINING CAL

CAPITAL, \$50.000.
Registrars of Stock, Union Tru
G. B. FLINT, Pres. E. R. M
WM. BRANDRETH, K. HAI E. B. Frint, President: Wm. Florit and Treasurer: Edwin H. R. M. Eames, M. E., Superints Office of Company, 52 Broadw THON SILVER MINING CO. Location of Mines, near Le CALTTAL, \$10,000,000; \$60,000, \$60,000, Geo. D. Roberts, President, Uffices, No. 116 B

PEPPE A Letter from Mr. B STAMFORD, Conn., Oct. 20, of the New York Tribune-Sin me through your columns pigin words to one of my

that amount annually, with your immense earn got out of the Treasury. It is believed by a vast n jie that you, solely, are troduction of political Cannecticut. Tou are a dorful apritude for that a for that reason selected the Democratic New York.

TITLED TO 35.
itness our hands at Covington, Ky., this day.
Suturday, Oct. 30, 1880.
R. H. RAMSAT.
L. D. CRONINGER.
Commissioners. PRIZES PAYABLE IN FULL WITHOUT DEDUC-TION.

The first capital prize drawing, \$15,000, sent to New York. The second capital, \$5,000, to Philadelphia; \$1,000, to Philadelphia; \$2,000, to Philadelphia; \$2,000, to Philadelphia; \$2,000, to Philadelphia; \$1,000 to Covington, \$K_T. \$1,000 to Covington, \$K_T. \$1,000 to Covington, \$K_T. \$1,000 to DRAWINGS HAVE REGULARLY TAKEN PLACE IN PUBLIC AT COVINGTON, \$K_T., ON MONDAY, NOVEMBER 15.

APITALS, \$15.00, \$6.00, \$2.50, \$2.00, AND \$50

OTHER PRIZES, AMOUNTING TO \$80.70

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

10221. 3 50 10222. 3 50 172454. 4150 17250. 3150 172542. 1970

10222. 5 0 10223. 5 0 72456. 150 175542. 100 175547. 100

10223. 5 0 10230. 5 0 72457. 150 173542. 100 175547. 100

10234. 6 0 72451. 150 12455. 150 173544. 100 15559. 100

10237. 5 0 72452. 150 172450. 150 175544. 100 15559. 100

10237. 5 0 72453. 150 172450. 150 175545. 100 15559. 100

THE ONE THOUSAND TICKETS ENDING WITH

50 (the same as the two terminal units of the num
TITLED T 55.

Witness our hands at Contained.

TICKETS, \$1. For further particulars address
M. J. RICHMOND, Covington, Ky., or
G. UPINGTON, 599 Broadway, N. Y., or
PRED EMBY, 87 and 89 Washington-t.
Chicago, III.

MINING OUTVITS.

ASSAY MATERIALS E. H. Sargent, 125 State-st., Chicago

Y DRAWING. PINANCIAL Forty Year First Mortgage OTTERY SIX PER CENT GOLD BONDS EAWING OF THE Codar Rapids, Iowa Falls & Northwestern Railway Company.

ss MI

THIS BOAD IS LEASED BY THE Inclos, Cedar Rapids & Northern R. Co., lovington, Ky., was nearly all its Capital Stock, and ntees the Principal and Interest Oct. 30, 1880. FOR SALE AT 101 AND INTEREST. TREASURER.

WINSLOW, LANIER & CO.,

26 Nassau-st., New York. STOCKS HITAND SOLD OR CARRIED ON MARGIN. DAY & FIELD,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
Members of the New York Stock Exchange,
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ALBERT M. DAY. CYRUS W. FIELD, JR. RRLEAR, C. I. HUDSON, T. H. CURTIS. C. I. HUDSON & CO.,

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LE WILLARD, Member New York Stock ExchaRAM'L W. ALLEHTON, Special. J. T. LESTER & CO., commission, Gruin, and Provisions. Stocks, Bonds &c. bought and sold on New York Stock Exchange. 25 & 27 Chamber of Commerced Chicago. New York House—SCHANTON & WILLARD.

MINING CARDS.

Bull Domingo Con. Mining Co.
Mines at Silver Cliff, Colorado.
CAPITAL STOCK, \$10,481,500.
SHARES, 200,000;
PAR, \$50.
Oncers: W. H. Barnum, President; S. W. Dorsey,
Tice-President; N. B. Stevens, Secretary.
Offices, 115 Broadway, New York. CROWELL GOLD MINING COMPANY.

Mines, Bilesville, Stanley Co., N. C. CAPITAL E00,000.

Registrats of Stock, Union Trust Co., of New York.

6. R. P.LANT. Pres.

M. BRANDRIFTH.

R. HALL, Jr., Secretary.

Treasurer.

R. A. Birnsail and R. Eames, Superintendents,
Office of Company, 52 Broadway, New York. OPPER KNOB MINING COMPANY. Mines: Gap Creek, Ashe Co., N. C.

Capital Stock, \$50,00. Shares, \$1 each.

E. H. Fink, President; W. M. Brandreth, Vie-President and Treasurer; Edwin H. Mulford, Secretary.

H. M. Eames, M. E., Superintendent.

Office of Company, & Broadway, New York. BON SILVER MINING CO.

Location of Mines, near Leadville, Colorado, CAPITAL, \$10,000,000, 500,000, SHARES, \$20 BACH, Geo, D. Roberts, Presidem. B. F. Verdenal, Sec'y, Offices, No. 119 Broadway, New York.

PEPPER.

A Letter from Mr. Barnum's Predecessor in Congress. ond, Conn., Oct. 20, 1880.—To the Editor of the New York Tribune, Sin: Will you permit me through your columns to address some plain words to one of my successors in the United States Senate from Connecticut?

TRUMAN SMITH.

MR. SMITH'S LETTER.

TRUMAN SMITH.

MR. SMITH'S LETTER.

CAMPORD. Conn., Oct. 20, 1880.—To the Hon. Idam H. Barram, Chairman of the Democratic fond Committee—Sir: You represented in House of Representatives of the Fortieth, y-first, Forty-second, and Forty-third Consest the Fourth Congressional District of secticul, as the undersigned did a part of it it: Litchfield County, then our Sixth Dislin the Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh, the whole of it in the Twenty-ninth and seek. Forty-fourth and Forty-fifth Congresses, being what remained of the last Senatorial term of the late lamented O. S. Ferry, as the undersigned did in the Thirty-first, Thirty-second, and Thirty-tird Congresses. During the period of your service your compensation was at least three-fold more than was that of the undersigned and such men as Henry Clay, John C. Calhoun, and Daniel Webster, with whom I had the bonor to be associated. The pay of members of that era was \$8 per day and mileage, which in the case of the undersigned was at the long session from \$2,500 to \$2,750, and at the short session less than \$25,00 to \$2,750, and at the short session less than \$25,00 to \$2,750, and at the short session less than \$25,00 to \$2,750, and at the short session less than \$25,00 to \$2,750, and at the short session less than \$25,00 to \$2,750, and at the short session less than \$25,00 to \$2,750, and at the short session less than \$25,00 to \$2,750, and at the short session less than \$25,00 to \$2,750, and at the short session less than \$25,00 per congress; but your compensation during the whoic of your service at Washington was \$5,000 per annum, or \$10,000 per congress, beside mileage.

The undersigned now charges: First, that you were paid most abundantly for your services, on the hypothesis that you were as much in your sertiand as attentive to your didness as good, futthful members ever are; that the people of the United Statos had an absolute right to your attention (sickness excepted); and that you had no more moral right, if you did not choose to attend, to apply for and take the compensation attended to your office than to break into the Treasury and carry off the amount vi et armis. Segond, he charges that you, while a member of the House, were guilty of an absenteeism far more atrocious than has been committed by any other member since the organization of the Government. He doubts whether the aggregate of any live bad cases in any one Congress would equal yours.

other member since the organization of the Government. He doubts whether the aggregate of any five bad cases in any one Congress would equal yours.

The truth is, that before you become a member you had established yourself in the iron business on a large scale, and had been in a high degree successful. About that time, or perhaps before, the country ran mad on the subject of railroad building, and the demand for iron became enormous and the profits of the business correspondingly so. Hence you could not afford to occupy your seat in Congress, and you did not to a very large extent. The undersigned must make one exception to this dark picture, and that is, if any question as to protection had assent or was likely to arise, you took care to be on hand.

The undersigned has not the slightest doubt but that you made more than \$100,000 per Congress out of your from business, and probably that amount annually. And what did you do with your immense earnings, including what you got out of the Treasury which you did not earn? It is believed by a vast number of our best people that you, solely, are responsible for the introduction of political vonality into Western Camecificat. You are reported to have a wonderful aptitude for that seat of effort. Were you for that reason's elected for the Chairmansip of the Democratic National Committee? In that capacity you have put into activity all the engines of detraction and abuse which the evil one could invent to besinisch the best and purest near the first of the country.

Sit, the undersigned is indignant at your conduct. He had the honor to represent at Washington the district which you have done so much to democratize. When he was elected venality was unknown in the district which you have done so much to democratize, were elected to the House. But on your advent it became frientfully prevalent. The undersigned has sometimes thought himself guilty of a serious dereitetion of duty in not arraigning you for these enormines thought himself guilty of a serious dereitetion of th

ATION PRIZES.

FULL WITHOUT DEDUC-

drawing. \$15,000 sent to New plist, \$5,000 to Philadelphia. New York; fourth capital. Oto Covington. Ky.; \$1,000 to n; and \$1,000 to Norfolk. SGULARLY TAKEN PLACE INGTON. KY., ON MONDAY.

ABER 15. 000, \$2,500, \$2,000, AND AMOUNTING TO \$60,700. ETS, \$1.

nddress D. Covington, Ky., or DB Brondwny, N. Y., or and 89 Washington-st.

MATERIALS

BUSINESS. Stocks Decline under Heavy Sales to Realize.

A Surprise for the Speculators-The Close Steady.

Country Demand for Currency-Foreign Exchange.

The Produce Markets Irregular — Provisions Active and Buoyanl—Hogs Stronger.

A Further Advance in Wheat and Barley-Other Breadstuffs Steady.

FINANCIAL.

Under the stimulus of orders to buy, inspired by the result of the elections, stocks opened buoyant and excited. The first quotations were at or near the highest of the day. Burlington & and with \(\); Alton 1\(\); Illinois Central 1; LakeShore 1\(\), at 118\(\); Northwest 1\(\), at 117; St. Paul
1\(\), at 107\(\); Wabash 1\(\), at 40\(\); Western
Union 1\(\) at 102\(\); and so on through
the list. At these prices, there was a
pressure to sell, in order to realize the profits on
purchases made before the election, and fhis
caused a decline. There was no evidence of
maniphilation, and the course of the market was
regarded as entirely natural.

The heaviest loser was Western Union, which

manipulation, and the course of the market was regarded as entirely natural.

The heaviest loser was Wessern Union, which went off 3%, to 49%, after selling at 102%. There is a large short interest in this stock, and Wall street is rife with rumors of coming attacks by Jay Gould on this property. A number of certificates of stock in his name are now around the street, and speculators infer from this that he has sold out his interest. Western Union earnings are now decreasing at the rate of \$2,000,000 a year. The first three weeks of October show a decrease of \$130,000 compared with last Qetober. A war of rates is believed by many to be at hand.

Other losses were not specially significant. Rock Island went down ½, to 121½; C., C., C. & L &, to \$2; Morris & Essex ¾, to 116; New York Central 1½, to 137; Michigan Central ¾, to 168%;

Central 12, to 187; Michigan Central %, to 1084; Lake Shore %, to 116%; Erie %, to 44%; North-Lake Shore ½, to 110½; Erie ½, to 4½; Northwestern ½, to 115½; the preferred ½, to 130½; St. Paul ½, to 105½; Wabash %, to 44%; Ohlo 1½, to 35½; Chio preferred ½, to 70½; St. Joe ½, to 42; Kansas & Texas ¾, to 38½; Lackawanna ½, to 95%; Jersey Central ½, to 77½; Reading %, to 48%; Manhattan ½, to 37; Iron Mountain 1½, to 50%; American Union ½, to 62; Canada Southern ¾, to 67; San Francisco ½, to 41; C., C. & I. C. ½, to 19½; Ontario ¾, to 25½; Omaha preferred %, to 85%. cered %, to 85%. Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans advanced

Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans advanced 1½, to 40½; Rio Grande ¾, to 74½; Mobile & Ohio ½, to 23½; Northern Pacific ¾, to 30; the preferred ¾, to 56; Lake Erie ¼, to 33½; Texas Central ½, to 76; Louisville & Nashville ¾, to 170; Union Pacific ¾, to 94; Hudson ¾, to 88; Pacific Mail ¾, to 47½; St. Joe preferred ¾, to 30; Wabash common ¾, to 79; Brie preferred ¾, to 75½; Alton 1, to 139; and Burlington & Quincy 1½, to 1834. 1%, to 148%.
The following shows the fluctuations of the

Sicola	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest	Closing.
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	148	150	148	1459
Chicago & Alton	13914	140	13894	139
C., C., C. & I	1165	84	81	116
Illinois Central	119	119	138	1184
New York Central	138	13834	13694	137
Michigan Central	110	110%	IUNI-S	108
Lake Shore	118%	11834	11574	116
Erie	44	46	44/6	445
Do preferred	20034	*****	*****	75
Erie second mortgage Chicago & Northwestern	117	117	115	115
Do preferred	10014	200	220	130
Do preferred	1075	10736	10534	1065
Do preferred	E20	*****		119
Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific	4654	4614	44%	443
Do preferred	8054	8014	7076	12
Ohio & Mississippi	87.76	38	25554	30)
Ohio & Mississippi preferred	2872	81	1272	130
Hunnibal & St. Joe	10002	1094	976	90
Do preferred. Missouri, Kansas & Texas	4034	4012	3814	39
Pacific Mail	4834	4994	4736	479
Delaware & Hudson	88%	88%	8776	86
Delaware, Lack, & Western	100%	100%	9516	98
New Jersey Central	7994	7934	4814	113
Philadelphia & Reading Manhattan Elevated	- 37	9714	37	- 57
Union Pacific	95	9517	9374	64
Iron Mountain. Western Union Tel. Co	5234	5284	50%	50
Western Union Tel. Co	10234	1025	9734	97
American Union Tel. Co	63	******	*****	62
Louisville & Nashville	172%	173%	170	170
Nashville & Chattanooga Houston & Texas Central	76	*****	*****	60
Lake Erie & Western	3336	3414	33	76
Canada Southern	6894	60%	67	67
Northern Pacific	30	30/2	30	30
Do preferred	54	55%	5094	54
St. Louis & San Francisco	424	******	53	41
Do preferred	200	54		53
C., C. & I. C. N. Y., Ontario & Western	2514	1019	1894	19
Chicago, St. Paul & Omaha	46	4612	45	45
Do preferred	86	86	8514	85
Mobile & Ohio	2354			23
Denver & Rio Grande	7436	7454	7436	74
Chicago, St. L. & New O	40	423-9	40	40
Chesapeake & Ohio, 1st pfd	41			26

97%.
Government bonds opened strong: District of Columbia 3.65s were 98% and 99%; the United States 4s 110 and 110%; the 5s, 101% and 102%; and 6s, 104% and and 105%. There were large dealings, many of them speculative. The market closed % lower for the

Foreign exchange was heavy, and unchanged except for sterling commercial bills. Sterling posted rates were 482 and 484%. Bankers' actual posted rates were 482 and 484%. Bankers' actual rates were 481% for 60-day bills and 483% for demand. For 60-day commercial bills for prompt delivery this month, 478%@479 was the market rate. Posted rates for Paris were 525 for sixty-days and 522% for sight. Sixty-day commercial bills, prompt delivery, were 528%@629%; for delivery three weeks, 528%. For commercial 60-day bills, prompt delivery on Havre and Marseilles, 529%@529% was paid; the same for three weeks' delivery. Sixty-day commercial bills on Antwerp, deliverable prompt, were 529%@528%; three weeks the same. Bankers' bills on Germany were 91% for sixty-days, and bills on Germany were 94% for sixty-days, and 94%@95 for demand; sixty-day commercial bills, prompt, 93%@93%, and for three weeks' delivery the same. Bankers' guilders on Holland were 30% for sixty-days, and 40% for demand; sixty-days' commercial were 30%. Austrian florins, 41%; Norway. Sweden, and Denmark, 27%.

Gold. \$45,778,547 \$52,825,920 \$43,829,190 \$51,922,135 \$11992,135 \$4,168,370 6,929,495 \$473,864 1,589,942 \$70tal. \$49,944,917 \$59,753,365 \$44,796,044 \$53,582,077 Statistics show that during the first quarter of the fiscal year 1880 the balance of trade in favor of the United States was \$46,461,725, and during smocrats, were elected to the House. But on the are desired as sometimes thought him further it became frientfully prevalent, but undersigned has sometimes thought him further the second of the first guarter of the firs

nicago & N. W. R. Ro. Sinking Fund. Il.
ticago, Burlington & Q. 4a, due 1995. Il.
ticago, Burlington & Q. 4a, due 1995. Il.
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ticano Burlington & Q. 5a, due 1995. Il.
ticano Rurington S. S. 100 annual of the second second

tion.

A shrewd broker told the Wall street gossip of the World that, as the expected never happens in Wall street, the first hour's prices on Wednesday morning would be the highest that we shall see until the 1st of January next, and that between now and that time the high-priced stocks can be bought at prices from 15 to 25 per cent below what they are now selling at. He believes that there are a great many properties in the below what they are now selling at. He believes that there are a great many properties in the market which can be bought safely, and which will pay speculators handsomely even at these prices; but they are stocks which are selling be-low 80.

BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—To-day's stock markets New York, Nov. 3.—To-day's stock markets were somewhat mixed in characteristics, there being at times rapid changes in the speculative temper, accompanied by sudden and wide, fluctuations in value. As was to be expected, the bull was the master of ceremonies in the morning, while he was quite exuitant at the result of all his successful forecasting, reminding all of his frequent "I told you so" in the past. The business in stocks was certainly heavy, and all classes of securities participated. Many speculators, however, took the occasion to realize and convert tempting profits. The action of the Secretary of the Treasury in passing over his usual weekly quota of \$2,500,000 of bonds for the sinking fund created some demornization in the middle of the day, and stocks fell off from 14,622 per cent, the advance of the morning being lost. Buyers, however were confident takers at the decline, and a firmer tone was restored.

takers at the decline, and a firmer tone was restored.

Stock speculation was in commotion during the early hour, as was to be expected. The market opened in a general uproar and confusion consequent upon the success of the Republican ticket in the Presidential struggle. There being no stocks for sale except at advanced figures, the buils opened prices from \(\frac{4}{2}\) per cent higher, many bears who had been left out being forced to cover. On the second call this atternoon the active list declined \(\frac{4}{2}\) lifty per cent in realizing sales. Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & Indianapolis sold at \$1, against \$5 on the opening; Western Union fell to \$8, and raillied to \(\frac{8}{2}\); Central Pacific declined from \$2\(\frac{1}{2}\) to \$1\$; and Pacific Nail from \$4\(\frac{1}{2}\) to \$1\$; and Pacific Mail from \$4\(\frac{1}{2}\) to \$1\$; and put improvement from the lowest range of prices.

a slight improvement from the lowest range of prices.

To the Western Associated Press.

New York, Nov. 3.—Governments weak and \$4@\circ\(\) were for is and 6 and strong and \$4@\circ\(\) per cent higher for 4\circ\(\) s and 4s.

Railroad bonds active and irregular.

State securities dull and nominal.

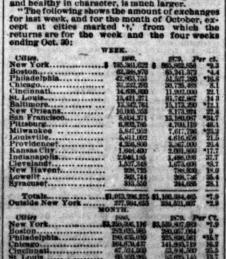
The stock market opened strong, and in its early dealings prices advanced \$4.2\circ\(\) per cent, but subsequently declined \$4.2\circ\(\) \) per cent, the latter in Western Union. This was followed by a recovery of \$4.2\circ\(\) \) per cent, but during the afternoon a pressure to sell prevailed and the market closed weak at a decline of \$4.2\circ\(\) \) per cent from the highest point. Western Union was notably weak, and fell off 5 per cent.

The earnings of the 8t. Paul & Omaha increased \$24.000 the fourth week of October. Those of the Denver & Rio Grande, \$83.000 the same period, and for the month \$833.000.

Transactions, \$410.000 shares:

Chi. Bur. & Quincy. 4.800 Nashville & Chat... 1.600 Chicago & Aiton. 1.000 New Jersey Central. 13.000 Lackawana. 20.000 (Oho & Mississippi. 6.800 Deliaware & Hudson. 6.700 Pacific Mail. 7.000 Erie. 6.800 St. Paul. 6.000 Kapass & Texas. 4.600 Union Pacific. 22.000 Kapass & Texas. 4.600 Union Pacific. 22.000 Lake Shore. 14.000 Wabas Pacific. 30.000

Money active at 2½@5. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5½.
Sterling exchange, sixty days, steady at 481½.
Sterling, demand, 483½. GOVERNMENT BONDS.



ascount of the political excitement render it proper to attach less importage than usual to the comparisons for last month.

SOSTON.

Rescial Dipatch to The Chience T-Chana.

BOSTON, Nov. 3.—In the stock market the result of the election has been largely discounted, and the timal act was but the changing of a probability to a certainty. But still there was a quick response, and an upward movement in prices enough to show an increase of confidence. The money market shows no very material change, but bankers and others are hoping that there will be an increased activity in business, and that as a consequence more money will be wanted, and that with the increased demand rates will improve. This doubtless will all come in good time. To-day the banks satisfied themselves by putting up the rates to borrowing banks to 2 per cent, "here being but few transactions at the old rate of 1½ per cent, alternated there is a framer feeling in consequence of the improved prospects. The gross exchanges to-day were \$3,165,628, and the balances were \$1,762,659.

At the Stock Exchange to-day the brokers "set their sails to the favoring gales," and the result was about as follows: In railroad shares Atchison advanced from 120 to 13%, but in the afternoon it rant to 181% (182, closing at 131%; Chicago Burlington & Quincy from 145% to 189, closing at 148% (149; Little Hook from 56 to 68% 57%, and closed firm at 57% bid; Summit Branch from 144 to 15%; Atlantic & Pacific (blocks) from 107 to 100@108%; Missouri Pacific from 23% to 28, New York & Newburg from 40% to 43% (441%; Sandusky, 10% to 19% (19%; Chicago & West Michigan from 72 to 73% (57%; Boston & Albany from 161% to 111%; Michigan Central (blocks) sold at 105% (100%; Missouri Form 124 to 125; Flint & Pere Marquette preferred from 75 to 72%; Wissonsin Central from 11 to 111%; Mechapolitan from 67 to 68; Eastern from 24% to 35; Boston & Albany from 161% to 111%; Michigan Central (blocks) sold at 105% (100; Marcon & Tothe Western Associated Pres.

In land stocks Water-Power advanced

BOSTON, Nov. 3.—Stocks closed:
Atchison & T. 1st 7s. 119% Chicago, B. & Q.......
Land-Grant 7s. 117% Cin. San & Cleve.
Second 1s. 25 Eastern Railroad.
Land 8s. 25 Eastern Railroad.
Land 8s. 25 Fint & Pere Marq.
Eastern R. R. 446. 25% N. Y. & New England.
Kansas City & L. & 25% N. Y. & New England.
K. C. St. Jo & C. B. 7s. 116 O. & L. C., common.
L. R. & Ft. S. 7s. 165 O. & L. C., do Colony.
N. Y. & N. England 7s. 1076 Rutland, pfd. NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans, Nov. 3.—Sight exchange New York, par. Sterling exchange, 4814. FOREIGN.
LONDON, Nov. 3.—Consols, 100 1-16.
American securities—New 5s, 1043; 44s, 1154;
4s, 1144.
Railroad securities—Illinois Central, 122; Pennsylvania Central, 654; New York Central, 423; Erie, 474; seconds, 1004; Reading, 2514.
Paris, Nov. 3.—Rentes, 867.

MINING NEWS.

Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribus New York, Nov. 3.—Mining stock market was very dull to-day. Closing quotations:

Ata Montana. 130 La Pleta. 500

Amie 50 Little Chief. 100

Bodie 100 Lacerne 15 Bodie Boston Consolidated 135 Moose 54 Moose 54 Moose 54 Moose 54 Moose 55 Moose 56 Moose 56

The Dunkin Mine shipped 308 tons for October. Reports from Boston Consolidated are decidedly

good ore.

Chrysolite elected as Trustees to-day: Rossiter W. Raymond, Abram S. Hewitt, Walter S. Gurnee, Daniel S. Appleton, Thomas C. Platt, H. A. V. Post, James H. Banker, William Borden, Charles Francis Adams, Jr., Stephen N. White, E. Z. Lawrence. The Company have a surplus of about \$80,000 on pand. of about \$80,000 on hand.

To-day business was very dull. Chrysolite opened at 863 and advanced to 638. Calaveras remained at 2829. Little was done in Amie at 54. Other stocks were barely noticed.

SAN FRANCISCO. SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 3.—Mining stocks closed as follows:

REAL ESTATE.

The following instruments were filed for rec
Wednesday, Nov. 3:

CITT PROPERTY.

West Polk st, 25 ft s of May, s f, %x100 ft, dated
Oct. 20 (John S, Diens to Margaret Mercer).

Burling st, 181 ft s of Webster av, w f, 44\x12 ft,
with 20x70 ft in same block, dated Oct. 30 (2.
and H. C. Christianson to Adolph Shoninger)
Lincoln av, 120s ft s e of Centre st, s w f, 24x115
ft, dated Oct. 25 (A. J. Madden to Jameson &
Morse).

Sophia st, 285 ft w of Larrabee, s f, 34x125 ft,
dated March 25, 1875 (John V. Steger to Huke &
Spencer).

West Thirteenth place, 20 ft w of Rober st, n f,
25x123 ft, dated Nov. 3 (Charles H. Kehl to
William Rowen).
Leavits st, 171 ft s of Fowler st, w f, 24x150 ft,
eavits st, 171 ft s of Fowler st, w f, 24x150 ft, William Rowen).
eavits st, 171 ft's of Fowler st, w f, 24x150 ft, dated Sept. 11 (Samuel Despres to H. and J.

COMMERCIAL.

The following were the receipts and shipments of the leading articles of produce in this city during the forty-eight hours ending at 7 o'clock Wednesday morning and for the corresponding

Control of the Contro	RECI	SIPTS.	BRIPMENT	
Department (Sec.)	2000.	4679,	1880.	1979.
Flour, bris	49,393	84,230	25,531	20,673
Wheat, bu.	204,407	417,913	24,634	153,574
orn, bu	487, 134	326,948	582,336	138,606
tye, bu	183,420 24,417	163,473 27,770	285,581	76,737
seriey, be	61,627	T8,673	10,410	64.118
rass seed. ha	501,130	@1.8%	53,291	\$11.557
mx seed, bs	2,161,000	1.540,930	2,990,079	419,910
broom-corn. Ds	551,000	832,640	145,682	118,946
eef, tes	806,660	906,130	6,792,356	6,987,585
leef, bels	*******	*********	189	1.159
ork, bris	767	20	1,944	1,509
ard , bs	234,100	481,905	3,986,502	4,094,617
Bliow, ha.	198,196	250,005	102.035	183,700 412,235
utter, bs	343,885	286,837	452,882	412,295
ive hogs. No	82,754	65.716	5,206	11,944
heep. No	7,023	9,986 1,718	768	2,144
lides, bs	542,349	436,430	437,951	4331,870
ilghwines, bela 1	55	150	35	70
Vool. 168	285,379	610,508	336,759	363,152
otatoes, bu	28,900	48,496	13,150	808
onl, tons	22,013 415	94,700	4,027	6,041
umber. m	23,902	11.445	7,696	8,877
hingles, m	5,200	5,808	1,000	3,015
alt, bris	5.411	2,904	6,331	6.130
oultry, ha	630 567	1,100	DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF THE	
EURA DEPA	567	241	510	105
reen apples, bris	3,780	2,373	4.184	1,508
Beans, bu	40,331 1,357	18,425	2.103	1,739
	1,001	420	51	

cars red winter wheat, 29 cars Nos. 2 and 3 winter, 9 cars rejected, 3 cars mixed, 219 cars No. 2 spring, 110 cars No. 3 do, 37 cars rejected, 3 cars no grade (449 wheat, of which 78 are winter; 591 cars and 23,300 bu No. 2 corn, 173 cars and 4,800 bu high mixed, 74 cars rejected (828 corn); 35 cars white oats, 29 cars No. 2 mixed, 38 cars and 14,900 bu rejected, 1 car no grade (103 cats); 15 cars No. 2 rye, 5 cars rejected; 21,000 bu No. 1 barloy (by lake), 7 cars No. 2 do, 39 cars No. 3 do, 19 cars No. 4 do, 2 cars No. 5 do (68 barley). Total (1,488 cars), 755,000 bu. Inspected out: 23,325 bu wheat, 405,176 bu corn, 75,651 bu cats, 2,065 bu barley.

(1,468 cars), 755,000 bu. Inspected out: 23,225 bu wheat, 405,176 bu corn, 75,651 bu cats, 2,065 bu barley.

The leading produce markets were moderately active yesterday, and averaged stronger. There was a regular boom in provisions, due to a sharp demand for pork and lard by a few operators who took large lots. Wheat was stronger in sympathy with European news, but the strength was chiefly local. Corn and rye were steady, cats firmer, and barley stronger. Mess pork closed 300,40c higher, at \$12,45 for November and \$13,62% for January. Lard closed 10c higher, at \$8,12% for November and \$8,10%, 12% for January. Short ribs closed easy at \$6.75 for January. Spring wheat closed steady at \$1,0% for December. Bed winter closed steady at 30% for cash. Corn closed steady at 30% for November and 40% for December. Oats closed figurer at 29c cash or November, and at 30% for next month. Barley closed higher at 85c for November, and 85%66 for No. 2. Hogs were active, and closed weak at \$4.50,04.95. Cattle were quiet as was to be expected. Prices, however, were fairly firm all around. The grocery trade was moderately active, and most lines were firm. Hard sugars continue very soarce, and are nominally higher. Soft sugars, on the other hand, are in full supply, and are offered at ½0% coff from Saturday's prices. Coffees were freely deait in, and were firmly held. Teas remained quiet and unsettled. There was a quiet market for dairy products, but prices were firely firm. Dried fruits met with a fair demand and were unchanged. Fish were firm as last quoted. Oils, leather, coâl, and pig-iron were quoted as before.

Lumber continues in good demand at both yards and docks at unchanged prices. Wool, hides, and broom-corn were steady. Seeds were less active and easy, timothy being a shade lower. A steadier feeling was reported in hops in sympathy with the Eastern market, which has improved under a demand for export. Potatoes were in demand for home use, and the late varieties for shipment. Green fruits were in good request, apples being the most sought for of any kind now in market. Poultry was slow and easy, and game was depressed by large offerings and mild weather. Eggs were easy, the offerings being liberal.

Lake freights were in moderate demand at

Lake freights were in moderate demand at

285,000 bu corn. Also for 23,000 bu flarseed. It was understood that a good many vessels were here and that the larger shippers were holding off for 7c for corn.

Rail freights were quoted steady at 40c for provisions and 30c on grain to New York. Quotations on through foreign freights were steady at 55%c per 100 lbs for flour to Liverpool, 58%c for do to Glasgow, 73%c for lard and meats to Liverpool, 74%c for do to Antwerp.

The aggregate receipts of wheat reported yestorday at Chicago, Milwaukee, Detroit, and Toledo were 522,000 bu. The corresponding shipments were 469,000 bu.

ments were 469,000 bu.

The following was the movement of produce reported from New York yesterday. Receipts—Flour, 44,215 bris; wheat, 589,500 bu; corn, 467,-200 bu; oats, 82,250 bu; corn-meal, 1,525 pkgs; rye, 10,172 bu; barley, 97,950 bu; mait, 7,200 bu;

rye, 10,172 bu; barley, 97,950 bu; mait, 7,900 bu; pork, 483 bris; boef, 10,706 bris; cut meats, 8,089 pkgs; lard, 4,643 tes: whisky, 453 bris; Barports—For forty-eight hours—Flour, 54,000 bris; wheat, 509,000 bu; corn, 362,000 bu; oats. 3,000 bu; rye, 5,000 bu.

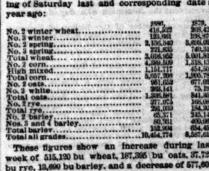
The following table shows the quantities of flour, wheat, and corn imported into the United Kingdom for the periods named:

Week ending Week ending Week ending Oct. 30, 1885, Oct. 25, 1886, Nov. 1, 1875, Phys. 30,000 85,000 100,000417,000 25,0002255,000 Wheat, qrs.120,0004125,000 100,000417,000 25,0002255,000 Corn, qrs... 55,0006 55,000 80,0006 55,000 80,0006 65,000

"Sacks. From 12 1 200 - From the contract of The following were the direct imports from this city during the last week on through bills of this city during the last week on through bills of lading: 9,864 bris of mour, 25,354 bu corn, 1,788 bris pork, 12,273 boxes meat, 8,381 cases canned meats, 12,782 pkgs lard, 70 bris beef, 60 bris tongues, 2,666 pkgs butter, 4,765 pkgs cheese, 500 bris tailow, 980 bris oat-meal, 3,000 bris cornmeal, 125 bris lard-oil, 74,051 lbs clover seed, 551,-74 bbs clovers.

174 lbs oil-cake.

The following are the footings of the official report of grain in store in this city on the evenng of Saturday last and corresponding date a



Total all grades.

These figures show an increase during last week of 515,120 bu wheat, 187,395 bu oats, 37,723 bu yee, 13,899 bu barley, and a decrease of 57,699 bu corn. Total increase, 146,333 bu.

The following were the aggregate receipts of the articles named in this city since the close of last year: 2,287,194 bris flour, 16,269,370 bu wheat, 86,331,624 bu corn, 18,496,008 bu oats, 1,491,162 bu rye, 3,390,744 bu barley, 149,027,927 ibs flax-seed, 130,946,735 ibs hog meats, 51,765,500 ibs lard, 56,502,664 ibs, butter, 5,229,550 hogs, 1,143,555 cattle, 281,937 sheep, 56,972,287 ibs hides, 30,589,882 ibs wool, 2,162,425 tons coal, 1,577,422,000 feet lumber, 1,010,330 bris sait.



The Bureau of Statistics gives the following as the reports of wheat and flour from all United States ports to all foreign countries from

	Plour bris.	Whea bu.	t. Plour, bris.	Wheat,
September October November December January March April May June June June June June June June June	817,04 619,54 5553,54 60,0,66 424,52 423,56 402,47 562,13 557,77 472,05 902,91 525,00	7 20,290,8 6 10,702,9 11 8,447,5 10 5,805,4 14 5,105,6 15 9,110,6 18 9,414,0 18 9,414,0 18 8,757,2 4 17,768,7	56 485,737 500,612 415,515 415,515 415,161 002 453,760 7516,325 475,161 475,	11,908,400 11,671,570 10,078,300
Flour, to bu	6,000,41	5 156,736,3 29,712,3	35 5,671,385	185,152,877 25,530,55
G'd total bu		186,478,6	98	100,673,43
region to the second		1879-80. Bu.	1878-79. Bu.	2877-78. Bu.
Sept. 1 to March 1. March 1 to Aug. 31		90,594,001	78,291,422 82,353,008	58,647,849 56,072,41
Total 12 month		196 478 (696	161,673,470	109,729,37

PROVISIONS. MRSS PORK--Advanced 445-5c per bri from Mos day's latest figures, and closed 10c below the top, a 212-30 for November, 312-70 for January, and about \$12.500_12.5 for Docember, \$12.700_12.5 for November at \$12.700_12.5 for Docember, \$12.700_12.5 for November at \$12.700_12.5 for Docember at \$12.7

at \$1.12\(\frac{12}{32}\). E. 22\(\frac{1}{3}\), it is seller November at \$3.02\(\frac{1}{3}\). Subtract the results of \$1.10\) to sopt at at \$1.12\(\frac{1}{3}\). Subtract the results of \$1.10\) to seller \$1.10\). Subtract the results of \$1.12\). Out to seller January at \$3.05\(\frac{1}{3}\). Out at \$1.05\(\frac{1}{3}\). Subtract the results of \$1.12\). MEATS—Sales were reported of \$1.25\(\frac{1}{3}\). Subtract the seller Februaries at \$7.35\(\frac{1}{3}\). Subtract the seller Februaries at \$7.55\(\frac{1}{3}\). Subtract the subtract the seller January \$5\(\frac{1}{3}\) box (opecial average) at \$7.60\(\frac{1}{3}\) box (opecial average) at \$7.60\(\frac{1}{3}\) box (opecial average) at \$7.60\(\frac{1}{3}\). Subtract the su

	Short riba.	Shoul- ders.	L. & S. clears.	Short clears.
boxedvember, loose	67.15 7.35 6.90 6.75 6.80	\$4.40 4.60 4.25 4.15 4.20	\$7.20 7.40 6.85 6.65 6.70	7.30 7.50 7.00 6.90 6.96
bort ribs, seller lag clears quoted a tands. 7546754c bo. kled hams quote en hams, same av acon quoted at tribs, 3684c for canvased and pa REASE—Quiet. at 1644c. EEF—Was quiet extra mess, and	at \$7.00 ic xed; ion ed at 80 erage, 6 5% while short ci cked. We quot at \$7.00	cose and gent has aske for hathe. for shot lears, like white a a7.25 for	7.20 boxens, \$28140; 16918 and 10946 for at 595146	d; Cum- ; sweet- verage; (68e for r hams, and yel-

74c for wheat and 74c for corn to Buffalo.

Charters were reported for 20,000 bu wheat and 285,000 bu corn. Also for 23,000 bu flaxseed. It was understood that a condition of the condition of t

20(c) 1.500 bu rejectives as a sample of the car-lots sold at 38,580 bu white at 20,3456 free on board. Total, 76,300 bu.

RYE—Was quiet and stendy. The car-lots sold at 50c. December was quiet at 53,46356c and November sold at 52c. December was quiet at 53,46356c and November sold at 52c in settlement. Samples were in moderate local request. Cash sales were reported of 4,470 bu No. 2 at 52c; 2,500 bu by sample at 76,5625 con treek; and 500 bu at 77,6556c free on board. Total, 7,700 bu.

BARLINT—Was quiet and higher, advancing about 10 on the speculative grade under an improved inquiry, with metalic offerings. Small receipts were reported to week. The supply here, bowever, is light, and has of No. 2 is supposed to be chiefly in few and 10 no. 2 is supposed to be chiefly in few and No. 4 at 50c. And in Northwestern at 25c. November opened at 36c. No. 3 at 58656c. No. 3 at 58656c. Samples were in local request at 61678c for No. 3, and 51666c for No. 4 on track. Cash sales were reported of 1,000 bu No. 2 at 53656c; 2,000 bu No. 3 at 58656c; 1,000 bu No. 4 at 45666c; 1,000 bu No. 5 at 58656c; 1,00

GENERAL MARKETS.

London layers, old r the twelve months ended June 30, 1879–80, are equal, in wheat and flour, to '178,727,547 bu here are no spec

4.00@5.00

carce at \$3.00@4.00; receipts, 50; shipments KANSAS CITY.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 3.—H0G8—In good demand; com-non, \$1.75:e450; light, \$4.55:4450; packing, \$4.4054.65; atchers', \$4.7064.75; receipts, 4.00; shipments, 500. BY TELEGRAPH.

FOREIGN.

FOREIGN.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

Livempool., Nov. 3-11:30 a. m.—Flour.—No. 1, 11s M; No. 2, 9s cd. Grain.—Wheat.—Winter, No. 1, 9s cd. No. 2, 9s; spring., No. 1, 9s 4d; No. 2, 8s 4d; white, No. 1, 8s dd. No. 2, 8s dd; white, No. 1, 8s dd. No. 2, 8s dd. Corn.—New, No. 1, 6s fd.

Phovisions.—Pork, 70s. Lard, 46s.

Livempool., Nov. 3.—Cotton.—Tending down; 6560 ills-idd; sales, 8,000 bales; speculation and export, 1,000; American, 6,200.

BEEF.—Prime mess, 59s.

BACON.—Short clear, 46s.

LONDON, Nov. 3.—LINSEED OIL—£37 10s@£27 15s.

ANYWERP, Nov. 3.—PETRULEUM.—28f.

The following were received by the Chicago Board of Trade:

LIVEMPOOL, Nov. 3. 11:30 s. m.—Flour, 9s 6d@ils 9d.

LIVEMPOOL, Nov. 3. 11:30 s. m.—Flour, 9s 6d@ils 9d.

of Trade:
Liverioot, Nov. 3, 11:30 a.m.—Flour, bs 66@11s bd.—Winter wheat, bseg\$\(^3\) 6d; spring, \$\frac{3}{2}\$\$ dicks \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$ dicks \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

NEW YORK, Nov. 3.—GRAIN—Wheat—Winter wheat further advanced for the day about ½21½c per bu, and, after fluctuating frequently and in instances rather sharply, clos d generally firm and nearly up to the highest figures of the day on a brisk business, chiefly speculative: ocean freights were stronger, tending to check export dealings; spring wheat was very quiet; prime No. 2 Milwankee quoted up 1/21 per bu. or \$1.294; No. 1 red at \$1.22; 18,000 bu No. 2 red at \$1.18.21.18/4; closing at \$1.18/4 bid and up to \$1.19 asked; do November at \$1.28/4 bid and up to \$1.19 asked; do December at \$1.28/4 asked and \$1.22 bid; do steamer rade at \$1.18/1.18/4; No. 3 red at \$1.16/4.18/4; unraded red at \$1.68/2.13 for very inferior to very fancy. Corn—An active business is eported at an advance of 1/26/2 per bu, the December option on No. 2 gaining most; pixed western ungraded 5/26/26, as to quality.

BALTIMORE. Baltimore, Md., Nov. 3.—Flour—Quiet but firm; Western super, \$3.50@4.00; do extra, \$4.50@5.00; do family, \$5.75@3.35. family, \$5.75@1.28.

GRAIN—Wheat-Western quiet; Western winter red, spot and November, \$1.154@1.16; December, \$1.175@1.18; January, \$1.20@1.204. Corn—Western quiet; Western mixed, spot and November, \$45@250; December, 55@ 50 bid for old, new, \$45@5545c. Osts firm 20.00. Phovisions—Steady. Mess pork, \$16.00. Bulk meats—Loose shoulders, none offering; clear rib sides, none offering; packed, 54654c. Bacon—Shoulders, 64c; clear rib sides, be; hams, 126134c. Lard—Refined, \$46.

BUTTER-Steady, prime Butter, Seady, Seady, Edges-Firm at 21c.

Edges-Firm at 21c.

COFFEE-Duil; Rio cargoes, ordinary to fair, 12613c.

SUGAR-Quiet, A soft, 19cc.

WHISKY-Quiet at \$1.1164.1105.

FREGERTS-To Liverpool per steamer steady; cotton, 5-10694d; flour, 25 5d; grain, 54647d.

RECEIPTS-Flour, ASS bris; wheat, 482,000 bu; corp., 105,000 bu; oats, 7,535 bu; ryc, 1,735 bu.

SHIPMENTS-Wheat, 275,630 bu; corn, 56,560 bu.

BALES-Wheat, 80,056 bu; corn, 35,755 bu.

PHILADELPHIA. PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 3.—FLOUR—Sweet Minnesota extras, clear to medium, \$5.00\$\(\delta\), \$0.00\$\(\delta\), \$0.00\$\(\delta\),

-Minister demant; Not value, which is wanted; PROVISIONS—Quiet and unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Quiet and unchanged.

BUTTER—Dull. except choice, which is wanted; reamery extra. 316:32c; New York State and Bradford ounty, Pa. 256:23c; Western Reserve extra, 216:25c. EGGS—Scarce and wanted; 24c. CHEESE—Dull; creamery, 12%-613c; fair to good, Il PETRO LEUM—Firm at 12c.
WHISKY—In fair demand at \$1.11.
RECEIPTS—Flour, 5,500 bris; when
1,000 bu: rye, 1,000 bu.
SHIPMENTS—Corn, 151,000 bu.

NEW ORLEANS,
NEW ORLEANS,
NEW ORLEANS,
Nov. 3.—FLOUR—In good demand at
full prices; superfine, \$3.063.25; XX, \$4.2564.59; XXX,
\$4.7565.00; high grades, \$5.1566.00.
GRAIN—Corn firmer; \$57663c. Oats active, firm, and
higher at 40641c. Corn-meal scarce and firm at 256c.
HAY—Scarce and firm; choice, \$24.00.
PROVISIONS—Pork quiet; \$15.2561.50. Lard quiet
but sthady: theree, \$24.6565c. tark, \$56c. Bulk means. Phovisions—Pork quiet; \$15.25615.00. Lard quiet but steady; theree \$46656; keg. \$96. Bulk meats easier; shoulders, packed, 546. Bacon dull; shoulders, 546; clear rich \$56850; clear, \$62956. Hams—Sugar-546; clear rich \$56850; clear, \$62956. Hams—Sugar-2008, condinary to prime. 1186156. Sugar-Demandair and market firm; common to good common, 56856; fair to fully fair, 54670; prime to choice, 7466756; clear to fully fair, 54670; prime to choice, 746756, clear former, co-choice, 416486. Rice in good demand; Louisians ordinary to choice, 44666.

BRAN—Active and firm at \$1.00.

ST. LOUIS. nary: fl.094@1.104@1.106 February: No. 3 do, 984@ 97c; No. 4 eo, 996934c. Corn higher and slow; 394@ 996c cash; 3996c November; 3996c December; 44c May. Onta higher; 294@294c cash; 294c November. Rye

dull at 850 bid. Barrey strandy, including the Moseloc.

LEAD—Quiet at 43c.

BCTTER—Steady; dairy at 2022c.

EGGS—Quiet at 30c.

FROVISIONS—Pork higher, jobbing at \$14.25. Dry salt nominal. Bacon scarce at \$5.12\text{2}, \$75, \$9.00\text{2}8, 10.

Lard firmer at 8c.

Lard firmer at 8c.

RECE.PTS—Flour. 10,000 bris; wheat, 184,000 bu; corn, 109,000 bu; oats, 25,000 bu; rye. 3,000 bu; barley, 54,000 bu; SHIPSENTS—Flour, 25,000 bris; wheat, 30,000 bu; corn, 10,000 bu; oats, 2,000 bu; rye. 2,000 bu; barley, none.

TOLEDO. TOLEDO.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 3.—GRAIN—Wheat firm; No. 1 white Michigan, \$1.03\(\pmu\); amber do, \$1.05\(\pmu\); No. 2 red Wabash, spot and November, \$1.05\(\pmu\); December, \$1.05\(\pmu\); December, \$1.03\(\pmu\); January, \$1.10; February, \$1.12; No. 2 amber Illinois, \$1.08. Corn firm: high mixed, 44\(\pmu\)e, new, 43\(\pmu\)e; No. 3 44c; new, 43\(\pmu\)c; rejected, 44c; new, 40\(\pmu\)e. Oats quiet; No. 2, 33\(\pmu\)e; rejected, 28c.

CLOVER—Prime, \$4.50.

CLOSED.

CLOVER-Prime, \$4.50.
CLOSED.
GRAIN-Wheat quiet; No. 2 red December, \$1.08%;
January, \$1.09%,
RECEIPTS-Wheat, 127,000 bu; corn, 130,000 bu, oats,
6,000 bu.
SHIPMENTS-Wheat, 400,000 bu; corn, 174,000 bu; oats,
13.000 bu.
ON TRACK-Cars of wheat, 300.

MILWAUKEE. MILWAUKEE, Nov. 3.—FLOUR—Quiet but firm. GRAIN—Wheat quiet; opened firm; closed weak; No.ihard, \$1.114; No.1 Milwaukee.\$1.034; No.2 do, \$1.05; No.lhard, \$1.11½; No.1 Milwaukee,\$1.05½; No.2 do, \$1.05; November, \$1.05; December, \$1.05½; January \$1.05½; No. 3 do, \$93½c; No. 4 at \$6; rejected, 75c. Corn firmer: No. 2 at 30½c. Oats stronger: No. 2 at 20c. Hys stendy; fair demand; No. 1 at \$3c. Barley quiet and lower; No. 2 spring, 71½ccash.

Phovisions—Higher: mess pork, \$12.60 cash and November; \$13.30 January. Lard, \$8.15 cash, November and January.

Hous—Higher; \$4.50@4.65.

Fixichtrs—Wheat to Buffalo, 7½c.

RECEIPTS—Flour, \$5.000 bris; wheat, 157,000 bu; oats, 5000 bu; oats, 12,000 bu.

BOSTON.

BOSTON. Nov. & FLOUR Quiet; Western mixed, \$3.7864.00; common extras, \$1.2264.75; Minnosota do, \$5.0065.00; winter wheats, Ohio and Michigan, \$5.506 5.75; Indians, \$5.7566.50; St. Louts and Illinois, \$6.006 7.5; spring wheats, \$7.0068.50; winter do, \$6.0067.75. GRAIN-CornAquiet; mixed and yellow, \$7690; high mixed \$74698. Oats quiet; No. 1 and extra white, 44 648c; No. 2 white, £6c; No. 2 mixed and No. 3 white, £6.0067.8; Roce 18.0561.07. Bixed and No. 3 white, £6.006. Michigan fresh, 16.21c. Characteristic common to good, 176.196. RNCEIPS—Flour, 10.000 bris; corn, \$7,000 bu; wheat, 23.00 bu.

Shiphents—Flour, 10.000 bris; corn, \$7,000 bu; wheat, \$81.0561.07. BOSTON.

2,000 bu. SHIPMENTS-Flour, 5,000 brls. CINCINNATI. CINCINNATI, Nov. 8.—COTTON—Quiet at 10%.
PLOUR—Stronger; family, \$4.75@6.00; fancy, \$5.403 GRAIN—Wheat strong and higher; No. 2 amber, \$1.06:
No. 2 red, \$1.07. Corn strong: No. 2 mixed, \$4c. Oats
quiet; No. 2 mixed, \$3c. Rye dull; No. 2 at 90c. Barley quiet, but steady: extra No. 3 fall, \$0@\$6c.
PROVISIONS—Pork—No transactions. Lard strong
and higher at \$1.15. Bulk meats scarce and firm; clear
rib. 79c. Bacon steady at \$6.25, \$2.25, \$3.50.
WHISSY—Active and firm at \$1.08.
BUTTER—Quiet; choice Western Reserve, 20@23c;
choice Central Ohio, 18@23c.

PEORIA.

PEORIA, III., Nov. 3.—GRAIN—Corn steady; high mixed, 29% 39%c; mixed, 29% 39%c. Oats steady; No. 2 white. 39% 28%c. Ryc quiet at \$16,81%c. Highwines—Unchanged at \$1.10.

RECEIPTS—Wheat. 4,935 bu; corn, 55,950 bu; oats, \$1,-850 bu; ryc, 5,075 bu; barley, 6,000 bu.

SHIPMENTS—Wheat. 4,000 bu; corn. 42,000 bu; oats, 83,625 bu; ryc, 10,500 bu; barley, 1,300 bu.

No call board to-day. Hoard wild over election news.

60 RANSAS CITY.
Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 3.—The Price Current reports:
GRAIN-Wheat-Receipts. 60.401 bn; shipments, 37,-622 bu; market unsettled; No. 3 cash, 85/40; November, 85/40; No. 2, 84/40; No. 1, 84/40; November, 81/40; No. 2, 84/40; No. 2, 84/40; No. 2, 84/40; November, 81/40; No. 2, 84/40; No. 2, 84/40; November, 81/40; No. 2, 84/40; No. DETROIT.

DETROIT. Nov. S.—FLOUR—Steady.
GRAIN—Wheat firm; No. 1 white, \$1.056; November, \$1.056; December, \$1.056; January, \$1.076 bid; No. 2 red, \$1.5661006; No. 2 white, \$466. Receipts. \$6,000 bu; shipments, \$0.000 bu;

BUFFALO.
BUFFALO.
BUFFALO, Nov. 3.—GRAIN—Wheat higher an
et; 16,000 bu No. 1 hard Duluth, November, \$1.17
quiet and higher; 11,000 bu lots at 50c. Oats neg

COTTON.

DRY GOODS.

NEW YORS. Nov. & Business in staple cotton goods was fairly active and prices very firm. Atlantic brown sheetings and leading makes of ticks and denims are advanced by agents. Prints quiet and the control of the control PETROLEUM.

CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 3.-PETROLEUM-Firm; Stand-TURPENTINE. WILMINGTON, NOV. 3.—SPIRITS OF TURPENTINE

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE. Miss Agnes Robertson (Mrs. Dion Boucleault) is now appearing in parts which she some years ago created, and in the revival of these performances the laly manages to give to them not a little of their original interest. The parts are Jessie Brown, in the play of that name, dealing with a set of incidents and characters uninter esting to the bulk of the playgoers, and Arrah na-Poque, the pet of a set of warm-hearted Irish tenants, and the heroine of one of Boucleault's best Irish dramas. Miss Robertson retains re-

tenants, and the heroine of one of Boucleuit's bost Irish dramas. Miss Robertson retains remarkably well all the qualities that used to please the public in such characters as Elly O'Connor. Zoc. Effe Deans, and the two rôles which she is assuming here. Her figure is plump and trim, her voice is musical, her acting characterized by a sweet simplicity, a roguish humor, and a sympathetic tenderness, is still natural and unaffected enough to win admiration from many playgoers. But the lady's qualifications are scarcely likely in these well-worn dramas to bring her popularity. We understand that she has new material, or will have, in the course of a few weeks. In the company there are a few good and a number of indifferent players. Mr. Charles Wheatleigh is a tried and a conscientious actor: Mr. Luke Martin is an unusually clever character actor, and exhibits his skill in his unexaggerated and complete pictures of the Scotch army chaplain in "Jessic Brown" and the process-serving informer, Michael Feeney, in the Irish play. Mr. Frank Little does well in both pieces. He has a fine appearance, and acts with manly vigor. As the Captain of the Seventy-eighth in "Jessic Brown" and as the O'Grady in "Arrah-na-Pogue," Mr. Henry Dalton played with the dash, the dignity, and the heartlness incident to the rôles. Miss Florence Noble, Mr. F. A. Tannahill, Miss Richardson, and Miss Nita Salvi interpret the female characters in a manner calling for no particular mention.

HAVERLY'S. They deserve their popularity, for they provide an entertainment mirth-provoking enough to even wreathe the face of a Democrat in smiles. Of course, "The Tourists" is but another name for a variety show, but the variety is of an un for a variety show, but the variety is of an unusually good quality, the performers are exceptionally clever, and the whole thing goes with almost a jolly snap, the influence of which is irresistible on an audience. Since its first introduction in this city there have been features added, jokes have been invented, and the dialog generally has been brightened. Miss Carrie Swain has become a great favorit with her audience, and deservedly so, for she revels in her own good humor, and its spirit is infectious. Mr. Mestayer has not improved his list of impersonations by his Eco business. Henry Watson, the Dutch specialist, appears in the same acts as formerly, and Mt. J. N. Long, Wilmont Eckert, Miss Louise Paullin, Miss Jeannetts Reifferth, are also in their former features. We may say that some of the music has been changed for the better, and that the acts of nearly every performer are nightly encored.

DRAMATIC NOTES. aude Forrester is drawing well at the Olym-Miss Lizzie Kelsey, who peeped in death's door, ooks five years younger. There is evidently an effort on the part of the Grand Opera-House management to improve their scenic accessories.

The Boston Herald, of Sunday, says: Matt Canning is at Niles, Mich., under partial restraint. His mental aberration continues, but it has assumed a mild phase. The new Mastodon troupe, just organized by Haverly, will not open at the Dearborn street house, as already announced, on the 8th, but will on that date begin a tour of the West and Northwest. They will open at Niblo's, New York, Dec. 6.

Northwest. They will open at Niblo's, New York, Dec. 6.

"One Hundred Wives" seems not only to have proved a popular success as a stage production in Philadelphia. but the newspapers of that city have taken to publishing editorial articles upon it to prove that the play will exert a wholesome influence in stirring up antipathy to the Mormon system. The receipts last week at the Arch were upward of \$7,000.

Miss Lillian Spencer has appeared in New York, under the management of Max Strakosch, in "Nora's Vow." The piece apparently must be set down as a failure. Max, they say, is strong in the belief that she is the coming Neilson. The San says of her: "Miss Spencer is a young lady of conspicuous natural gifts. She has a face that is of very pleasing and amiable expression, an agreeable figure, and a graceful presence. She comports herself with admirable self-posse-sion, and she reads clearly and distinctly, and with a submissive reference to the more familiar of elecutionary principles. She also acts."

CANADA.

John B. Gough - Thanksgiving - The Dominion Parliament—Catholic Chil-dren in Non-Catholic Schools—A Ras-

eally Contractor.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

HAMILTON, Nov. 3.—John B. Gough was to have delivered a series of lectures in Canada, but the attendance at the few already delivered have delivered a series of lectures in Canada. but the attendance at the few already delivered has been so meagre as to entail a loss on the speculator who engaged him. The effect on the lecturer has also been serious, and he has become so disgusted that he suddenly decided not to deliver another lecture in Ontario this year, and has caused word to that effect to be sent to interested parties.

J. M. Dykes, of Wardsville, has been fined for uttering blasphemous language over the open Bible on the Subbath-day.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

TORONTO, NOV. 3.—To-day was observed throughout the Dominion as a day of Thanksgiving.

A pastoral letter of the Bishop of Toronto, anent Thanksgiving, says that more liberal contributions to the Mission fund are desirable, and hints that the contributions list year were anything but liberal.

The Christian Guardian of Toronto published a paragraph in its last number in which the statement was made that a Roman Catholic priest was being paid \$200 per annum for conducting services at the Lunatic Asylum, while other ministers received no allowance. The Inspector of Prisons shows the Christian Guardian to have been misinformed. The Guardian to have been misinformed. The priests are only given a general allowance, proportionately with the clergymen of the other denominations. The expenditure was sanctioned by the Local Legislature.

The epizoötic has made its appearance in this city at last, several cases being reported.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

UTTAWA, Nov. 3.—The time named for the meeting of the Dominion Parliament is the 9th of December.

A Government paper editorially says that Gen. Luard is unfit for the position of Chicago Gen.

OTTAWA, Nov. 3.—The time named for the meeting of the Dominion Parliament is the 9th of December.

A Government paper editorially says that Gen. Luard is unfit for the position of Cnief of the militia forces of Canada, and that "something better than a common scoid" is necessary for the position.

Bishop Duhamel has not yet replied to the memorial presented to him asking that he withdraw his threat to refuse the sacaments of the Church to all Roman Catholic parents who send their children to non-Catholic schools. Father Bouillon, in a discourse at the Busilica, held that the Church was justified in exercising a supervision over the education of its children.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Montracala, Nov. 3.—The City Council has decided against the proposal to employ convict labor in cleaning the streets, etc., on the ground that it would produce an unfair competition with the hard-working and honest laborer.

Some rascally contractor at Quebec has shipped for coal, at the Government expense, to the light-house at Bird Rocks, worthless shale; and this is the only fuel the keepers will have to burn during the winter for their own the orthat of shipwrecked crews. It is suggested that the contractor be publicly whipped.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE. ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 3.—The Legislature convened to-day. Col. James Boynton was elected President of the Senate, and A. O. Bacon Speaker of the House.

Bon't Die on the Premises.

Ask druggists for "Rough on Rats." It clear
ut rats, mice, bed-bugg, roaches. ... 15c. boxes. Shaker sarsaparilia, dandelion, yellow dock, mandrake, garget, black cohosh, Indian hemp, prince's pine, and the berries of juniper and cubeb united with iodide of potassium made by the Society, are the ingredients of the Shakers' Sarsaparilia. MARINE NEWS.

The Schooner Floretta Carries an Anchor in Her Bottom from North Bay to Chicago.

schooner Annie M. Peterson Rescued from the Ashland Bay Shore in Good Condition.

The Watchman of the Propeller Messenger Palls Overboard in Midlake and Is Drowned.

Steam-Barge John N. Glidden Damaged by Fire Off Forester, Lake Huron.

Serious Delay of Grain Cargoes at Buffalo-The Ludington Winter Route Filled-Interesting Local and General Notes.

THE DISASTER RECORD.

LOST OVERBOARD.

Capt. Bartlett, of the propeller Messenger, has made official report to the Custom-House officers of the drowning of one of his crew, named William H. Rae. The drowning occurred at a late hour Monday night, while the Messenger was en route from St. Joseph to this port. Rae was employed on board as watchman, and is supposed to have fallen into the lake from the hurricane deck while making his rounds. He was last seen at 11 p. m. when the propoller was was last seen at 11 p. m., when the propeller was about twenty miles west-southwest of St. Joseph. The fact of his disappearance became known through a failure to call the hour. There were no witnesses of the accident, and therefore it is impossible to determine when and where the drowing occurred. Rae was a resident of St. Joseph, Mich., twenty-five years of age, and unmarried.

resident of St. Joseph, Mich., twenty-nee years of age, and unmarried.

A BROKEN BOWSPRIT.

Last evening, while the tug Little Giant, towing the schooner Giad Tidings, was moving down the main river in the wake of a propeller the current of the latter's wheel caused the schooner to diverge from her course and swing into State street bridge, which had been opened for the passage of the propeller and tow. The jibboom carried away a considerable portion of the sidewalk railing of the bridge, besides damaging the sidewalk, and the upward pressure upon it as the vessel forged ahead caused the bowsprit to break. The jibboom remained unharmed. The mishap occasioned considerable delay in closing the bridge, and has also caused the Giad Tidings to lose a run across the lake.

BANAGE TO A CANALBOAT.

DAMAGE TO A CANALBOAT.

Yesterday morning the tag American Eagle had the misfortane to run the schooner Jason Parker into a canalboat lying near Lake street bridge. The headgear of the schooner came in contact with the cabin of the canaler and wrecked the structure badly. The tag foots the repair bill.

SCHOONER ANNIE M. PETERSON OFF. THE FLORETTA.

According to the finding of the gentlemen who made a survey of the damage sustained by the schooner Floretta in the great storm of Oct. 16, she will require a new rudder and rudder-stock, a new stern post a piece of keel aft, some new bottom plank, new forecastle, bowsprit, and jibboom, a thorough calking of bottom, and minor repairs, beside some new hawsers and lines. The cost is estimated at \$2,100. The examination of the vessel's bottom led to the discovery that she rode upon one of the anchors of the schooner Louise McDonald until the fluke was forced through the plank between the frames, and must have carried it there for some time, perhaps until after reaching this port. It is known that after the Floretta filled with water and settled upon the bottom in North Bay the cable of the McDonald's anchor, which had been chaling her stern, parted. Capt. Murphy noticed, while the vessel was being towed to Chicago, that she answered her helin slowly in a given direction. He also observed a sudden and very marked increase in the leakage of the vessel while discharging cargo in the South Branch, near Twenty-second street bridge. The anchor is supposed to have dropped out at this point, and a search will be made for it tomorrow. The hole in the bottom of the Floretta is such an one as would be made by the fluke of an anchor. Besides, the outlines of the shank of the anchor are plainly indicated leading from the break. The case is a singular one.

of the anchor are plainly indicated leading from the break. The case is a singular one.

THE SCHOONSIT ECLIPSE.

According to recent advices from Ludington, there is a fair prospect that the schooner Eclipse will soon be affoat. Capt. J. V. Tuttle told a Tringung reporter that on Saturday last the party who contracted to get the vessel off had her jacked up with screws, the launching-ways placed, and everything in readiness for launching with the first favorable weather. Capt. Tuttle, who inspected the vessel closely, states that she has suffered no damage whatever, and will be ready to load as soon as she can be floated.

THE ANNA MARIA.

be ready to load as soon as she can be floated.

The anna Maria.

The schooner Anna Maria has been placed in dry-dock at Messrs. Wolf & Davidson's shipyard for temporary repairs that will enable the removal of her lumber cargo in the hold. Capt. Tuttle says the vessel will require an entire new deck and deck-frame, new rail, plankshire, rail and stanchions, new cabin, masts, bowsprit, jibboom, canvas, standing rigging, running gear, and deck outfit. This much can be determined now, but the damage to the lower portion of the hull cannot be ascertained until after the removal of the lumber cargo. Evidently this is a protty bad case of shipwreck.

THE THOMAS A. SCOTT.

If this is a protty bad case of shipwreck.

THE THOMAS A. SCOTT.

Up to noon yesterday the underwriters had taken no steps looking to the recovery of the barge Thomas A. Scott, sunk in Milwaukee Bay. The wrecking-tug Leviathan is at Milwaukee, evidently awaiting the action of the insurance men. Should they decide upon raising the Scott, the Leviathan expects the job, and in the event that the craft is abandoned by them without an effort to save her, then the tug will undertake the wrecking job on her own hook no doubt. That the Scott can be recovered there is not the shadow of a doubt, but a prolonged spell of fine wenther will be necessary for the purpose.

of fine weather will be necessary for the purpose.

THE COL. COOK.

The tug Welcome succeeded in raising the schooner Col. Cook, which suck recently at the Plum Island anchorage, and after delivering the vessel at Racine returned to Milwaukee with her steam-pump. The Cook is not supposed to have sustained serious injury by her exposure to the elements on a rocky coast.

THE GUIDO PYISTER.

elements on a rocky coast.

THE GUIDO PYISTER.

The large river-tug Champion returned to Milwaukee from North Bay at 2 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. She delivered the schooner Guido Pfister at Manitowoc, where the remainder of the corn remaining on board is to be sold, and the damage sustained by the vessel fully repaired. Messrs. Rand & Burger have a big job before them undoubtedly:

MUS SUNK.

At Buffalo, Monday, the tug Orient, of Maytham's line, ran on to a short pile knocking a hole into her port side. Though making considerable water the Captain managed to run his tug into Mills' dry-dock, about a haif mile away, before she sank.

BROKE HER CENTREBOARD.

The schooner Potomac, owned by the Rev.
Capt. Bundy, broke her centreboard during a
run across Lake Michigan last week.

STEAM-BARGE GIADDEN STEAM-BARGE GLADDEN DAMAGED BY FIRE. STEAM-BARGE GLIDDEN DAMAGED BY FIRE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 3.—A private dispatch says the steam-barge John N. Glidden Took fire about 5 o'clock this morning off Forester, Lake Huron, and her cabin was badly burned. Her destination has been changed from Ashtabula to Cleveland.

THE SUNNYSIDE.

The expedition that went from Detroit to the schooner Sunnyside were unable to work on account of shallowness of water, and the insurance men are going to send another expedition. They will have to dredge to get her off.

RAN AGROUND.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
OWEN SOUND, Ont., Nov. 3.—The propeller City of Winnipeg, in leaving the barbor this afternoon for Lake Superior, ran aground on the bar at the mouth of the river, owing to the unusual lowness of the water. It is expected she will get off to-night.

HER CABIN BROKEN UP.

Bet off to-night.

HER CABIN BROKEN UP.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 3.—The cabin of the sunken barge Thomas A. Scott has been broken up by the seas, and lies strewn along the beach. Nothing has yet been done towards saving the craft.

craft.

SCHOONER MARY JANE LEAKING.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

PORT HURON, Mich., Nov. 3.—The tug Kate
Williams passed down to-night with the schooner Mary Jane, leaking about four inches per
hour. Extra pump-hands were taken aboard
here, and she left for Detroit to be repaired.

schooner Belie Brown, corn at 7% cents; schooners Nevada and G. C. Trumpff, wheat at 7% cents; schooner M. I. Wilcox, fiax-seed at 8 cents; propeller Boston, wheat and corn, and propeller Montana, corn, on through rates. Propeller Lake Erie, corn on private terms. Capacity, 80,000 bushels wheat, 205,000 bushels corn, and 23,000 bushels flax-seed. Shippers manifest an inclination to hold off until the existing differences at Buffalo concerning canal rates are settled. Consequently the delay in the arrival of the upward bound fleet does not influence the market materially.

at Ruffalo concerning canal rates are settled. Consequently the delay in the arrival of the upward bound fleet does not influence the market materially.

Rates on lumber and other coarse freights are firm and unchanged.

TEDIOUS DELAYS.

A few days ago THE TRIBUNE stated that the barge Progress had encountered serious delay in getting rid of her grain cargo at Buffalo, because the elevators were too full to receive it. Since then other vessels have met with similar experience for the same reason, and uninformed vessel-men are wondering what occasions the blockade. To those interested, The TRIBUNE will convey the information that the difficulty is traceable directly to a disagreement between consignees and canni-bout owners regarding the freight to be paid from Buffalo to New York. The latter ask higher rates than the former are willing to concede. The result is a large falling of in the shipments by canal, and such an accumulation of grain in the elevators that, with the exception of those controlled by the regular propeller lines for shipments by rail, they are filled to their utmost capacity. One Chicago vessel, which reached Buffalo Sunday night, had not been assigned to an elevator up to last evening, and there is no telling when she will get a chance to discharge her cargo. The consignees are profuse with promises, hopping to be able to forward the grain by rail, and thus beat the canalers. Instructions were telegraphed to the Captain of the vessel last night to give notice of an intention to charge \$100 per diem demurrage forthwith. Other vessels now at Buffalo are meeting with no better success, and will be compelled to collect demurrage in order to make good their lost time.

Here, the stand-off between the Buffalo consignees and carail carriers has been to cause a falling off in the demand for vessels, and in cases where shipments are made the shippers decline to name consignees until they ascertain a channel through which there will be no delay in forwarding the grain to New York. Thus the strike of t

Quite a chunk of a sea was running down the lake yesterday, caused by a brisk southeast wind. The consequence was that few vessels were enabled to reach this port. The tug Lill left Racine at 1 a. m. for Chicago, towing the schooners F. M. Knapp and P. B. Locke, and din not arrive with them until 4 p. m. Thus fifteen hours' time was occupied in traversing a distance of sixty miles. Last evening the sky became overcast with clouds, the wind shifted to southwest and freshened materially, and the cautionary signals were ordered up along the west shore of the lake.

THE LIDINGTON TRANSIT ROUTE. MORE STORMY WEATHER.

cautionary signals were ordered up mong the west shore of the lake.

THE LUDINGTON TRANSIT ROUTE.

The Northern Tra nsit Company have entered into another contract with the Flint & Père Marquette Railway Company for winter transit service between Chicago, Milwaukee, and Ludington. The propellers to be employed in the service are the Nashua. Garden City, St. Albans, and Milwaukee. The last-named propeller has completed her first trip under the new contract and is now absent on the second. For a while Milwaukee will be able to afford the propellers a full supply of freight, but as the winter progresses they will be compelled to come to Chicago for business. Such was the experience last winter, and it will be the same this winter. The only obstacle in the way of a successful season of winter freighting for the propellers is the shoalness of the water at Ludington, which will prevent loading below ten feet.

MILWAUKEE SHIPYARD NOTES. MILWAUKEE SHIPYARD NOTES.

MILWAUKEE SHIPTARD NOTES.

The tug now on the stocks at Messrs. Wolf & Davidson's snipyard in Milwaukee is in frame and ready to be planked and ceited. Her dimensions have already been given.

At the Milwaukee Company's shipyard the new steam-barge being built for Messrs. Canfield & Co., of Manistee, is ceited. It was the intention of the builders to have the craft ready for launching before winter set in, but a scarcity of timber for outside planking will prevent this. NEW TOWING ARRANGEMENT.

Mesers. Wolf & Davidson, owners of the barge Progress, have made arrangements with the Northern Transit Company to tow the barge until the end of the present month. The propeller Garden City has been assigned to the peller Garden City has been assigned to the duty, and is now on her way up with the Progress. By the time she arrives at Milwaukee the first trip of the new barge will have occupied exactly four weeks. This is a much loager time than the owners of the Progress had been led to anticipate, and will make quite a hole in her net earnings. DOCK NOTES.

The large new iron propelier Boston is again in port.

Capt. J. V. Tuttle, now Superintendent of Repairs of the Northern Transit Line steamers, was in the city yesterday from Milwaukee.

A new boiler is to be built for the Vessel-Owner Company's tug Union during the coming winter. A new boiler is to be built for the Vessel-Owner Company's tug Union during the coming winter.

Capt. Patrick Keating, late of the schooner Nabob, has taken comand of the schooner Duncan City vice Capt. George Pollock.

A. A. Bigelow has become sole owner of the schooner Myrtle by the purchase of Capt. John Anderson's half interest for \$2,000 and the quarter interest of the estate of Isaac Brown for \$1,000.

All of the steam-pumps controlled by Messra, Atkins & Beckwith have been returned to this port after a short season of successful wrecking service.

The Commercial Line propeller Cuba arrived here yesterday morning from Milwaukee, and immediately proceeded to an elevator, where she took on a cargo of 55,000 bushels of corn.

Capt. H. S. Halsted has returned from Buffalo. The F. B. Gardiner will leave the dry-dock this week so much inproved as to secure an A2 rating.

John Farrow left Chicago last evening for Leadville to work his silver mine.

The schooner D. E. Burley has had extensive repairs made upon some of her canvas at this port.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

HE SAW THE AMERICA.

Special Correspondence of The Chicago Tribune.

St. JOSEPH, Mich. Nov. 2.—On my way from St. Joseph, Mich. Nov. 2.—On my way from Escanaba to St. Joseph, on the morning of the Sist ult., I passed within 200 feet of a craft sunk, with part of two spars above water. I could see plainly the eyes of the topmast rigging on the mast furthest above water. The wreck lies about five and one-half or six miles from the west shore and about half way between Keewaunee and Two Creeks, a little nearest to Two Creeks.

Master schooner Lottie Cooper.

[Capt. Smith saw the mastheads of the schooner America, sunk off Sandy Bay. They resemble barge spars, and have led a number of Captains to report a barge sunk at that point.]

Tr was the Lottie Cooper.

Captains to report a barge sunk at that point.]

IT WAS THE LOTTIE COOPER.

Special Correspondence of The Chicago Tribuns.

St. JOSEPH, Mich., Nov. 2.—In your issue of to-day I notice a statement by the Captain of the barge Reitz, to the effect that about 2 o'clock a. m. of the lat inst., while nearing Racine, a certain vessel caused him to change his course twice in order to avoid a collision, and finally the vessel grounded on the reef. Now, as mine was the vessel the Captain speaks of, allow me to say that the barge Reitz was never any nearer to my vessel than at least a quarter of a mile; that I was not any nearer to Racine reef than two miles, and that I will swear that the Captain was not any nearer to the reef than at least eight miles himself.

Master school ner Lottle Cooper.

FRACAS BETWEEN SAILORS.

Master schoo ner Lottle Cooper.

Fracas between Sallors.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

Buffallo. N. Y., Nov. 3.—Fred J. Klokke, President of the Buffalo Branch of the Chicago Seamen's Union, was attacked late last night by a sailor named Gleason. The latter had a grudge against Klokke for some time, claiming that he was not a fit person to be the President of the Union, as he was a German, and an Irishman should be in that office. He had often made threats against Klokke, and had tried to secure the latter's removal. Last evening he met Klokke on Oblostreet. At once he began abusing the German, and ended up by assaulting him. Klokke resisted freely, when Gleason drew a knife and made several desperate lunges at Klokke, but was prevented from doing any injury by bystanders. Gleason was subsequently arrested.

THE SPOT MARKED.

sequently arrested.

THE SPOT MARKED.

PORT HURON, Mich., Nov. 3.—A scow with good lights marks the wreck of the schooner Sweetheart, sunk at the mouth of the St. Clair, and will continue there until the wreck is removed.

Williams passed down to-night with the schooner Mary Jaue, leaking about four inches per hour. Extra pump-hands were taken aboard here, and she left for Detroit to be repaired.

HOME GATHERINGS.

GRAIN AND COARSE PREIGHTS.

The promise of a scarcity of tonnage, occasioned by the continued southerly winds, led carries to ask 7½ cents on corn to Buffaio at the opening yesterday. Shippers declined to pay the advance, however, and charters were consequently made at the old rates, as follows: To Buffaio—Schooners Thomas P. Sheldon, Geo. C. Finney, M. J. Cummings, F. M. Knapp, corn at 7½ cents;

other locks at Sec. 17, the water might be let in at any moment."

OLEANINGS.

run her as a passenger boat between Kingston and Smith's Falis.

American exchanges say it is folly to carry deck-londs of lumber at this season of the year.—Toronto Mad. The Mad is wrong. What the American papers direct attention to is the folly of carrying days deck-loads during the boisterpus fall season.

The Kingston News wants the Point Frederic reef and the sunken pier of the Grand Trunk wharf removed.

On Saturday a sailor named McCormick, one of the hands on board the schooner Augusta, was lowering a boat at lock 2 Welland Canni when the boat fell, and McCormick's leg, having caught in the line, was broken.

The soow Lamar, which recently sunk near Sandusky, is in dry-dock at Cleveland.

It is now claimed that the crew of the sunken schooner Sweetheart lost all their effects.

The tug Jessie Logie sunk a canal boat at Cleveland on Tuesday.

The raft recently beached near Cleveland has been recovered. In towing it up the river considerable trouble was experienced. One section broke the rudder of the barge William Vannatta.

LAKE PORTS.

PORT HURON. Mich., Nov. 3.—Passed up— Propellers Empire State, City of Concord, Os-coda, Yosemite and barges; steamer City of Cleveland.

Down-Propellers Colorado, Dean Richmond with F. A. Georger, S. D. Caldwell and barges; schooners Parana, Newsboy, Nellie Gardner, E. A. Nicholson.

Point Huron, Mich., Nov. 3.—Passed up—Propellers A. A. Turner and barges, Maydower and barges, Philadelphia and consort, H. B. Tuttle and consort: schooners Kate Winslow, G. G. Houghton, Montpelier, Riverside.

Arrived—Schooner Jennie Mathews.

Down—Propellers Vanderbilt, Roanoke, John R. Glidden with S. Minch and Warmington; schooner Sarah Jane.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 3.—Bound down—Propellers Nyack, Potomac, Dean Richmond and schooner F. A. Georger, Colorado; schooners John Magee, Nassau, William B. Ogden, Parana, Newsboy.

Bound up—Propellers Alaska, Buffalo, New York, Oneida, Philadelphia and consort: steambarges Rawleigh and consort, Maythower and barges, Huron City and consort, Oscoda, A. A. Turner and barges, Alcona and consort; schooners E. P. Dorr, Houghton, Montpeller, Jennie Mathews, Riverside, Kate Winslow, Delaware, F. J. King, H. D. Root, N. C. West, M. P. Barkalow, Morning Star, John Tibbetts, Charies Foster.

Charles Foster.

BUFFALO.

* Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 3.—Arrivals—Propeller V. Swain, J. Davidson, A. C. Maxwell, grain, Duluth; schooners U. P. Minch, Skylark, M. L. Higgie, L. J. Clark, M. A. Muir, J. G. Masten, W. I. Preston, M. S. Bacon, Lafrinier, grain, Chicago. Cleared—Propellers Alcona, Egyptian, G. C. Colwell: schooners W. S. Crosthwaite, R. Winslow, coal, Goshawk, Skylark, Flying Mist, M. L. Higrie, G. W. Davis, C. P. Minch, C. K. Nims, L. J. Clark, San Diego, Chicago; schooner J. C. Harrison, Milwaukee.

Canal freights—Wheat, 9 cents; no quotation on corn. Canal shipments, 101,000 bushels.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Nov. 3.—Passed up—Propellers Duluth, Pactile, J. L. Hurd.

Down—Propeller Arctic.

Arrived—Propeller P. Chamberlain; schooners Shawnee, F. Neill; propeller James Fay; schooners D. P. Rhodes, A. Bradley, Southwest, C. J. Marill, Montana.

Cleared—Propeller Havana; schooner Helena; propellers S. Sheldon, Cormorant; schooner Charles Wall.

ESCANABA.

Section Districts for The Chicago Tribuna. BUPPALO.

ESCANABA.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

ESCANABA, Mich., Nov. 3.—Arrived.—Propeller
Minnesota, schooners' Thomas Quayle, John
Burt, and J. E. Glimore.
Cleared.—Propellers H. D. Coffinberry, W. L.
Brown, Minnesota; schooners Exile, H. R. Newcomb, C. G. King, Higgie & Jones. CLEVELAND.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 3.—Cleared for Chicago—Propeller Scotia.
Charters—Schooners Pathfinder and David Stewart, coal. Black River to Milwaukee, \$1 free; schooner George Sherman, coal. Cleveland to Milwaukee, \$1 free. MILWAUKEE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 3.—Arrived—Steam-barge
D. Ballentine and consort; schooner Moonlight.
The tug Weicome left for Chicago this evening
with the schooners Our Son and James Wade.

Charter to Oswego—Schooner Hartford, wheat
at 10% cents.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

TOLEDO, O., Nov. 3.—Tonnage is scarce in port, and freights are thrin at the recent adport, and freights are firm at the recent advance. Charters were made to-day at 4 cents for wheat to Buffalo, 7% cents to Oswego, and 5% cents for corn to Kingston.

PORT DALHOUSIE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
PORT DALHOUSIE, Out., Nov. 3.—Passed up—Schooner Niagara, Toronto to Chicago, barley.
Passed down—Schooner Sligo, Chicago to Kingston, corn.

Kingston, corn.

PORT COLBORNE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

PORT COLBORNE, Ont., Nov. 3.—Passed down—
Schooner G. M. Neelon, Chicago to Kingston, corn; propeller Europe, Chicago to Montreal, general cargo.

DULUTH.

DULUTH.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.
DULUTH, Minn., Nov. 3.—Arrived—Propeller Departed—Propeller City of Owen Sound. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

ERIE, Pa., Nov. 3.—Entered—Schooner Thomas
Gawn, wheat; propeller Lycoming, grain, Cai-

cago. St. Joseph. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune. St. Joseph, Mich., Nov. 3.—Cleared—Sch Lottle Cooper, Escanaba. PORT OF CRICAGO.

PORT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVALS.

Stmr Chicago, Manitowoc, sundries.
Prop Skylark, Bentan Harbor, sundries.
Prop Skylark, Bentan Harbor, sundries.
Prop Boston, Buffalo, sundries.
Prop Boston, Buffalo, sundries.
Prop Boston, Buffalo, sundries.
Prop Lake Erie, Collingwood, sundries.
Prop Messenger, St. Joe, sundries.
Prop C. Hickox, Muskegon, lumber.
Prop Sc. Hall, Muskegon, lumber.
Prop Swallow, Muskegon, lumber.
Prop Swallow, Muskegon, lumber.
Schr Cuba, Manistee, lumber.
Schr Hasil, Racine, towing.
Schr North Star, Pentwater, lumber.
Schr Resumption, Ford River, lumber.
Schr Hesumption, Ford River, lumber.
Schr John Bean, Jr., Muskegon, lumber.
Schr Cecilia, Manistee, lumber.
Schr Cecilia, Manistee, lumber.
Schr Lokout, Sturgeon Bay, lumber.
Schr Livinda, Hamlin, lumber.
Schr Jessie Philips, Manistee, lumber.
Schr Beloit, Fruitport, railroad ties.
Schr Caledonia, Grand Haven, wood.
Schr Australia, Muskegon, lumber.
Schr George C. Finney, Kenosha, light.
Schr North Cape, Alpena, lumber.

Stmr Chicago, Manitowoc, sundries.
Prop Montana, Buffaio, 30,000 bu corn and sundries.
Prop Skylark, Muskegon.
Prop Fayette, Manistee.
Prop C. Hickox; Muskegon.
Prop Messenger, Benton Harbor.
Prop Buckeye. Bluffton.
Prop S. C. Hall, Muskegon.
Schr Kate Dailey, Menominee, sundries.
Schr Norman, Menominee.
Schr Gridd Tidfings, Ludington.
Schr John Marks, Manistee.
Schr John Marks, Manistee.
Schr Green Bay, Pensuukee.
Schr Green Bay, Pensuukee.
Schr Green Bay, Pensuukee.
Schr Lumberman, White Lake.
Schr Lumberman, White Lake.
Schr Ketchum, Sturgeon Bay, sundries.
Schr Col. Ellsworth, Oconto.
Schr Wollin, Holland, 1,000 bu corn.
Schr Oak Leat, Green Bay.
Schr Golden Harvest, Grand Haven.
Schr H. Rand, Kewanee, sundries.
Schr H. Rand, Kewanee, sundries.
Schr Jošeph Duvali, Kewanee.
Schr Potomac, Manistee.
Schr York State, Muskegon.
Schr York State, Muskegon.
Schr G. C. Finney, Buffalo, 20,000 bu corn.
Schr G. C. Finney, Buffalo, 20,000 bu corn.
Schr T. P. Sheidon, Buffalo, 44,000 bu corn.
Schr T. P. Sheidon, Buffalo, 20,000 bu corn.
Prop Cuba, Buffalo, 30,000 corn. 16,000 bu wheat, and sondries.

RAILBOAD TIME-TABLE ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF TRAINS

or Maps. Guide-Books, Time-Tables. Receptar-Co-accommodations, apply at 60 and 60 cards. And 60 cards of Grand Facility Repress of the 60 cards of the 60 car Leave. Arme

b11:15 pm 19:13 pa Chicago. Milwankee & St. Paul Railway Pan-Handle" Depot, corner Clinton, and Caron sts. Ticket Offices, 63 Clarket, Palmer House Grand Pacific Hotel, and at Depo.

Depot foot of Lake-st. and foot of Twenty-second-Ticket Office. 121 Randolph-st. near Clark, Gran Facilic Hotel, and Palmer Houss.

Wabash, St. Louis & Pacific Railw Depot corner Stewart and Archer-avs. (Twenty st.). Archer-av. cars via State-st. run to the Ticket Office, & Clark-st.

St. Louis & Gulf Express 8:45 a m f f to p m Kansas City & Donver Fast Ex. . . 12:15 p m 2:20 p m Peoria. Burlington & Keoauk Ex 2 8:45 a m 2:20 p m Peoria & retur Special 3 8:50 p m 3 7:18 a m Springfield & Hannibal Fast Line | 12:15 p m 2:20 p m

Union Depot, West Side, corne Zanai and Van Stren-st., near Van Baren-st. bridge, and Twent third-st. Ticket Offices, at Depots, S South Care st., Grand Pacific Hotel, and Palmer House. Past Express. Past Fe & Denver & Pueblo Past Express. Past Express via Anton. 800 pm 155 m 150 pm 150

Depot, foot of Laxe-st. and foot of Twensy-second-st Ticket Office, & Clark-st., southeast corner of Han-douph, Grand Pacific Hotel, and at Palmer House. Mail (via Main and Air Lidno) ... 7:00 am * 8:00 pm New York & Boston & K. (daily) ... 9:30 am * 7:40 pm Special New York & Boston & St. (daily) ... 9:30 pm St. (daily) ... 9 e On Sundays this train leaves at 5:15p m.

Chicago, Hoch Island & Pacific Railreat. Depot, corner of Van Buren and Sherman-sta. Tieta Offices, 56 Claric-st., Sherman House, Palmer House Grand Pacific Hytel, and 75 Canal, corner Madison.

Lake Shore & Michigan Sonthers Railwa Ticket offices as depo a Van Burenst, head of is buile, Twenty-second-st. and Forty-thirds. Ticks and freight office under Sherman House, and less offices in the Grand Pacific Hotel and Palmer House

Leave. | Arriv Depots, Exposition Building and foot of Twants-second-st. Ticket Odices, Sciart-st. Paimer House Grand Pacific Hotel, and Depot (Exposition Build A

Depot. foot of Lake-st. and loot of Tw

Louve. Arrive Pittaburg, Cincinnati & St. Louis R. E. (Cincinnati Air-Line and Kokomo Line.) Sepot, corner of Clinton and Carroll-sta., West 8.35

VOLUME

The subscribers desire to nearing the above sum, to take a business already establish to bonus to be paid for goo no old ebts to be assumed. MEAD J. L. HATI

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VAN SCHAACK, STEVEN

> OFFICE The Silver Islet Con ing and Lands 52 Broad Notice is hereby given the Company, by authority spec shareholders, hereby call for seasment, of One Dollar per first day of November next quested te read and conform dorsed on their Share Certific without remedy. Interest at per annum wil be allowed or to ist November.

N. B.—Remittances for Con-companied with the Certifica ment may be acknowledged as impracticable or inconvent turned for attachment to cer-ment is made. The above notice is issued p of the Directors passed July for operating expenses at the as the prospective product of discovered cannot be realize winter supplies, etc., it is dee fer the call. EDWARD I New York, Sept. 16, 1899.

RUPTURE We will pay to a charitable of an Inguinal Hernia that hand that we cannot retain TENTIVE COMMON-SENSALISTS. BARTLETT, BUT. DR. PARKER, the patents perience, the last 8 years with my, Navy, and Pensioners, depicted our appliance as the Cases that can be cured we Manufacturers of the

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